Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended May 31, 2019

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees of the Village of Bronxville, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Bronxville, New York ("Village") as of and for the year ended May 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village, as of May 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Notes 2D and 3E in the notes to financial statements which disclose the effects of the Village's adoption of the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules included under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit for the year ended May 31, 2019 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended May 31, 2019 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended May 31, 2019 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended May 31, 2019.

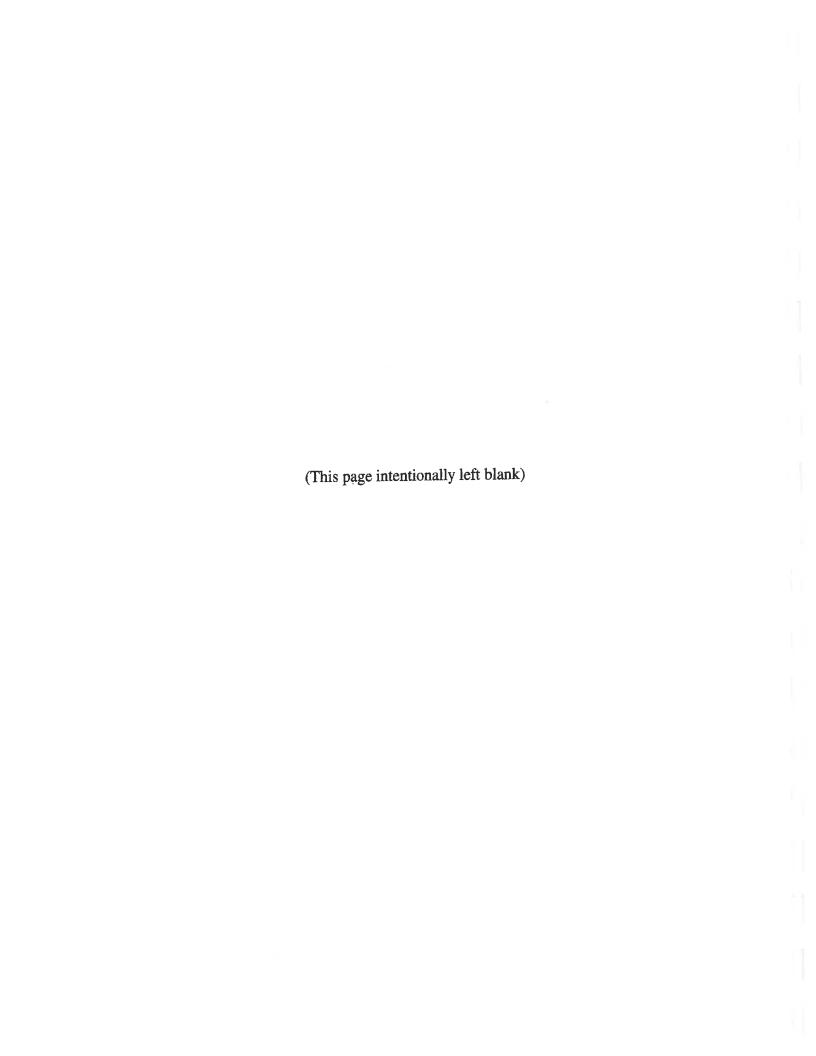
We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the Village as of and for the year ended May 31, 2018 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2018 which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended May 31, 2018 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2018 financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial

statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2018 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended May 31, 2018.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York December 12, 2019



Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) As of May 31, 2019

Introduction

The management of the Village of Bronxville, New York ("Village") offers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2019 to readers of the Village's financial statements. This document should be read and considered in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which immediately follow this section, in order to enhance the understanding of the Village's financial performance.

Financial Highlights and Comparative Information

- ❖ On the government-wide financial statements, at May 31, 2019 the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Village exceeded the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by (\$8,351,338). At the conclusion of the fiscal year ended May 31, 2018, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$9,044,011. Due to the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle for the Other Post Employment Benefits, ("OPEB") liability, GASB Statement No. 75, the beginning balance, as reported, was adjusted by (\$17,300,841), and restated as (\$8,256,830).
- ❖ At May 31, 2019, the Village's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$8,437,108. Of this total, \$254,228 is restricted fund balance for expendable trusts, \$13,690 is restricted for debt service in the capital projects fund, and \$250,000 is restricted for tax stabilization in the general fund. The general fund unassigned fund balance, \$7,930,142, is available for future use. The general fund assigned fund balance, \$475,000, has been designated for use in the 2019/2020 adopted Village budget. The general fund assigned fund balance of \$1,252 consisted of encumbrances at May 31, 2019. The unassigned fund balance in the capital projects fund is (\$637,336). The final portion of the fund balance, \$62,314, is non-spendable and represents funds set aside for prepaid expenses of \$8,603 in the general fund, and \$53,711 in the Village's permanent fund for a non-spendable corpus of a Library Trust.
- ❖ At May 31, 2018, the Village's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$7,534,964. Of this total, \$237,114 is restricted fund balance for expendable trusts and \$8,621 is restricted for debt service in the capital projects fund. The general fund unassigned fund balance, \$7,152,247, is available for future use. The general fund assigned fund balance, \$575,000, has been designated for use in the 2018/2019 adopted Village budget. The unassigned fund balance in the capital projects fund is (\$607,662). The final portion of the fund balance, \$57,663, is nonspendable and represents funds set aside for prepaid expenses of \$3,952 in the general fund, and \$53,711 in the Village's permanent fund for a non-spendable corpus of a Library Trust.
- On the Village's Government-wide financial statements, total net position decreased by \$94,508. The single largest factor influencing the decrease in net position was the increase in pension liabilities and other post-retirement benefits.
- The Village completed the fiscal year with a General Fund operating surplus of \$933,798 increasing the fund balance to \$8,664,997. Of that amount, \$7,930,142 remains available for future use, which represents 46.3% of the Village's subsequent year's adopted budget. This is a

- 3.3% increase over the 2018 subsequent year's adopted budget. This is due in large part to an exceptional increase in non-real estate property tax revenues, principally building permit fees and other departmental revenues. Please see the individual fund financial statement section of our report for further information.
- For the year ended May 31, 2016, the Village implemented the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting This pronouncement established new accounting and financial reporting for Pensions". requirements associated with the Village's participation in the cost sharing multiple employer pension plans administered by the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS"). Under the new standards, cost-sharing employers are required to report in their government-wide financial statements a net pension liability (asset), pension expense and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all of the municipalities and school districts in the plan. At May 31, 2019, the Village reported in its Statement of Net Position a liability of \$2,244,132 for its proportionate share of the ERS and PFRS net pension liabilities. More detailed information about the Village's pension plan reporting in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, including amounts reported as pension expense and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, is presented in the notes to financial statements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three sections: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Village's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (ex. uncollected taxes and accrued but unused vacation and compensatory leave).

The governmental activities of the Village include general government support, public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and debt service interest.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses

fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains six individual governmental funds: the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Public Library Fund, Special Purpose Fund and Permanent Fund.

The Village adopts annual budgets for the General Fund and Public Library Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the respective budget.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Village programs. The Village maintains one type of fiduciary fund, the Agency Fund. Resources in the Agency Fund are held by the Village purely in a custodial capacity. The activity in this fund is limited to the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of resources to the appropriate individuals, organizations, or governments.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements and include individual fund financial statements and schedules of budgets to actual comparisons.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, over time net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village of Bronxville, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$9,044,011 for fiscal year ended May 31, 2018. As a result

of the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle, as a result of GASB Statement No. 75, the opening balance was adjusted by (\$17,300,841), and restated as (\$8,256,830). As a result, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$8,351,338. A portion of the Village's net position is its investment in capital assets (land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt outstanding that was used to acquire those assets. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate the debt. The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

	May 31,				
		2019		2018	
Current Assets Capital Assets, net	\$	11,363,344 28,894,546	\$	16,919,419 27,432,013	
Total Assets		40,257,890		44,351,432	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		2,052,805	_	3,239,239	
Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities		2,988,095 46,734,601		6,191,752 25,949,866	
Total Liabilities		49,722,696		32,141,618	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		939,337		6,405,042	
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted		12,698,296 321,629 (21,371,263)		12,309,613 299,446 (3,565,048)	
Total Net Position	\$	(8,351,338)	\$	9,044,011	

Portions of the Village's net position (\$8,351,338) at May 31, 2019, and (\$8,256,830) restated at May 31, 2018, represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balances of net position are unrestricted (\$21,371,263) at May 31, 2019, and restated as (\$8,256,830) at May 31, 2018.

Change in Net Position

	May 31,				
	2019	2018			
REVENUES					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 4,671,945	\$ 4,252,681			
Operating Grants and Contributions	81,834	88,724			
Capital Grants and Contributions	416,453	1,236,331			
General Revenues	10.01==10	0.040.007			
Real Property Taxes	10,017,713	9,646,237			
Other Tax Items	205,658	109,933			
Non-Property Taxes	1,383,498	1,388,415			
Unrestricted Use of Money and Property	36,599	34,338			
Sale of property and compensation for loss Unrestricted State Aid	101,789	118,503 400,791			
	283,922 126,731	206,045			
Miscellaneous	120,731	200,043			
Total Revenues	17,326,142	17,481,998_			
PROGRAM EXPENSES					
General Government Support	3,536,367	3,376,338			
Public Safety	7,625,457	7,180,950			
Transportation	2,540,815	2,701,882			
Economic Opportunity & Development	2,000	2,000			
Culture and Recreation	1,790,744	1,733,988			
Home and Community Services	1,602,262	1,852,200			
Interest	323,005	410,757			
Total Expenses	17,420,650	17,258,115			
Change in Net Position	(94,508)	223,883			
NET POSITION					
Beginning as reported	9,044,011	8,820,128			
Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle	(17,300,841)				
- GASB 75 Beginning, as restated for GASB 75 see footnote 4, RSI	(8,256,830)	8,820,128			
Ending	\$ (8,351,338)	\$ 9,044,011			

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities decreased the Village's net position by \$ 94,508. For the fiscal year ended May 31, 2019, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$17,326,142. Real property tax revenues totaled \$10,017,713. Total tax revenues of \$11,606,869, (comprised of real property taxes, other tax

items and non-property taxes), represent the largest revenue source (67%). Capital grants and contributions totaled \$416,453, or 2.4% of total revenue.

The largest components of governmental activities' expenses are public safety \$7,625,457 (43.77%), general government support \$3,536,367 (20.3%) and transportation \$2,540,815 (14.58%). Public Safety includes the following: Police, Parking Commission, Safety Inspection, Traffic Control and Lighting. General Government Support includes the following: Mayor, Village Justice, Administrator, Treasurer, Village Offices, Legal and Professional Fees, Cable Television, Central Garage, Unallocated Insurance, Taxes on Village Property, Judgments and Claims and Contingency. Transportation includes the following: Street Administration, Maintenance, Lighting and Snow Removal.

Financial Analysis of the Village's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Fund Balance Reporting

Before getting into this discussion, it is important to note that this year's financial statements again includes the presentation of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. GASB Statement No. 54 abandons the reserved and unreserved classifications of fund balance and replaces them with five new classifications: non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. An explanation of these classifications follows below.

Non-spendable - consists of assets that are inherently non-spendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact, including prepaid items, inventories, financial assets held for resale and principle of endowments.

<u>Restricted</u> - consists of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Village Board of Trustees, before the end of the fiscal year, and that require the same level of formal action to remove the constraint.

<u>Assigned</u> - consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use, established by the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Village Board of Trustees, or, by their designated body or official. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund, and in funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance.

<u>Unassigned</u> - represents the residual classification for the government's General Fund, and could report a surplus or a deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification should be used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

These changes were made to reflect spending constraints on resources, rather than availability for appropriations and to bring greater clarity and consistency to fund balance reporting. This pronouncement should result in an improvement in the usefulness of fund balance information.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,437,108. Approximately 86.3% of the ending fund balance, \$7,279,116 constitutes unassigned fund balance. Of the fund balance, \$475,000 has been classified as Assigned in the General Fund and represents the amount estimated for use in the 2019/2020 budget, and \$101,508 has been classified as Assigned in the Library Fund and represents the amount estimated for use in the 2019/2020 fiscal year. The remainder of fund balance is either Non-spendable \$62,314 to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for expenditures paid in the current period for the subsequent period in the General Fund \$8,603 or the corpus of a nonexpendable Library Trust \$53,711; or the restricted fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund balance of \$13,690 and the Expendable Trusts \$254,228.

The General Fund is the primary fund of the Village. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$7,930,142, representing 91.5% of the total General Fund balance of \$8,664,997. When the fiscal year 2018/2019 General Fund budget was adopted, it anticipated the use of \$575,000 of fund balance. Actual results of operations disclosed an increase in the Fund Balance of \$933,798. Revenues and other financing sources were \$16,822,169 which was \$939,087 greater than the final budget. Expenditures and other financing uses were \$15,888,371 which was \$839,185 less than the final budget.

Actual revenue collections were in excess of budget estimates in several areas, including: Non-property taxes \$143,498, Departmental Income \$196,811, Licenses and Permits \$306,823, Fines and Forfeitures \$92,685, and Miscellaneous Revenues \$53,351. Operating expenditures in all categories were less than budget: Employee Benefits \$434,657, Culture and Recreation \$44,654, Home and Community Services \$190,677, General Government Support \$43,781, Public Safety \$11,381, and Transportation \$37,443.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final budget for the General Fund revenues and other financing sources was \$15,883,082. The final appropriations budget for the General Fund changed to \$16,727,556 with a budgeted use of fund balance of \$844,474.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Village's investment in capital assets for governmental activities at May 31, 2019 net of accumulated depreciation, was \$28,894,546. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and construction-in-progress.

Major capital asset activity during the current fiscal year included the following:

	May 31,					
	//	2019	77.	2018		
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:	Φ.	2 727 000	•	1 111 450		
Land	\$	2,727,009	\$	1,111,450		
Construction-in-Progress	,	262,398	(i 	37,520		
Total capital assets not						
being depreciated	1	2,989,407	ñ .	1,148,970		
Capital Assets being depreciated:		•				
Building and Improvements		13,372,134		13,283,434		
Machinery and Equipment		6,060,765		5,966,423		
Infrastructure		22,864,966		21,529,480		
Total capital assets being depreciated	(S 	42,297,865		40,779,337		
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
Building and Improvements		6,095,668		5,676,457		
Machinery and Equipment		3,713,358		3,248,397		
Infrastructure		6,583,700		5,571,440		
Total accumulated depreciation	2	16,392,726	:	14,496,294		
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$	25,905,139	\$	26,283,043		
Capital Assets, net	\$	28,894,546	\$	27,432,013		

Long-Term Debt/Short-Term Debt

Moody's Investors Services has assigned an Aaa bond rating to the Village's outstanding debt.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had total bonded debt outstanding of \$15,404,963. As required by New York State Law, all bonds issued by the Village are general obligation bonds, backed by the full faith and credit of the Village.

Known as the "constitutional debt limit", and pursuant to New York State Local Finance Law §104, the Village must limit total outstanding long-term and short-term debt to no more than 7% of the five-year average full valuation of real property. At May 31, 2019, the Village's five year average full valuation was \$3,021,028,348 thereby establishing a constitutional debt limit for the year ending May 31, 2019 of \$211,471,983. Total outstanding Village debt of \$17,429,963 at May 31, 2019 leaves a remaining debt margin (available debt capacity) of \$194,042,020 (or 91.8%).

Additional information on the Village's long-term debt can be found in Note 3E in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Tax Rate

The stock market and real estate markets are reflecting a positive environment, as does the low unemployment rate. The Village has seen some continued modest improvements in its revenue sources. As a result, projections for General Fund estimated revenue in the 2019/2020 budget have been adjusted. The Village Administration continues to monitor operating revenues and expenditures to try and identify areas of possible savings.

The Village appropriated \$475,000 of its general fund balance to balance the 2019/2020 adopted budget, representing 5.48% of total general fund balance at May 31, 2019.

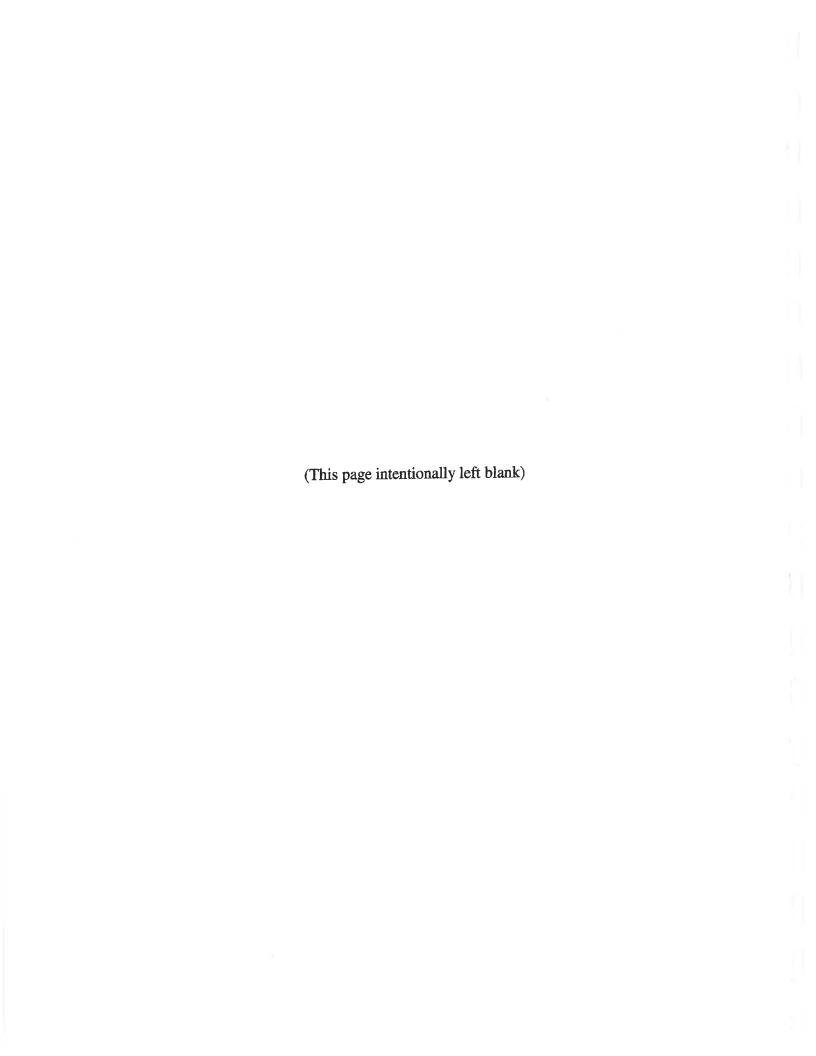
Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village of Bronxville's finances for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2019. Questions and comments concerning any of the information provided in this report should be addressed to Lori Voss, Village Treasurer, Village of Bronxville, 200 Pondfield Road Bronxville, New York, 10708.



Statement of Net Position May 31, 2019

ASSETS		
Cash and equivalents	\$	10,770,024
Receivables		
Accounts		117,274
Due from other governments		467,443
Prepaid expenses Capital assets		8,603
Not being depreciated		2,989,407
Being depreciated, net		25,905,139
-		40.057.000
Total Assets	-	40,257,890
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,052,805
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		562,608
Accrued liabilities		106,979
Due to retirement systems		231,649
Bond anticipation notes payable		2,025,000
Accrued interest payable		61,859
Non-current liabilities		1,749,963
Due within one year Due in more than one year		44,984,638
	-	
Total Liabilities		49,722,696
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		939,337
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		12,698,296
Restricted		
Debt Service		13,690
Special purposes		232,778
Permanent Fund		75,161 (21,371,263)
Unrestricted		(21,071,200)
Total Net Position	\$	(8,351,338)



Statement of Activities Year Ended May 31, 2019

				Р	rogra	m Revenue	es		N	et (Expense)
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses		Charges for Services	G	perating rants and ntributions	Ca Grar	pital nts and ibutions	R	evenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities									•	(0.744.444)
General government support	\$	3,536,367	\$	795,223	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(2,741,144)
Public safety		7,625,457		1,158,840		-		-		(6,466,617)
Health		-		60,494		4.000	4	44 204		60,494
Transportation		2,540,815		2,512,075		4,800	4	11,384		387,444
Economic opportunity and		0.000								(2,000)
development		2,000		75.040		77.004		-		(2,000)
Culture and recreation		1,790,744		75,940		77,034		-		(1,637,770)
Home and community										(4 500 000)
services		1,602,262		69,373		-		-		(1,532,889)
Interest		323,005	=		-		-	5,069		(317,936)
Total Governmental		47 400 050	•	4.074.045	φ.	04.004	C 4	10 152		(12.250.419)
Activities	\$	17,420,650	\$	4,671,945	\$	81,834	\$ 4	16,453	_	(12,250,418)
		eneral revenue								40 047 743
		Real property to		3						10,017,713
	(Other tax items								205 659
	_	Interest and p		-	orope	erty taxes				205,658
	ľ	ion-property ta			_					000 707
Non-property tax distribution from County									992,727	
		Utilities gross								390,771
		Inrestricted us		•	-	-				36,599
		Sale of property		-	ion fo	or loss				101,789
		Inrestricted Sta	ate a	aid						283,922
	V	/liscellaneous								126,731
		Total Genera	l Re	venues						12,155,910
		Change in Ne	t Po	sition						(94,508)
		T POSITION								0.044.044
	Be	ginning, as rep	orte	ed						9,044,011
	Cu	mulative Effec	t of	Change in Ad	cour	iting Princip	le	-	_	(17,300,841)
	Be	ginning, as res	tate	d				-		(8,256,830)
	En	ding						_	<u> </u>	(8,351,338)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds May 31, 2019

ASSETS		General	: 1 1	Capital Projects
Cash and equivalents	\$	8,626,532	\$_	1,705,043
Receivables Accounts Due from other governments Due from other funds		117,274 467,443 - 584,717	8 2 	28,575 28,575
Prepaid expenditures	_	8,603		
Total Assets	\$	9,219,852	\$	1,733,618
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities				
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to retirement systems Bond anticipation notes payable	\$	216,622 106,584 - 231,649	\$	345,954 - - - 2,025,000
Total Liabilities		554,855	e 3 :	2,370,954
Fund balances (deficits) Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned		8,603 250,000 476,252 7,930,142	-	13,690 - (651,026)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	_	8,664,997	-	(637,336)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	9,219,852	\$	1,733,618

Governmental	Funds
\$ 438,449	\$ 10,770,024
	117,274
	467,443 28,575
	613,292
-	8,603
\$ 438,449	\$ 11,391,919
\$ 32 395 28,575	\$ 562,608 106,979 28,575 231,649
-	2,025,000
29,002	2,954,811
53,711 254,228 101,508	62,314 517,918 577,760 7,279,116
\$ 438,449	8,437,108 \$ 11,391,919

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position May 31, 2019

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Governmental funds do not report the effect of losses on refunding bonds and	8,437,108 28,894,546
Position are Different Because Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Governmental funds do not report the effect of losses on refunding bonds and	28,894,546
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Governmental funds do not report the effect of losses on refunding bonds and	28,894,546
assets or liabilities related to net pension assets (liabilities) and post employ- ment benefit obligations whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities	
Deferred amounts on net pension liabilities	716,539
Deferred amounts on post employment benefit obligations	297,339
Deferred amounts on refunding bonds	99,590
	1,113,468
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.	
Accrued interest payable	(61,859)
Bonds payable	(15,794,599)
Compensated absences	(500,064)
Net pension liability	(2,244,132)
Other post employment benefit obligations payable	(28,195,806)
	(46,796,460)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	(8,351,338)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended May 31, 2019

REVENUES		General		Capital Projects		Non-Major overnmental	G	Total overnmental Funds
Real property taxes	\$	10,017,713	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,017,713
Other tax items	*	205,658	•	-		-		205,658
Non-property taxes		1,383,498		-		-		1,383,498
Departmental income		2,824,561		-		12,395		2,836,956
Use of money and property		54,574		5,069		5,498		65,141
Licenses and permits		743,823		-		-		743,823
Fines and forfeitures		1,067,685		-		-		1,067,685
Sale of property and compensation for loss		101,789		455.500		- 600		101,789
State aid		288,722		155,589		5,022		449,333 7,045
Federal aid		7,045 127,101		255,795		64,605		447,501
Miscellaneous	-		-		-		-	
Total Revenues	-	16,822,169	_	416,453	-	87,520	-	17,326,142
EXPENDITURES Current								
General government support		2,233,346		-		1,891		2,235,237
Public safety		4,395,737		-		-		4,395,737
Transportation		1,261,084		-		-		1,261,084
Economic opportunity and development		2,000		-		4 005 440		2,000
Culture and recreation		99,606		-		1,025,116		1,124,722
Home and community services		722,929		-		- 257,770		722,929 3,891,726
Employee benefits		3,633,956		-		257,770		3,091,720
Debt service Principal		1,613,374		_		31,626		1,645,000
Interest		380,301		_		6,890		387,191
Capital outlay		-		3,588,335	_			3,588,335
Total Expenditures		14,342,333		3,588,335		1,323,293	_	19,253,961
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		2,479,836		(3,171,882)		(1,235,773)		(1,927,819)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Bonds issued		_		2,829,963		_		2,829,963
Transfers in		-		303,624		1,276,564		1,580,188
Transfers out	-	(1,546,038)				(34,150)		(1,580,188)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1	(1,546,038)	_	3,133,587		1,242,414	0	2,829,963
Net Change in Fund Balances		933,798		(38,295)		6,641		902,144
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year	_	7,731,199	_	(599,041)	-	402,806	·	7,534,964
End of Year	\$	8,664,997	\$	(637,336)	\$	409,447	\$	8,437,108
	-				-			

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended May 31, 2019

Amounts Reported for Governmental	Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because

Severnmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense Capital outlay expenditures 3,440,296 (1,977,763) 1,462,533 Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effects of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Bonds issued Principal paid on bonds Amortization of loss on refunding and issuance premium (2,829,963) (2,829,963) (2,829,963) (2,829,963) (2,829,963) (1,154,366) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Compensated absences 3,123 Pension liabilities (2,56,753) Other post employment benefit obligations Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ (1,304,819)	Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different bed	ause	•
of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense 3,440,296 (1,977,763) 1,462,533 Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effects of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Bonds issued Principal paid on bonds Amortization of loss on refunding and issuance premium (2,829,963) 1,645,000 30,597 (1,154,366) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Compensated absences Pension liabilities (256,753) Other post employment benefit obligations (1,304,819)	Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	902,144
Depreciation expense (1,977,763) 1,462,533 Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effects of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Bonds issued (2,829,963) Principal paid on bonds 1,645,000 Amortization of loss on refunding and issuance premium (1,154,366) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest 33,588 Compensated absences 3,123 Pension liabilities (256,753) Other post employment benefit obligations (1,304,819)	of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and		
Depreciation expense (1,977,763) Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effects of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Bonds issued (2,829,963) Principal paid on bonds 1,645,000 Amortization of loss on refunding and issuance premium 30,597 (1,154,366) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest 33,588 Compensated absences 3,123 Pension liabilities (256,753) Other post employment benefit obligations (1,304,819)	Capital outlay expenditures		3,440,296
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effects of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Bonds issued Principal paid on bonds Amortization of loss on refunding and issuance premium (2,829,963) 1,645,000 30,597 (1,154,366) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Compensated absences Pension liabilities Other post employment benefit obligations (1,304,819)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	(1,977,763)
debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effects of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Bonds issued (2,829,963) Principal paid on bonds 1,645,000 Amortization of loss on refunding and issuance premium 30,597 (1,154,366) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest 33,588 Compensated absences 3,123 Pension liabilities (256,753) Other post employment benefit obligations (1,304,819)			1,462,533
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Compensated absences Pension liabilities Other post employment benefit obligations (1,304,819)	debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effects of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Bonds issued Principal paid on bonds		1,645,000 30,597
Accrued interest Compensated absences Pension liabilities Other post employment benefit obligations 33,588 (256,753) (256,753) (1,084,777) (1,304,819)	current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
Compensated absences Pension liabilities (256,753) Other post employment benefit obligations (1,084,777) (1,304,819)			33 588
Pension liabilities (256,753) Other post employment benefit obligations (1,084,777) (1,304,819)			
Other post employment benefit obligations (1,084,777) (1,304,819)			•
(1,304,819)			, ,
	Other post employment benefit obligations	-	(1,004,777)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ (94,508)		-	(1,304,819)
	Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(94,508)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended May 31, 2019

DEVENUE 9	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	m 40,000,070	e 40.000.070	¢ 40.047.749	ድ /2.0E0\
Real property taxes	\$ 10,020,672	\$ 10,020,672	\$ 10,017,713	\$ (2,959)
Other tax items	110,000	110,000	205,658	95,658
Non-property taxes	1,240,000	1,240,000	1,383,498	143,498
Departmental income	2,627,750	2,627,750	2,824,561	196,811
Use of money and property	42,200	42,200	54,574	12,374
Licenses and permits	437,000	437,000		306,823
Fines and forfeitures	975,000	975,000	1,067,685	92,685
Sale of property and				
compensation for loss	12,000	12,000	101,789	89,789
Interfund revenues	-	-	-	-
State aid	344,710	344,710	288,722	(55,988)
Federal aid	-	-	7,045	7,045
Miscellaneous	73,750	73,750	127,101	53,351
Total Revenues	15,883,082	15,883,082	16,822,169	939,087
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government support	2,399,309	2,277,127	2,233,346	43,781
Public safety	4,287,548	4,407,118	4,395,737	11,381
Transportation	1,424,584	1,298,527	1,261,084	37,443
Economic opportunity and development	2,000	2,000	2,000	-
Culture and recreation	141,060	144,260	99,606	44,654
Home and community services	911,437	913,606	722,929	190,677
Employee benefits	3,967,000	4,068,613	3,633,956	434,657
Debt service				
Principal	1,613,374	1,641,877	1,613,374	28,503
Interest	412,850	417,334	380,301	37,033
Total Expenditures	15,159,162	15,170,462_	14,342,333	828,129
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	723,920	712,620	2,479,836	1,767,216
OTHER FINANCING USES				
	(4 200 020)	(4 557 004)	/1 E46 039\	11,056
Transfers out	(1,298,920)	(1,557,094)	(1,546,038)	11,030
Net Change in Fund Balance	(575,000)	(844,474)	933,798	1,778,272
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of Year	575,000	844,474	7,731,199	6,886,725
Deginning of Feat	373,000		7,701,100	0,000,120
End of Year	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ 8,664,997	\$ 8,664,997

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Fund May 31, 2019

	Agency
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 121,980
Accounts receivable	11,311
Total Assets	<u>\$ 133,291</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 12,737
Employee payroll deductions	8,051
Deposits	112,503_
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 133,291</u>

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2019

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Village of Bronxville, New York ("Village") was established in 1898 and operates in accordance with Village Law and the various other applicable laws of the State of New York. The Village Board of Trustees is the legislative body responsible for overall operation. The Village Mayor serves as the chief executive officer and the Village Treasurer serves as the chief financial officer. The Village provides the following services to its residents: public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and general and administrative support.

The accounting policies of the Village conform to generally accepted accounting principles for local governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the Village's more significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the Village, b) organizations for which the Village is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Village are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the Village, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the Village's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the Village as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for the interfund services provided and used.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the Village at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The Village does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Village are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The Village maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The Village's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. Governmental Funds - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the Village's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary fund of the Village and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

The Village also reports the following non-major governmental funds.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The non-major special revenue funds of the Village are as follows:

Public Library Fund - The Public Library Fund is used to account for the activities of the Village's Public Library.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the Village in accordance with the terms of trust agreements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2019

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Permanent Fund - The Permanent Fund is used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the Village's Library programs.

b. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not Included in Government-Wide Financial Statements) - Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in an agency capacity on behalf of others. The Village's Agency Fund is primarily utilized to account for employee payroll tax withholdings and various deposits that are payable to other jurisdictions or individuals.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized as revenues when the expenditure is made. A ninety-day availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, net pension liability and other post employment benefit obligations are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

Cash and Equivalents, Investments and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Village's deposit and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The Village has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The Village is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The Village has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Investments - Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions.

The Village follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurements and Application", which defines fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist.

Risk Disclosure

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The Village does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates. Generally, the Village does not invest in any long-term investment obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk disclosures – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3", directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the Village's name. The Village's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at May 31, 2019.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The Village does not have a formal credit risk policy other than restrictions to obligations allowable under General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The Village's investment policy limits the amount on deposit at each of its banking institutions.

Taxes Receivable - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of June 1st and are levied and payable in two installments due in June and December. The Village has the responsibility for the billing and collection of Village and school district taxes and also has the responsibility for conducting tax lien sales and in-rem foreclosure proceedings.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the Village. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures/expenses are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Due From/To Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the Village has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of May 31, 2019, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods, and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both the government wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent year's budget and/or will benefit such periods. Reported amounts in governmental funds are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Inventory - There are no inventory values presented in the balance sheets of the respective funds of the Village. Purchases of inventoriable items at various locations are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and year-end balances at these locations are not material.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the Village chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. For the initial reporting of these infrastructure assets, the Village used actual historical data.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant, equipment and infrastructure of the Village are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

	Life		
Class	in Years		
Buildings and improvements	5-30		
Machinery and equipment	5-10		
Infrastructure	10-30		

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheet.

Unearned Revenues - Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. In government-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of amounts received in advance and/or grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources have been reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position for the following:

Governmental Activities	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations Deferred Loss on Refunding Bonds	\$ 621,767 1,034,109 297,339 99,590	\$ 298,661 640,676 -	
Totals	\$ 2,052,805	\$ 939,337	

The amounts reported for the deferred loss on refunding bonds results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized of the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2019

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

relation to the Village's pension obligations are detailed in the discussion of the Village's pension plans in Note 3E.

Long-Term Liabilities - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expended as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects or Debt Service fund expenditures.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation leave upon separation of service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the government-wide Statement of Net Position as current and long-term liabilities, as applicable. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Net Pension Liability - The net pension liability represents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions made Subsequent to the Measurement Date".

Net Position - Net position represent the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Village or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position on the Statement of Net Position includes, net investment in capital assets, restricted for debt service, special purposes and Permanent Fund. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Village is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2019

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification is used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Village Board of Trustees is the highest level of decision making authority for the Village that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the Village removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Village Board of Trustees.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained either by policies of the Village Board of Trustees for amounts assigned for balancing the subsequent year's budget or the Village Treasurer for amounts assigned for encumbrances. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all funds except the General Fund includes all remaining amounts, except for negative balances, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Village's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Village's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General and Public Library funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are generally reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. The Village has not implemented an encumbrance system.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is December 12, 2019.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The Village generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) On or before March 20th, the budget officer submits to the Board of Trustees a tentative operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following June 1st. The tentative budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing.
- b) The Board of Trustees, on or before March 31st, meets to discuss and review the tentative budget.
- c) The Board of Trustees conducts a public hearing on the tentative budget to obtain taxpayer comments on or before April 15th.
- d) After the public hearing and on or before May 1st, the Trustees meet to consider and adopt the budget.
- e) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for General, Public Library and Debt Service funds.
- f) Budgets for General, Public Library and Debt Service funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. Annual budgets are not adopted by the Board for the Special Purpose or Permanent funds.
- g) The Village Board has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Board of Trustees. Any modifications to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

h) Appropriations in General, Public Library and Debt Service funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Trustees.

B. Property Tax Limitation

The Village is permitted by the Constitution of the State of New York to levy taxes up to 2% of the five year average full valuation of taxable real estate located within the Village, exclusive of the amount raised for the payment of interest on and redemption of long-term debt. In accordance with this definition, the maximum amount of the levy for 2018-2019 was \$58,914,331, which exceeded the actual levy (inclusive of exclusions) by \$48,893,659.

In addition to this constitutional tax limitation, Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011, as amended ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"), modified previous law by imposing a limit on the amount of real property taxes a local government may levy. The following is a brief summary of certain relevant provisions of the Tax Levy Limitation Law. The summary is not complete and the full text of the Tax Levy Limitation Law should be read in order to understand the details and implementations thereof.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law imposes a limitation on increases in the real property tax levy, subject to certain exceptions. The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits the Village to increase its overall real property tax levy over the tax levy of the prior year by no more than the "Allowable Levy Growth Factor," which is the lesser of one and two-one hundredths or the sum of one plus the Inflation Factor; provided, however that in no case shall the levy growth factor be less than one. The "Inflation Factor" is the quotient of: (i) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the coming fiscal year minus the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelvemonth period ending six months prior to the start of the prior fiscal year, divided by (ii) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States with the result expressed as a decimal to four places. The Village is required to calculate its tax levy limit for the upcoming year in accordance with the provision above and provide all relevant information to the New York State Comptroller prior to adopting its budget. The Tax Levy Limitation Law sets forth certain exclusions to the real property tax levy limitation of the Village, including exclusions for certain portions of the expenditures for retirement system contributions and tort judgments payable by the Village. The Village Board of Trustees may adopt a budget that exceeds the tax levy limit for the coming fiscal year, only if the Village Board of Trustees first enacts, by a vote of at least sixty percent of the total voting power of the Village Board of Trustees, a local law to override such limit for such coming fiscal year.

C. Capital Projects Fund Deficits

Deficits in certain capital projects arise in-part because of the application of generally accepted accounting principles to the financial reporting of such funds. The proceeds of bond anticipation notes issued to finance construction of capital projects are not recognized as an "other financing source". Liabilities for bond anticipation notes payable are accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes are recognized as revenue only to the extent that they are

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

redeemed. These deficits will be reduced and eliminated as the bond anticipation notes are redeemed from interfund transfers from other governmental funds or converted to permanent financing. Other deficits where no bond anticipation notes are outstanding to the extent of the deficit arise because of expenditures exceeding current financing on the projects. These deficits will be eliminated with the subsequent receipt or issuance of authorized financing. The Village had the following Capital Project Fund deficits not covered by bond anticipation notes.

Bacon Woods Park Improvements	\$ 3,840
Power Washer	8,609
Tommy Gate for Truck	6,104
Library HVAC System	9,255
Pondfield Road Overpass - Yellow Flag Remediation	8,870
Maltby Parking Lot	25,502
Street Lighting	10,889
Paddle Court Upgrades	20,496
Traffic Signal Upgrades at Kradt and Midland Avenue	8,550
Traffic Signal Pole Pondfield and Gramatan	40,282
Pedestrian Signal Pole Pondfield and Tanglewylde	2,500

D. Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle

For the year ended May 31, 2019, the Village implemented GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("OPEB")". This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB that is provided to the employees of state and local governments by establishing standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and expenses/expenditures. This statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to the periods of employee service. As a result of adopting these standards, the statements reflects a cumulative effect for the change in accounting principle of \$(17,300,841) in the government-wide statements.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Due From/To Other Funds

The balances reflected as due from/to other funds at May 31, 2019 were as follows:

Fund	Due From		,	To		
Capital Projects Non-Major Governmental	\$	28,575	\$	- 28,575		
, v	\$	28,575	\$	28,575		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

B. Capital Assets

Changes in the Village's capital assets are as follows:

	Balance June 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance May 31, 2019
Capital Assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction-in-progress	\$ 1,111,450 37,520	\$ 1,615,559 224,878	\$ -	\$ 2,727,009 262,398
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$ 1,148,970	\$ 1,840,437	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 2,989,407
Capital Assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$ 13,283,434 5,966,423 21,529,480	\$ 88,700 175,673 1,335,486	\$ - 81,331 	\$ 13,372,134 6,060,765 22,864,966
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	40,779,337	1,599,859	81,331	42,297,865
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	5,676,457 3,248,397 5,571,440	419,211 546,292 1,012,260	81,331 	6,095,668 3,713,358 6,583,700
Total Accumulated Depreciation	14,496,294_	1,977,763	81,331	16,392,726
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 26,283,043	\$ (377,904)	\$ -	\$ 25,905,139
Capital Assets, net	\$ 27,432,013	\$ 1,462,533	\$ -	\$ 28,894,546

Depreciation expense charged to the Village's functions and programs are as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government Support	\$ 257,502
Public Safety	303,746
Transportation	588,940
Culture and Recreation	228,780
Home and Community Services	598,795
·	
	\$ 1,977,763

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

C. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities at May 31, 2019 were as follows:

	General Fund		Gove	n-Major rnmental unds	(-	Total
Payroll and Employee Benefits Other	\$	106,584	\$	- 395_	\$	106,584 395
	\$	106,584	\$	395	\$	106,979

D. Short-Term Capital Borrowings - Bond Anticipation Notes Payable

The schedule below details the changes in short-term capital borrowings.

Purpose	Original Issue Date	Maturity Date	Rate of Interest	_	Balance June 1, 2018	New Issues	Redemptions	_	Balance May 31, 2019
Various Public Improvements Various Public Improvements	07/27/17 04/30/18 05/29/19	07/26/18 07/26/18 05/29/20	- % - 1.71	\$	2,275,000 2,104,963	\$ - 2,025,000	\$ 2,275,000 2,104,963	\$	2,025,000
				\$	4,379,963	\$ 2,025,000	\$ 4,379,963	\$	2,025,000

Liabilities for bond anticipation notes are generally accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Principal payments on bond anticipation notes must be made annually. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes or judgments be converted to long-term obligations generally within five years after the original issue date. However, bond anticipation notes issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for periods equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made.

Interest expenditure of \$29,701 was recorded in the fund level financial statements in the General Fund. Interest expense of \$9,249 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

E. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the Village's long-term indebtedness for the year ended May 31, 2019:

	Balance June 1, 2018 as Reported	Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle *	Balance June 30, 2018 as Restated	New issues/ Additions	Maturities and/or Payments	Balance May 31, 2019	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$ 14,220,000	3 -	\$ 14,220,000	\$ 2,829,963	\$ 1,645,000	\$ 15,404,963	\$ 1,699,963
Plus Unamortized premium on bonds	436,831		436,831	340	47,195	389,636	
	14,656,831		14,656,831	2,829,963	1,692,195	15,794,599	1,699,963
Other Non-Current Liabilities Compensated Absences Net pension liability	503,187 1,276,999	-	503,187 1,276,999	46,877 967,133	50,000	500,064 2,244,132	50,000
Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations Payable	.9,512,849	17,300,841	26,813,690	2,261,674	879,558	28 195 806	
Total Other Non-Current Liabilities	10,789,848	17,300,841	28 090 689	3,228;807	879,558	30,439,938	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 25,446,679	\$ 17,300,841	\$ 42,747,520	\$ 6,058,770	\$ 2,571,753	\$ 46,234,537	\$ 1,699,963

^{*}See Note 2D

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Each governmental fund's liability for compensated absences, net pension liability and other post employment benefit obligations payable are liquidated by the General and Public Library funds. The Village's indebtedness for bonds is satisfied by the General and Public Library funds.

Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at May 31, 2019 are comprised of the following individual issues:

		Original			(Amount Outstanding
	Year of	Issue	Final	Interest		at May 31,
Purpose	Issue	Amount	Maturity	Rates	_	2019
Various Public Improvements	2008	\$ 4,800,000	November, 2020	4.125 - 4.250 %	\$	1,000,000
Various Public Improvements	2012	3,675,000	September, 2027	2.000 - 2.125		2,270,000
Refunding Bonds	2014	4,845,000	June, 2025	1.500 - 5.000		3,350,000
Public Improvements	2015	7,255,000	November, 2029	2.000 - 5.000		5,955,000
Public Improvements	2018	2,829,963	July 2040	3.000 - 3.250	_	2,829,963
					\$	15,404,963

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of May 31, 2019 including interest payments of \$2,355,889 are as follows:

Year Ending			
May 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 1,699,963	\$ 416,701	\$ 2,116,664
2021	1,795,000	303,630	2,098,630
2022	1,320,000	252,670	1,572,670
2023	1,345,000	226,912	1,571,912
2024	1,375,000	199,872	1,574,872
2025-2029	5,490,000	602,120	6,092,120
2030-2034	1,275,000	229,162	1,504,162
2035-2039	770,000	113,956	883,956
2040-2041	335,000	10,866	345,866
	\$ 15,404,963	\$ 2,355,889	\$ 17,760,852

Interest expenditures of \$350,600 and \$6,890 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund and Library Fund, respectively. Interest expense of \$313,756 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Compensated Absences

Pursuant to Village policy, vacation time is credited to an employee on January 1st of each year. All vacation time must be used by December 31st of that same year. The Village does not compensate employees for unused sick time. The Village's liability at May 31, 2019 for vacation time has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Pension Plans

New York State and Local Retirement System

The Village participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS") which are collectively referred to as the New York State and Local Retirement System ("System"). These are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The Village also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about_us/financial_statements_index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The ERS is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute between 3% and 6% of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the System's fiscal year ending March 31. The employer contribution rates for the plan's year ending in 2019 are as follows:

	Tier/Plan	Rate
ERS	2 75i	19.4 %
	4 A15	15.7
	5 A15	12.9
	6 A15	9.2
PFRS	2 384D	24.0
	6 384D*	14.4

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

At May 31, 2019, the Village reported the following for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for ERS and PFRS.

		ERS		PFRS
Measurement date	N	1arch 31, 2019	M	arch 31, 2019
Net pension liability	\$	802,423	\$	1,441,709
Village's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0113252 %		0.0859663 %
Change in proportion since the prior measurement date		(0.0006286) %		(0.002205) %

The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by actuarial valuation as of that date. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members.

For the year ended May 31, 2019, the Village recognized pension expense in the government-wide financial statements of \$594,795 for ERS and \$892,361 for PFRS. Pension expenditures of \$525,529 for ERS and \$704,874 for PFRS were recorded in the fund financial statements and were charged to the following funds:

Fund	 ERS	-	PFRS
General Library	\$ 462,582 62,947	\$	704,874
	\$ 525,529	_\$_	704,874

At May 31, 2019, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

PERS

			:KO				1.0		
		Deferred Deferred Deferred Outflows Inflows Outflows of Resources of Resources						Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	158,014	\$	53,865	\$	350,231	\$.	153,926	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between		-		205,946		-		288,739	
Village contributions and proportionate share of contributions Change in assumptions		164,586 201,696		38,850		25,889 523,811		198,011 -	
Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	97,471				134,178	_		
	\$	621,767	\$	298,661	\$	1,034,109	\$	640,676	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2019

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

			Total	
		Deferred	[Deferred
	(Outflows		Inflows
	of_	Resources	_of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual	\$	508,245	\$	207,791
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between		-		494,685
Village contributions and proportionate share of contributions		190,475		236,861
Change in assumptions		725,507		-
Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	231,649	3 	
	\$	1,655,876	\$	939,337

\$97,471 and \$134,178 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS and PFRS, respectively, resulting from the Village's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended March 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS and PFRS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year End March 3		ERS	 PFRS
2020		225,641	\$ 236,193
2021	·	(122,469)	(106,053)
2022		9,987	(32,479)
2023		112,476	141,015
2024		_	20,579

The total pension liability for the March 31, 2019 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation date as noted below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liabilities to that measurement date. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were as follows:

ERS	PFRS
March 31, 2019	March 31, 2019
April 1, 2018	April 1, 2018
7.0% *	7.0% *
4.2%	5.0%
2.5%	2.5%
1.3%	1.3%
	March 31, 2019 April 1, 2018 7.0% * 4.2% 2.5%

^{*}Compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Annuitant mortality rates are based on the April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target allocation is summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Type	Allocation	of Return
Domestic Equity	36 %	4.55 %
International Equity	14	6.35
Private Equity	10	7.50
Real Estate	10	5.55
Absolute Return Strategies	2	3.75
Opportunistic Portfolio	3	5.68
Real Assets	3	5.29
Bonds and Mortgages	17	1.31
Cash	1	(0.25)
Inflation Indexed Bonds	4	1.25
	%	

^{*}The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.5%.

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2019

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	1% Decrease (6.0%)	Current Assumption (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)
Village's proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,508,320	\$ 802,423	\$ (1,470,723)
Village's proportionate share of the PFRS net pension liability (asset)	\$ 5,210,122	\$ 1,441,709	\$ (1,705,353)

The components of the collective net pension liability as of the March 31, 2019 measurement date were as follows:

	_	ERS	_	PFRS	_	Total
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$	189,803,429,000 182,718,124,000	\$	34,128,100,000 32,451,037,000	\$	223,931,529,000 215,169,161,000
Employers' net pension liability	\$	7,085,305,000	\$	1,677,063,000	\$	8,762,368,000
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	_	96.27%		95.09%	_	96.09%

Employer contributions to ERS and PFRS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of the System's fiscal year, which is March 31st. Retirement contributions as of May 31, 2019 represent the employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2019 through May 31, 2019 based on paid ERS and PFRS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions to ERS and PFRS as of May 31, 2019 were \$97,471 and \$134,178, respectively.

Voluntary Defined Contribution Plan

The Village can offer a defined contribution plan to all non-union employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 and earnings at the annual full-time salary rate of \$75,000 or more. The employee contribution is between 3% and 6% depending on salary and the Village will contribute 8%. Employer contributions vest after 366 days of service. No current employees participated in this program.

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations Payable

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Village provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the Village may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing post employment health care benefits is shared between the Village and the retired employee. Substantially all of the Village's employee's may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Village. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions", so the net OPEB liability is equal to the total OPEB liability. Separate financial statements are not issued for the plan.

The number of participants as of May 31, 2019 was as follows:

66
65
131

The Village's total OPEB liability of \$28,195,806 was measured as of May 31, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 1, 2017.

The total OPEB liability in the June 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	2.50%
Discount rate	3.12%
Healthcare cost trend rates	7.00% for 2019, decreasing by up to .5% per year to an ultimate rate of 3.784% for 2025
Retirees' share of benefit-related coats	Varies depending on applicable retirement year and bargaining unit

To value the May 31, 2019 total OPEB liability under GASB 75 the Fidelity General Obligation 20-Year AA Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.12% was utilized.

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 Mortality Tables for employees and healthy annuitants, adjusted backward to 2006 with scale MP-2014, and then adjusted for mortality improvements with scale MP-2018 mortality improvement scale on a fully generational basis.

The actuarial assumptions used in the May 31, 2019 valuation were based on the Fidelity General Obligation 20-Year AA Municipal Bond Index as of May 31, 2018 and 2019.

The Village's change in the total OPEB liability for the year ended May 31, 2019 is as follows:

Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 26,813,690 923,036 977,231
Change of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	\$ 361,407 (879,558) 28,195,806

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.12%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.12%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (2.12%)	Current Assumption (3.12%)		1% Increase (4.12%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 33,613,346	\$	28,195,806	\$ 24,828,266

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.0% decreasing to 2.784%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0% decreasing to 4.784%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	•	Decrease 00% decreasing to 2.784%)	•	Rates 0% decreasing to 3.784%)	(8.0	Increase 00% decreasing to 4.784%)
Total OPEB Liability	e	23,895,812	\$	28,195,806	\$	35,312,049

For the year ended May 31, 2019, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$1,964,335 in the government-wide financial statements. At May 31, 2019, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferr Outflo of Resor	ws	Defe Infl of Reso	ow
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings of OPEB plan investments	\$ 29	7,339 	\$	- - -
Total	\$ 29	7,339	\$	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended May 31,	
2020	\$ 64,068
2021	64,068
2022	64,068
2023	64,068
2024	38,490
2025	2,577
Thereafter	-

F. Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without the equivalent flow of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reflected as transfers.

		Trans	s In			
		•		Non-Major		
		Projects	G	overnmental		
Transfers Out	1	Fund		Funds	_	Total
General Fund	\$	269,474	\$	1,276,564	\$	1,546,038
Capital Projects Fund		34,150	-		-	34,150
	\$	303,624	\$	1,276,564	\$	1,580,188

Transfers are used to 1)) move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for Capital Projects Fund expenditures and 2) move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for other operating fund expenditures.

G. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net investment in capital assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by Local Finance Law.

Restricted for Special Purposes - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or statute.

Restricted for Permanent Fund - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or statute.

Unrestricted - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net invested in capital assets".

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2019

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

H. Fund Balances

	Total	3,952	57,663	•	8,621	1 (215,782 21,332	245,735	1	000'099	26,981	686,981	6,544,585	\$ 7,534,964
8	Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$ - \$	53,711	,	1 1	1	215,782 21,332	237,114	,	85,000	26,981	111,981		\$ 402,806
2018	Capital Projects Fund	₩		ı	8,621	1	t 1	8,621	1	ı			(607,662)	\$ (599,041)
	General	\$ 3,952	3,952	,	1 1	1	' '		1	575,000		575,000	7,152,247	\$ 7,731,199
	Total	\$ 8,603	62,314	125,000	125,000 13,690		232,778 21,450	517,918	1,252	475,000	101,508	577,760	7,279,116	\$ 8,437,108
61	Non-Major Governmental Funds	53,711	53,711	ı	1 1	1	232,778 21,450	254,228	•	1	101,508	101,508	•	\$ 409,447
2019	Capital Projects Fund	ı । (У	2	,	13.690	1	1 1	13,690	1	ı	ı		(651,026)	\$ (637,336)
	General Fund	\$ 8,603	8,603	125,000	125,000	ı	. 1	250,000	1,252	475,000		476,252	7,930,142	\$ 8,664,997
		Nonspendable: Prepaid expenditures Permanent Fund	Total Nonspendable	Restricted: Tax Stabilization Tax stabilization - for	Subsequent years' expenditures Debt service	Capital projects	Special purposes Permanent Fund	Total Restricted	Assigned: Purchases on order General government support	Subsequent years expenditures	Non-Major Funds Public Library Fund	Total Assigned	Unassigned	Total Fund Balance

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) May 31, 2019

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Prepaid Expenditures have been provided to account for certain payments made in advance. The amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Subsequent year's expenditures represent that at May 31, 2019, the Village Board has assigned the above amount to be appropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or assigned. The unassigned fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund represents the deficits in the projects.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Litigation

The Village, in common with other municipalities, receives numerous notices of claims for money damages arising generally from false arrest, malicious prosecution, false imprisonment or personal injury. Of the claims currently pending, none are expected to have a material effect on the financial position of the Village, if adversely settled.

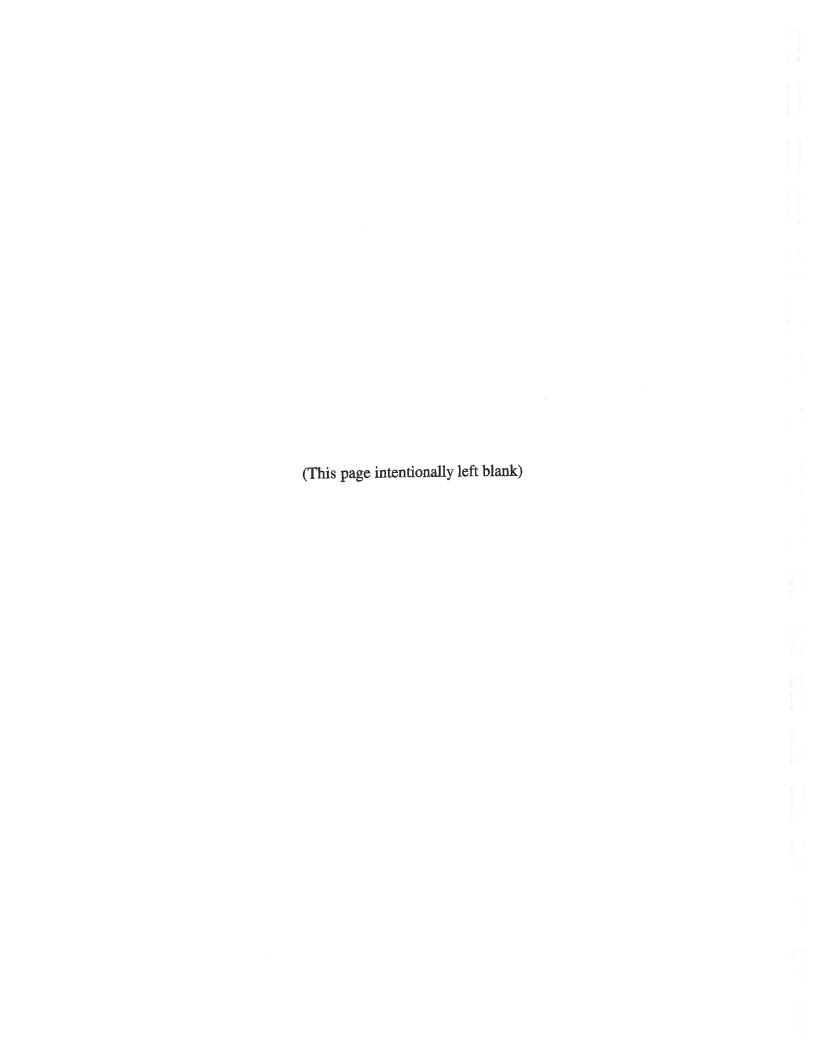
There are currently pending certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require the payment of future tax refunds by the Village, if existing assessment rolls are modified based on the outcome of the litigation proceedings. However, the amount of the possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. Any payments resulting from adverse decisions will be funded in the year the payment is made.

B. Contingencies

The Village participates in various Federal grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, the Village's compliance with applicable grant requirements may be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Village anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Risk Management

The Village purchases various conventional insurance coverages to reduce its exposure to loss. The Village maintains general liability insurance coverage with a policy limit of \$3 million. The public officials and law enforcement policies provide coverage up to \$1 million. The Village also maintains an umbrella policy with coverage up to \$10 million. The Village purchases conventional workers' compensation insurance and medical insurance with coverage at statutory limits. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.



Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in the Village's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years (1) (2)

	2019
Total OPEB Liability: Service Cost Interest	\$ 923,036 977,231
Changes in benefit items Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other outputs Benefits payments	361,407 (879,558)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	1,382,116
Total OPEB Liability Beginning of Year	26,813,690 (3)
Total OPEB Liability – End of Year	\$ 28,195,806
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,658,509
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	498.29%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2018 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".
- (2) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of this Statement to pay related benefits.
- (3) Restated for the implementation of the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2019	2018	2017	2016 (2)
Village's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0113252%	0.0119538%	0.0105840%	0.0112861%
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 802,423	\$ 385,802	\$ 994,499	\$ 1,811,451
Village's covered payroll Village's proportionate share of the	\$ 3,331,476	\$ 3,364,466	\$ 3,319,471	\$ 3,215,677
net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	24.09%	11.47%	29.96%	56.33%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%

Note - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date.

- (1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2016 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".
- (2) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% effective with the March 31, 2016 measurement.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

		2019		2018	2017			2016
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	499,506	\$	499,303	\$	498,744	\$	580,801
contractually required contribution	_	(499,506)		(499,303)	_	(498,744)		(580,801)
Contribution excess	\$		\$	_	\$		\$	-
Village's covered payroll	\$	3,462,672	\$	3,339,488	\$	3,329,305	\$	3,236,380
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.43%	-	14.95%	_	14.98%	5	17.95%

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2016 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.*

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the Village Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2019	2018	2017	2016 (2)
Village's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0859663%	0.0881713%	0.0845680%	0.0819785%
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,441,709	\$ 891,197	\$ 1,752,801	\$ 2,427,208
Village's covered payroll Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage	\$ 3,295,392	\$ 2,958,287	\$ 2,861,775	\$ 2,378,349
of its covered payroll	43.75%	30.13%	61.25%	102.05%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	95.09%	96.93%	93.50%	90.20%

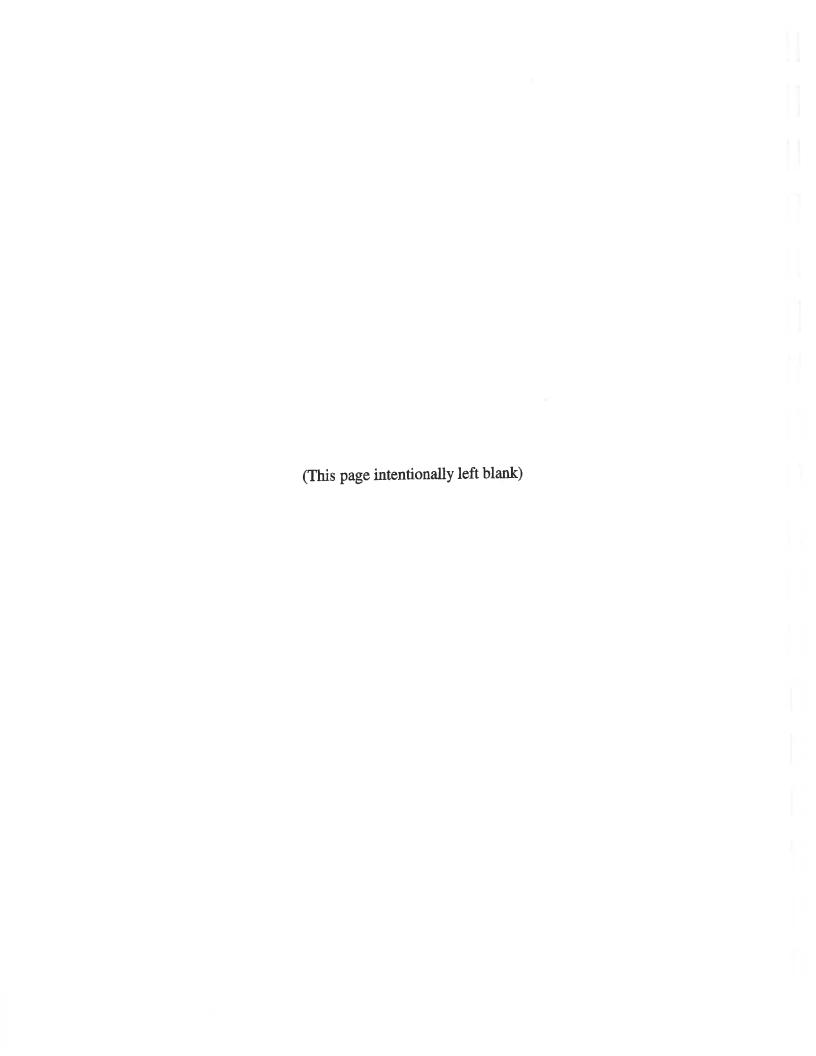
Note - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date.

- (1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2016 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.
- (2) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% effective with the March 31, 2016 measurement.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

		2019	(i	2018		2017	_	2016
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	684,806	\$	682,518	\$	621,558	\$	550,832
contractually required contribution	_	(684,806)	_	(682,518)	-	(621,558)	-	(550,832)
Contribution excess	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Village's covered payroll	\$	3,357,261	\$	3,033,954	\$	2,874,055	\$	2,680,994
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		20.40%	_	22.50%	_	21.63%		20.55%

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2016 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.*



General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

y = 1,				
		2019		2018
ASSETS				
Cash and equivalents	\$_	8,626,532	\$	10,979,644
Receivables				
Accounts		117,274		246,168
Tax certificates		-		2,416
Due from other governments	-	467,443	_	536,728
•		584,717		785,312
Prepaid expenditures		8,603		3,952
Total Assets	\$	9,219,852	\$	11,768,908
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities			_	10= 000
Accounts payable	\$	216,622	\$	195,323
Accrued liabilities		106,584		367,130
Due to other funds		-		1,548
Due to retirement systems	_	231,649		185,558
Total Liabilities	_	554,855		749,559
Deferred inflows of resources				
Taxes collected in advance	_	-		3,288,150
Fund balance				
Nonspendable		8,603		3,952
Restricted		250,000		-
Assigned		476,252		575,000
Unassigned		7,930,142		7,152,247
Total Fund Balance		8,664,997	_	7,731,199
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balance	\$	9,219,852	\$	11,768,908
	-			

General Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended May 31,

REVENUES Prinal Budget Final Budget Actual Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) REVENUES \$ 10,020,672 \$ 10,020,672 \$ 10,017,713 \$ (2,959) Other tax items \$ 110,000 \$ 110,000 \$ 205,658 \$ 5,658 Non-property taxes \$ 1,240,000 \$ 1,334,488 \$ 143,498 Departmental income \$ 2,627,750 \$ 2,627,750 \$ 2,824,561 \$ 196,811 Use of money and property \$ 42,200 \$ 43,700 \$ 743,823 \$ 306,823 Fines and permits \$ 437,000 \$ 12,000 \$ 1,067,685 \$ 26,885 Fines and forfeitures \$ 975,000 \$ 975,000 \$ 10,7685 \$ 26,885 Sale of property and compensation for loss \$ 12,000 \$ 12,000 \$ 10,7685 \$ 89,789 Interfund revenues \$ 2,000 \$ 2,000 \$ 10,789 \$ 89,789 State aid \$ 344,710 \$ 344,710 \$ 288,722 \$ 5,988 Miscellaneous \$ 73,750 \$ 73,750 \$ 127,101 \$ 53,351 Total Revenues \$ 15,883,082		:	201	9	
Real property taxes				Actual	Final Budget Positive
Other tax items 110,000 110,000 205,658 95,658 Non-properly taxes 1,240,000 1,240,000 1,383,498 143,498 Departmental income 2,627,750 2,627,750 2,624,561 196,811 Use of money and property 42,200 42,200 54,574 12,374 Licenses and permits 437,000 437,000 748,823 306,823 Fines and forfeitures 975,000 975,000 1,067,685 92,685 Sale of property and compensation for loss 12,000 12,000 101,789 89,789 Interfund revenues - - - - State aid 344,710 344,710 288,722 (55,988) State aid 344,71		A 40,000,070	e 40,000,670	¢ 40.047.743	¢ (2.050)
Non-property taxes					
Departmental income					
Use of money and property 42,200 42,200 54,574 12,374 Licenses and permits 437,000 437,000 743,823 306,823 Fines and forfeitures 975,000 975,000 1,067,685 92,685 Sale of property and compensation for loss 12,000 12,000 101,789 89,789 Interfund revenues - - - - Interfund revenues - - 7,045 7,045 Federal aid - - 7,045 7,045 Miscellaneous 73,750 73,750 127,101 53,351 Total Revenues 15,883,082 15,883,082 16,822,169 939,087 EXPENDITURES 2 2,777,127 2,233,346 43,781 Current General government support 2,399,309 2,277,127 2,233,346 43,781 Public safety 4,287,548 4,407,118 4,395,737 11,381 Transportation 1,424,584 1,298,527 1,261,084 37,443 Ecommic opport	• •				
Licenses and permits					
Fines and forfeitures 975,000 975,000 1,067,685 92,685 Sale of property and compensation for loss 12,000 12,000 101,789 89,789 Interfund revenues 1 344,710 288,722 (55,988) Federal aid - - 7,045 7,045 Miscellaneous 73,750 73,750 127,101 53,351 Total Revenues 15,883,082 15,883,082 16,822,169 939,087 EXPENDITURES 2 15,883,082 16,822,169 939,087 EXPENDITURES 2 15,883,082 16,822,169 939,087 EXPENDITURES 2 15,883,082 15,883,082 16,822,169 939,087 EXPENDITURES 2 2,233,346 43,781 1,841,841 4,395,737 11,381 Transportation 1,428,7548 4,407,118 4,395,737 11,381 131,381 131,431 1,281,527 1,261,084 37,443 12,61,084 1,743 143,681 1,442,600 99,606 44,654 44,654					·
Sale of property and compensation for loss 12,000 12,000 101,789 89,789 Interfund revenues -	•		•		
Interfund revenues		975,000	97 3,000	1,007,000	32,000
Interfund revenues		12 000	12 000	101 789	89 789
State aid 344,710 344,710 288,722 (55,988) Federal aid - - - 7,045 7,045 7,045 7,045 7,045 7,045 7,045 7,045 7,045 7,045 7,045 7,045 7,045 7,045 7,045 7,045 7,045 5,048 3,081 15,883,082 16,822,169 939,087 127,101 53,351 10,002 <td< td=""><td></td><td>12,000</td><td>12,000</td><td>101,703</td><td>00,100</td></td<>		12,000	12,000	101,703	00,100
Pederal aid 73,750 73,750 127,101 53,351 Total Revenues 15,883,082 15,883,082 16,822,169 939,087 EXPENDITURES		344 710	344 710	288 722	(55 988)
Miscellaneous 73,750 73,750 127,101 53,351 Total Revenues 15,883,082 15,883,082 16,822,169 939,087 EXPENDITURES Current 2,399,309 2,277,127 2,233,346 43,781 Public safety 4,287,548 4,407,118 4,395,737 11,381 Transportation 1,424,584 1,298,527 1,261,084 37,443 Economic opportunity and development 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 4,4654 Home and cormunity services 911,437 913,606 722,929 190,677 Employee benefits 3,967,000 4,068,613 3,633,956 434,657 Debt service Principal 1,613,374 1,641,877 1,613,374 28,503 Interest 412,850 417,334 380,301 37,033 Total Expenditures 15,159,162 15,170,462 14,342,333 828,129 Excess of Revenues 723,920 712,620 2,479,836 1,767,216 OTHER FINANCING USES		344,710	J-1-,7 10		
Total Revenues 15,883,082 15,883,082 16,822,169 939,087 EXPENDITURES Current Current Ceneral government support 2,399,309 2,277,127 2,233,346 43,781 Public safety 4,287,548 4,407,118 4,395,737 11,381 Transportation 1,424,584 1,298,527 1,261,084 37,443 Economic opportunity and development 2,000 2,000 2,000 - Culture and recreation 141,060 144,260 99,606 44,654 Home and community services 911,437 913,606 722,929 190,677 Employee benefits 3,967,000 4,068,613 3,633,956 434,657 Debt service 1,613,374 1,641,877 1,613,374 28,503 Interest 412,850 417,334 380,301 37,033 Total Expenditures 15,159,162 15,170,462 14,342,333 828,129 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 723,920 712,620 2,479,836 1,767,216 </td <td></td> <td>73 750</td> <td>73 750</td> <td></td> <td></td>		73 750	73 750		
EXPENDITURES Current General government support 2,399,309 2,277,127 2,233,346 43,781 Public safety 4,287,548 4,407,118 4,395,737 11,381 Transportation 1,424,584 1,298,527 1,261,084 37,443 Economic opportunity and development 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 44,654 Home and recreation 141,060 144,260 99,606 44,654 Home and community services 911,437 913,606 722,929 190,677 Employee benefits 3,967,000 4,068,613 3,633,956 434,657 Debt service Principal 1,613,374 1,641,877 1,613,374 28,503 Interest 412,850 417,334 380,301 37,033 Total Expenditures 15,159,162 15,170,462 14,342,333 828,129 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 723,920 712,620 2,479,836 1,767,216 OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out (1,298,920) (1,557,094) (1,546,038) 11,056 Net Change in Fund Balance (575,000) (844,474) 933,798 1,778,272 FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 575,000 844,474 7,731,199 6,886,725			0		0
Current General government support 2,399,309 2,277,127 2,233,346 43,781 Public safety 4,287,548 4,407,118 4,395,737 11,381 Transportation 1,424,584 1,298,527 1,261,084 37,443 Economic opportunity and development 2,000 2,000 2,000 - Culture and recreation 141,060 144,260 99,606 44,654 Home and community services 911,437 913,606 722,929 190,677 Employee benefits 3,967,000 4,068,613 3,633,956 434,657 Debt service Principal 1,613,374 1,641,877 1,613,374 28,503 Interest 412,850 417,334 380,301 37,033 Total Expenditures 15,159,162 15,170,462 14,342,333 828,129 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 723,920 712,620 2,479,836 1,767,216 OTHER FINANCING USES (1,298,920) (1,557,094) (1,546,038) 11,056 FUND BALANCE 575,000 844,4	Total Revenues	15,883,082	15,883,082	16,822,169	939,087
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 723,920 712,620 2,479,836 1,767,216 OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out (1,298,920) (1,557,094) (1,546,038) 11,056 Net Change in Fund Balance (575,000) (844,474) 933,798 1,778,272 FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 575,000 844,474 7,731,199 6,886,725	Current General government support Public safety Transportation Economic opportunity and development Culture and recreation Home and community services Employee benefits Debt service Principal Interest	4,287,548 1,424,584 2,000 141,060 911,437 3,967,000 1,613,374 412,850	4,407,118 1,298,527 2,000 144,260 913,606 4,068,613 1,641,877 417,334	4,395,737 1,261,084 2,000 99,606 722,929 3,633,956 1,613,374 380,301	11,381 37,443 44,654 190,677 434,657 28,503 37,033
Over Expenditures 723,920 712,620 2,479,836 1,767,216 OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	i otai Expenditures	15,159,162	15,170,462	14,042,000	020,129
Transfers out (1,298,920) (1,557,094) (1,546,038) 11,056 Net Change in Fund Balance (575,000) (844,474) 933,798 1,778,272 FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 575,000 844,474 7,731,199 6,886,725		723,920	712,620	2,479,836	1,767,216
Net Change in Fund Balance (575,000) (844,474) 933,798 1,778,272 FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 575,000 844,474 7,731,199 6,886,725	OTHER FINANCING USES				
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 575,000 844,474 7,731,199 6,886,725	Transfers out	(1,298,920)	(1,557,094)	(1,546,038)	11,056
Beginning of Year 575,000 844,474 7,731,199 6,886,725	Net Change in Fund Balance	(575,000)	(844,474)	933,798	1,778,272
	FUND BALANCE				
End of Year \$ - \(\\$ - \\ \\$ 8,664,997 \)	Beginning of Year	575,000	844,474	7,731,199	6,886,725
	End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,664,997	\$ 8,664,997

See independent auditors' report.

_			2	018			
	Original Budget	-	Final Budget		Actual		ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	9,649,646	\$	9,649,646	\$	9,646,237	\$	(3,409)
•	140,000	•	140,000	,	109,933		(30,067)
	1,225,000		1,225,000		1,388,415		163,415
	2,689,606		2,689,606		2,589,865		(99,741)
	31,000		31,000		55,145		24,145
	504,000		504,000		521,551		17,551
	955,000		955,000		1,099,052		144,052
	11,000		11,000		118,503		107,503
	63,705		63,705		63,705		-
	351,450		351,450		413,914		62,464
_	88,000		88,000		208,050	_	120,050
_	15,708,407	5-	15,708,407	-	16,214,370	_	505,963
	2,416,993		2,303,993		2,204,568		99,425
	4,108,141		4,269,841		4,251,268		18,573
	1,391,174		1,394,874		1,389,920		4,954
	2,000		2,000		2,000		<u>.</u>
	129,860		126,116		125,203		913
	916,610		869,050		866,951		2,099
	3,873,500		3,872,397		3,604,644		267,753
	-		1,569,232		1,569,232		-
	29,583	8	442,190		412,607	-	29,583
_	12,867,861		14,849,693		14,426,393		423,300
	2,840,546		858,714		1,787,977		929,263
	(3,315,546)		(1,700,419)		(1,656,071)		44,348
_	(475,000)	-	(841,705)		131,906		973,611
	(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(
	475,000		841,705		7,599,293		6,757,588
\$		\$		\$	7,731,199	\$	7,731,199

Schedule of Revenues Compared to Budget Year Ended May 31, 2019 (With Comparative Actuals for 2018) **General Fund**

	O	Original	Final				Varian Final I Pos	Variance with Final Budget Positive		2018
		Budget	Budget	#	Actual	<u></u>	(Neg	(Negative)		Actual
REAL PROPERTY TAXES	↔	10,020,672 \$	10,020,672	3,672 \$		10,017,713	\$	(2,959)	₩	9,646,237
OTHER TAX ITEMS Interest and penalties on real property taxes		110,000	110	110,000	2	205,658		95,658		109,933
NON-PROPERTY TAXES Non-property tax distribution from County Utilities gross receipts taxes		900,000	34(900,000	1,0	1,022,036	-	122,036 21,462		997,644 390,771
		1,240,000	1,24(1,240,000	1,3	1,383,498		143,498		1,388,415
DEPARIMENIAL INCOME Treasurer fees		3,100		3,100		8,425		5,325		4,405
Police fees Safety inspection fees		1,700 32,000	. KJ	1,700 32,000		2,335 29,420		635 (2,580)		2,030 39,715
Police alarm fees		42,500	.4	42,500		59,400		16,900		51,325
Health fees		52,000	5	52,000		60,494		8,494		56,685
Parking lots and fees		923,450	92:	923,450	00 1	978,548		55,098		819,947
Parking meter fees		1,450,000	1,45(450,000	ر رئ	1,533,527 32,616		83,527		1,513,583 38,849
Paddle tennis fees		30,500	řਲ	30,500		25,793		(4,707)		33,501
Zoning board fees		2,500		2,500		2,400		(100)		3,300
Planning board fees		000'9	•	000'9		51,593		45,593		12,725
Refuse charges		11,000	-	11,000		15,010		4,010		13,800
Assessor fees		25,000	55	25,000		25,000		1		•
		2,627,750	2,62	2,627,750	2,8	2,824,561		196,811		2,589,865
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY		000	ō	0000		36 500		16 700		34 338
Rental of real property		22,200	2 2	22,200		17,975		(4,225)		20,807
		42,200	4	42,200		54,574		12,374		55,145

1,800 519,751 521,551 1,099,052	835 20,757 42,225 54,686 118,503	64,713 329,393 13,123 6,685 413,914	520 1,485 206,045 208,050 \$ 16,214,370
1,220 305,603 306,823 92,685	(57) 57,240 5,738 26,868 89,789	3 (61,270) (200) 5,479 (55,988)	370 - 52,981 53,351 \$ 939,087
3,220 740,603 743,823 1,067,685	443 60,740 13,238 27,368 101,789	64,713 213,730 4,800 5,479 288,722 7,045	370 126,731 127,101 \$ 16,822,169
2,000 435,000 437,000	500 3,500 7,500 500	64,710 275,000 5,000 - 344,710	73,750
2,000 435,000 437,000	500 3,500 7,500 500 12,000	64,710 275,000 5,000 - 344,710	73,750

TOTAL REVENUES

See independent auditors' report.

STATE AID Per capita Mortgage tax Snow removal

Other

INTERFUND REVENUES

Business and occupational licenses

Permit fees

LICENSES AND PERMITS

FINES AND FORFEITURES

Fines and forfeited bail

COMPENSATION FOR LOSS

Insurance recoveries

Minor sales

Sale of property

SALE OF PROPERTY AND

Emergency Management Assistance

FEDERAL AID

Sales of recycling bins

MISCELLANEOUS

Gifts and donations

Village of Bronxville, New York

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget Year Ended May 31, 2019 (With Comparative Actuals for 2018)

		Original Budget	F Bu	Final Budget	Actual	<u> </u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	e with idget ve		2018 Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT Mayor	€7	2,000	69	3.650	€9	3.613	€9	37	€9	4.779
.lustice	٠	274.962	+	311,062		306,434		4,628		258,196
Treasurer		473.180		426,000	4	418,737		7,263		477,080
Assessor		227,000		216,900	2	215,474	•	1,426		212,464
Administrator		279,070		319,520	က	317,036	.,	2,484		269,108
Elections		3,200		2,400		2,356		44		2,046
Village Hall		132,340		151,600	~	151,089	13	511		123,060
Cable television		20,200		10,200		10,188		12		13,794
Central garage		359,795		372,095	က	347,542	5	24,553		326,876
Legal		185,000		145,000	_	144,449		551		215,827
Auditing		34,000		34,000		34,000		1		35,500
Engineer		40,000		52,300		52,066		234		40,139
Bond issuance costs		2,500		25,900		25,882		18		4,866
Unallocated insurance		210,000		190,000	_	189,029		971		173,183
Judgments and claims		15,000		10,500		10,172		328		42,550
Miscellaneous		6,000		6,000		5,279		721		5,100
Contingency		130,062		1		1		1		1
		2,399,309	7	2,277,127	2,2	2,233,346	4	43,781		2,204,568
PUBLIC SAFETY			•							
Police		3,347,800	ניי	3,513,950	ຕິ	3,510,344	•	3,606		3,328,172
Traffic control		99,750		101,250	~	101,082		168		92,994
Parking Commission		595,690		540,840	ųς	535,266		5,574		514,890
Safety inspection		244,308		251,078	~	249,045		2,033		315,212
		4,287,548	4	4,407,118	4,3	4,395,737	-	11,381		4,251,268
	í									

TRANSPORTATION				П	П
Street administration Street maintenance Snow removal	268,960 822,590 111,000	162,410 888,852 80,900	158,459 870,545 70.265	3,951 18,307 10,635	224,166 861,314 88,549
Street lighting	222,034	166,365	161,815	4,550	215,891
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY AND DEVEL OPMENT	1,424,584	1,298,527	1,261,084	37,443	1,389,920
Senior citizens	2,000	2,000	2,000	1	
CULTURE AND RECREATION					
Tennis Paddle tennis	32,100 33,060	32,100 33.060	20,405 21.502	11,695 11,558	27,634
Other programs	6,500	6,500	6,500	, '	6,500
Parks	52,900	25,900	38,928	16,972	51,393
Memoriai Day Historian	13,500	13,700	9,399	4,301	8,895 3,000
	141,060	144,260	909'66	44,654	125,203
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES					
Zoning	2,000	6,900	4,893	2,007	3,421
Planning	6,700	9,700	1,679	8,021	4,399
Sanitary sewers	191,290	191,290	109,277	82,013	135,482
Storm sewers	11,000	11,000	2,151	8,849	6,765
Refuse and garbage	593,947	594,216	509,244	84,972	596,215
Street cleaning	200	200	1	200	
Shade trees	100,000	100,000	95,685	4,315	120,669
	911,437	913,606	722,929	190,677	866,951
State retirement	425,000	466,300	462,582	3,718	416.242
Police retirement	685,000	710,300	704,874	5,426	697,263
Social security	539,500	539,500	479,815	59,685	484,525
Workers' compensation benefits	210,000	227,013	199,032	27,981	182,305
Life insurance	24,000	24,000	22,491	1,509	22,825
Unemployment benefits	10,000	10,000	3,815	6,185	6,362
Hospital and medical insurance	1,970,000	1,988,000	1,705,032	282,968	1,721,148
Dental insurance	103,500	103,500	56,315	47,185	73,974
	3,967,000	4,068,613	3,633,956	434,657	3,604,644

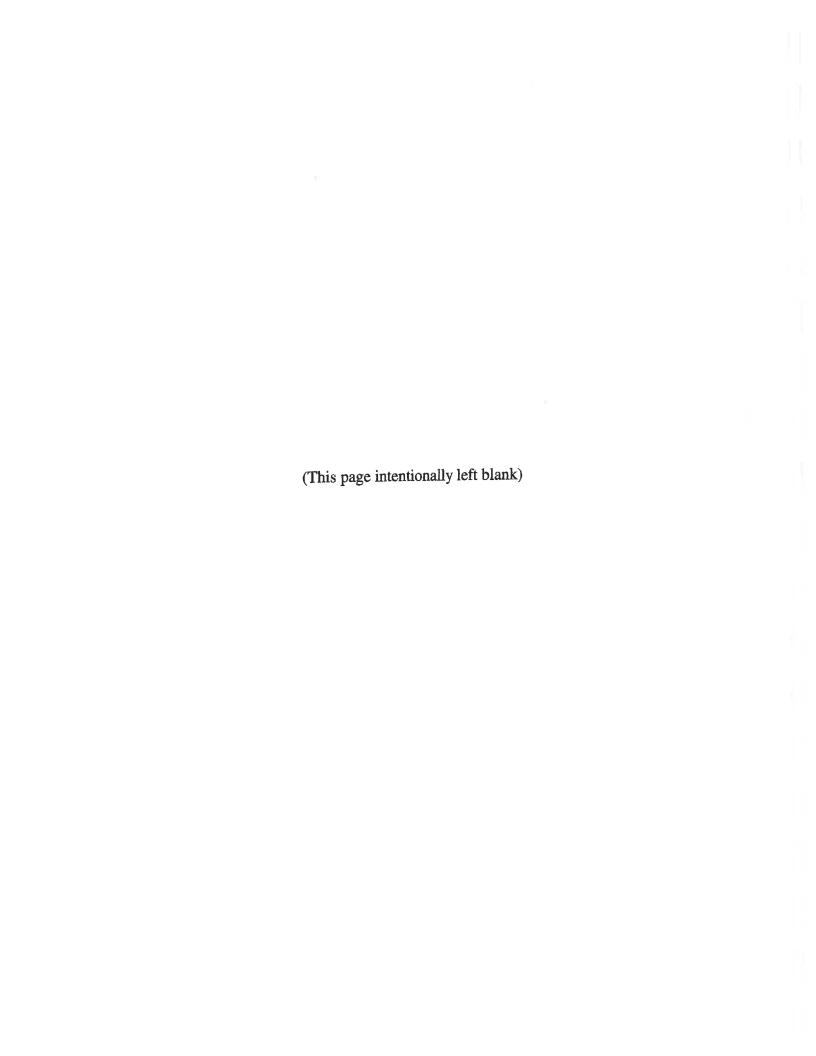
Village of Bronxville, New York

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended May 31, 2019 (With Comparative Actuals for 2018)

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Yar Fin	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		2018 Actual
DEBT SERVICE Principal Serial bond	\$ 1,613,374	\$	1,641,877	₩	1,613,374	↔	28,503	€	1,569,232
Interest Serial bond Bond anticipation notes	350,600 62,250	0 0	355,084 62,250	-	350,600 29,701		4,484		412,607
	2,026,224	4	2,059,211		1,993,675		65,536		1,981,839
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	15,159,162		15,170,462		14,342,333		828,129		14,426,393
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out Public Library Fund Capital Projects Fund	1,298,920	02 '	1,287,620 269,474		1,276,564		11,056		1,289,366
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	1,298,920	ا اھ	1,557,094		1,546,038		11,056		1,656,071
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ 16,458,082	82	16,727,556	₩.	15,888,371	₩	839,185	69	16,082,464

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

	2019	2018
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Due from other funds Due from other governments	\$ 1,705,043 28,575	\$ 4,577,673 - 155,938
Total Assets	\$ 1,733,618	\$ 4,733,611
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)		
Liabilities Accounts payable Bond anticipation notes payable Unearned revenues	\$ 345,954 2,025,000 ——————————————————————————————————	\$ 947,762 4,379,963 4,927
Total Liabilities	2,370,954	5,332,652
Fund balance (Deficit) Restricted Unassigned	13,690 (651,026)	8,621 (607,662)
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)	(637,336)	(599,041)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$ 1,733,618	\$ 4,733,611



Capital Projects Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance
Years Ended May 31,

		2019	_	2018
REVENUES	\$	5,069	\$	8,621
Use of money and property State aid	φ	155,589	Ψ	470,938
Federal aid		100,000		711,329
Miscellaneous		255,795		45,443
Total Revenues	-	416,453	_	1,236,331
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service				
Interest		-		80,500
Capital outlay		3,588,335	_	3,941,329
Total Expenditures	_	3,588,335		4,021,829
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(3,171,882)		(2,785,498)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Bonds issued		2,829,963		-
Transfers in		303,624		366,705
Transfers out		-		(6,000)
Total Other Financing Sources		3,133,587	,	360,705
Net Change in Fund Balance		(38,295)		(2,424,793)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)				
Beginning of Year		(599,041)		1,825,752
End of Year	\$	(637,336)	\$	(599,041)

Capital Projects Fund Project-Length Schedule Inception of Project Through May 31, 2019

			Expenditures and
PROJECT	App	ropriation	Transfers
	•	E 004	\$ -
Administrative PC's	\$	5,084 117,546	95,921
General Government Improvements		17,000	5,809
Building Department Computer		27,000	5,005
Building Department Handheld Hardware and Software		15,000	_
Building Department Hd File Cabinet/Storage Units		18,000	_
Building Department Large Scale Plotter/Scan		145,000	63,349
Building Department Records Archive/Storage		12,000	00,040
Building Department Scanner/Copier		2,670	_
Building Department It Construction Services		115,000	81,759
Cable System Upgrade Fios		10,000	3,840
Bacon Woods Park Improvements		5,700	3,589
Dogwood Park (Tennis Court Area) Improvements		75,000	5,505
Central Garage Roof Repair		15,000	4,857
Police Department Emergency Equipment		8,610	8,609
Power Washer		10,500	174
Computers Garage/Office		377,722	198,802
Facility Construction		6,104	6,104
Tommy Gate for Truck		15,000	11,318
Salt Hopper		5,000	360
Personal Protection Equipment		203,836	300
Garbage Truck Chassis		203,830 35,167	32,025
Dpw Vehicles		11,000	400
Fence and Guardrail		6,000	
GPS Equipment/Software		22,500	18,987
Irrigation Systems		7,603	7,029
Courtroom and Hallway Security Cameras		9,700	7,020
Justice Court Comp Hardware and Software		15,584	12,458
Justice Court Security Equipment		15,000	4,547
Leaf Vacuum Parts		48,000	22,500
Leaf Vacuum		13,173	555
Library Computers		650,000	43,405
Library HVAC System		30,700	12,652
Library Interior Painting		8,300	4,135
Library Roof Repair		30,000	18,572
Library Yeager Room AV Improvements		9,650	8,870
Pondfield Road Overpass Yellow Flag Remed		19,508	6,080
Meter Trax Equipment Parking Meters and Related Equip and Inst		40,000	-
Parking Meters and Related Equip and Inst		8,055	_
Parking Oracle Db Software		68,000	51,549
Parking Study Dolph Rotfeld		00,000	01,070

·	Unexpended Balance		Revenues and Transfers		nd Balance (Deficit) at ay 31, 2019	Bond Anticipation Notes Out- standing at May 31, 2019		
\$	5,084	\$	5,084	\$	5,084	\$	_	
Ψ	21,625	Ψ	92,547	Ψ	(3,374)	•	25,000	
	11,191		17,000		11,191		_	
	27,000		27,000		27,000		-	
	15,000		15,000		15,000		-	
	18,000		18,000		18,000		-	
	81,651		145,000		81,651		-	
	12,000		12,000		12,000		-	
	2,670		2,670		2,670		-	
	33,241		115,000		33,241		-	
	6,160		-		(3,840)		-	
	2,111		5,700		2,111		-	
	75,000		75,000		75,000		-	
	10,143 1		15,000		10,143 (8,609)		_	
	10,326		10,500		10,326		_	
	178,920		377,721		178,919		_	
	170,520		017,721		(6,104)		_	
	3,682		11,318		(0, . 0 .)		_	
	4,640		5,000		4,640		_	
	203,836		87,334		87,334		-	
	3,142		35,167		3,142		-	
	10,600		11,000		10,600		-	
	6,000		6,000		6,000		-	
	3,513		22,500		3,513		-	
	574		7,603		574		-	
	9,700		9,700		9,700		-	
	3,126		15,584		3,126		-	
	10,453		15,000		10,453		-	
	25,500 12,618		48,000		25,500		-	
	12,618 606,595		5,380 34,150		4,825 (9,255)		-	
	18,048		30,700		18,048		_	
	4,165		8,300		4,165		_	
	11,428		25,454		6,882			
	780		20,707		(8,870)		_	
	13,428		19,507		13,427		_	
	40,000		-				-	
	8,055		8,055		8,055		-	
	16,451		61,652		10,103		-	

(Continued)

PROJECT	A	ppropriation		xpenditures and Transfers
Maltby Parking Lot	\$	26,000	\$	25,502
Avalon Parking Lot	,	2,318,907	·	2,048,795
Kensington Garage Signage, Striping		20,319		10,095
Kensington Garage Security Doors		25,000		-
Parking Meters and Related Installment Expense		40,000		-
Parking Permit Software		15,000		
Parking Ticket Software Enhancement		25,000		-
Police Department Office Furniture		5,000		3,524
Police Department Computers		3,298		-
Police Department Radios		50,000		34,644
PD #30 Ford Explorer Vin XXB13107		66,434		54,689
Security Cameras (various locations)		9,600		9,518
Recycling Bins		5,000		4,818
Repair Milburn Stair Railing		5,000		4,030
Repairs To Avon Road Pillars		10,000		(1,592)
Sanitary Sewer Upgrades		1,603,903		1,386,558
Storm Drainage Repair 2015-16		36,254		16,530
Landscaping		43,900		36,400
Street and Curb Restoration 2016/2017/2019		1,200,000		1,077,324
Street Lighting		625,000		623,694
Street Name Sign Restoration		38,181		32,695
Paddle Court Upgrades		33,120		33,120
Tennis Court Repairs		50,000		
Traffic Light Installation Midland/Pondfield		135,000		43,089
Traffic Signal Upgrades at Kradt and Midland Avenue		8,550		8,550
Traffic Signal Pole Pondfield and Gramatan		40,282		40,282
Pedestrian Signal Pole Pondfield and Tanglewylde		9,750		9,750
Traffic Sign Restoration		13,000		-
Treasurer Department Back-Up File Conversion		20,000		-
Treasurer Server; Laser-Rps and Exchange		48,000		24,517
Treasurer/Admin Furniture		2,467		-
Treasurer Computer Software		92,330		40,306
Treasurer Mainframe Computers		64,325		28,864
Village Hall Elevator Emergency Recall		5,000		-
Village Hall Telephone System Upgrade		35,000		15,580
Village Hall Heat Pump Replacement		10,000		8,335
Wellington Circle Irrigation		10,000		-
Village Hall Furniture and Furn Restoration		15,000		•
Village Hall Trustee Room Rehab		72,000		68,965
Village Hall Lower Level Conference Room Furniture		27,000		7,000
Village Hall Rail Repainting		4,000		-
Village Revaluation		65,000		51,937
Comprehensive Plan		125,000		111,533
East Alley Sidewalk Repairs	-	7,100		
	\$	9,318,432		6,587,307

ι	Jnexpended Balance	Revenues and Transfers		nd Balance (Deficit) at ay 31, 2019		Bond Anticipation Notes Out- standing at May 31, 2019
\$	498 270,112	\$ 43,907	\$	(25,502) (2,004,888)	\$	2,000,000
	10,224	20,319		10,224		-
	25,000 40,000	15,482		15,482 40,000		-
	40,000 15,000	40,000 15,000		15,000		_
	25,000	25,000		25,000		-
	1,476	5,000		1,476		_
	3,298	3,298		3,298		_
	15,356	43,262		8,618		_
	11,745	55,000		311		-
	82	9,518		-		-
	182	5,000		182		-
	970	5,000		970		-
	11,592	10,000		11,592		-
	217,345	1,603,903		217,345		-
	19,724	36,254		19,724 7,500		-
	7,500 122,676	43,900 1,102,249		7,500 24,925		_
	1,306	612,805		(10,889)		_
	5,486	33,744		1,049		_
	5,466	12,624		(20,496)		_
	50,000	47,376		47,376		_
	91,911	135,000		91,911		_
	_	-		(8,550)		-
	_	-		(40,282)		_
	-	7,250		(2,500)		-
	13,000	13,000		13,000		-
	20,000	20,000		20,000		-
	23,483	48,000		23,483		-
	2,467	2,467		2,467		-
	52,024	92,330		52,024		-
	35,461	64,325		35,461		-
	5,000	5,000		5,000		-
	19,420	24,542		8,962		-
	1,665	10,000		1,665		-
	10,000	10,000		10,000		-
	15,000	15,000		15,000 3,035		-
	3,035	72,000 27,000				-
	20,000 4,000	27,000 4,000		20,000 4,000		-
	13,063	4,000 65,000		13,063		~
	13,467	125,000		13,467		-
	7,100	 7,100	,	7,100	<u>, </u>	
\$	2,731,125	\$ 5,936,281	\$	(651,026)	\$	2,025,000

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds May 31, 2019 (With Comparative Totals for 2018)

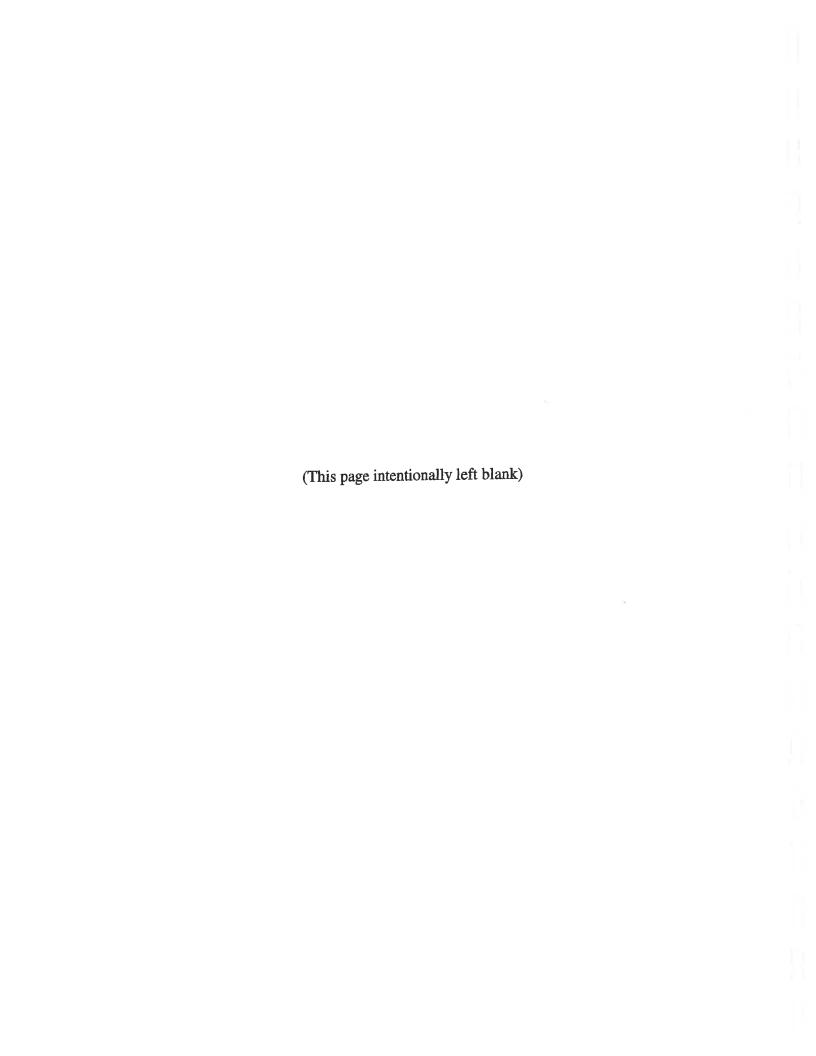
ACCETO	-	Public Library Fund		Special Purpose Fund	Pe	ermanent Fund
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	130,478	\$	232,810	\$	75,161
Due from other funds	_					
Total Assets	\$	130,478	\$	232,810	\$	75,161
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	32	\$	_
Accrued liabilities	•	395	•	_	•	-
Due to other funds		28,575			_	
Total Liabilities	_	28,970	_	32	_	
Fund balances						
Nonspendable		-		-		53,711
Restricted		-		232,778		21,450
Assigned		101,508	_		_	
Total Fund Balances	_	101,508	_	232,778	_	75,161
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	130,478	\$	232,810	\$	75,161

_	Т	otals	
	2019		2018
\$	438,449 -	\$	416,900 1,548
\$	438,449	\$	418,448
\$	32 395 28,575	\$	15,642
_	29,002		15,642
	20,002		10,042
-	53,711 254,228 101,508	-	53,711 237,114 111,981
	409,447		402,806
\$	438,449	\$	418,448

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended May 31, 2019
(With Comparative Totals for 2018)

	 Public Library Fund		Special Purpose Fund		manent Fund
REVENUES		_		•	
Departmental income	\$ 12,395	\$	- 075	\$	- 118
Use of money and property	5,005 5,003		375		110
State aid	5,022		34,209		_
Miscellaneous	 30,396	03	34,203		
Total Revenues	 52,818	0	34,584		118_
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government support	1,891		-		-
Culture and recreation	1,007,528		17,588		-
Employee benefits	257,770		-		-
Debt service					
Principal	31,626		-		-
Interest	 6,890	_			
Total Expenditures	 1,305,705		17,588	-	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(1,252,887)		16,996		118
Over Expenditures	(1,252,667)	-	10,990		110
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			<i>**</i>		
Transfers in	1,276,564		-		-
Transfers out	(34,150)				
Transfer Sut					
Total Other Financing Sources	 1,242,414	_		-	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(10,473)		16,996		118
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year	111,981		215,782		75,043
End of Year	\$ 101,508	\$	232,778	\$	75,161

_	Tot	tals	
	2019		2018
\$	12,395 5,498 5,022 64,605	\$	15,589 4,151 2,833 72,429
-	87,520		95,002
	1,891 1,025,116 257,770		1,863 1,048,859 252,323
	31,626 6,890		30,768 8,102
	1,323,293		1,341,915
_	(1,235,773)	_	(1,246,913)
	1,276,564 (34,150)		1,295,366
	1,242,414		1,295,366
	6,641		48,453
	402,806		354,353
\$	409,447	\$	402,806



Public Library Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

2019		2018
\$ 130,478	\$	113,023
\$ -	\$	1,042
395		_
 28,575	_	
 28,970	_	1,042
 101,508		111,981
\$ 130,478	\$	113,023
	\$ 130,478 \$ - 395 28,575 28,970	\$ 130,478 \$ \$ - \$ 395 28,575 28,970

Public Library Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended May 31,

REVENUES Pinal Budget Final Budget Actual Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) REVENUES \$ 20,000 \$ 20,000 \$ 12,395 \$ (7,605) Use of money and property 3,000 3,000 5,005 2,005 State aid 2,750 2,750 5,022 2,272 Miscellaneous 38,660 38,660 30,396 (8,284) Total Revenues 64,410 64,410 52,818 (11,592) EXPENDITURES State aid 1,022,914 1,073,880 1,007,528 68,352 Current 301,700 288,284 257,770 30,514 Culture and recreation 1,092,914 1,073,880 1,007,528 68,352 Employee benefits 301,700 288,284 257,770 30,514 Debt service 1,1448,330 1,402,880 1,3626 - Interest 6,890 6,890 6,890 6,890 6,890 Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,283,920 1,287,620 1,276,564 (11,		2019							
Departmental income		•		Actual	Final Budget Positive				
Use of money and property 3,000 3,000 5,005 2,005 State aid 2,750 2,750 5,022 2,272 Miscellaneous 38,660 38,660 30,396 (8,264) Total Revenues 64,410 64,410 52,818 (11,592) EXPENDITURES Current General government support 15,200 2,200 1,891 309 Culture and recreation 1,092,914 1,073,880 1,007,528 66,352 Employee benefits 301,700 288,284 257,770 30,514 Debt service Principal 31,626 31,626 31,626 - Principal 31,626 31,626 31,626 - Interest 6,890 6,890 6,890 97,175 Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures (1,383,920) (1,338,470) (1,252,887) 85,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 1,298,920 1,287,620 1,276,564 (11,056) Transfers out		e 20.000	¢ 20,000	¢ 12.305	¢ (7.605)				
State aid 2,750 2,750 5,022 2,272 Miscellaneous 38,660 38,660 30,396 (8,264) Total Revenues 64,410 64,410 52,818 (11,592) EXPENDITURES Current General government support 15,200 2,200 1,891 309 Culture and recreation 1,092,914 1,073,880 1,007,528 66,352 Employee benefits 301,700 288,284 257,770 30,514 Debt service Principal 31,626 31,626 31,626 - Principal 31,626 31,626 31,626 - - Interest 6,890 6,890 6,890 - - Total Expenditures 1,448,330 1,402,880 1,305,705 97,175 Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures (1,383,920) (1,338,470) (1,252,887) 85,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 1 1,276,564 (11,056) Transfers in 1,298,920 1,287,620 <t< td=""><td>·</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td></t<>	·				•				
Miscellaneous 38,660 38,660 30,396 (8,264) Total Revenues 64,410 64,410 52,818 (11,592) EXPENDITURES Current 30,000 2,200 1,891 309 Culture and recreation 1,092,914 1,073,880 1,007,528 66,352 Employee benefits 301,700 288,284 257,770 30,514 Debt service Principal 31,626 31,626 31,626 - Interest 6,890 6,890 6,890 - - Total Expenditures 1,448,330 1,402,880 1,305,705 97,175 Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures (1,383,920) (1,338,470) (1,252,887) 85,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 1,298,920 1,287,620 1,276,564 (11,056) Transfers out - (34,150) (34,150) - Total Other Financing Sources 1,298,920 1,253,470 1,242,414 (11,056) Net Change		•		•	·				
EXPENDITURES Current 15,200 2,200 1,891 309 Culture and recreation culture and recreation culture and recreation explored per principal service 15,200 2,200 1,891 309 Employee benefits benefits betwice 301,700 288,284 257,770 30,514 Debt service Principal service Principal service 31,626 31,626 31,626 - Interest service Principal services 6,890 6,890 6,890 - Total Expenditures services (1,383,920) 1,402,880 1,305,705 97,175 Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures (1,383,920) (1,338,470) (1,252,887) 85,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 1,298,920 1,287,620 1,276,564 (11,056) Transfers in 1,298,920 1,287,620 (34,150) (34,150) - - Total Other Financing Sources 1,298,920 1,253,470 1,242,414 (11,056) - Net Change in Fund Balance (85,000) (85,000) (10,473) 74,527 74,527 FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 85,000 85,000 111,981 26,981		•	•	·					
EXPENDITURES Current General government support 15,200 2,200 1,891 309 Culture and recreation 1,092,914 1,073,880 1,007,528 66,352 Employee benefits 301,700 288,284 257,770 30,514 Debt service Principal 31,626 31,626 31,626 - Interest 6,890 6,890 6,890 - - Total Expenditures 1,448,330 1,402,880 1,305,705 97,175 Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures (1,383,920) (1,338,470) (1,252,887) 85,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 1,298,920 1,287,620 1,276,564 (11,056) Total Other Financing Sources 1,298,920 1,253,470 1,242,414 (11,056) Net Change in Fund Balance (85,000) (85,000) (10,473) 74,527 FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 85,000 85,000 111,981 26,981	Miscellarieous		30,000		(0,201)				
Current General government support Culture and recreation 15,200 2,200 1,891 309 Culture and recreation 1,092,914 1,073,880 1,007,528 66,352 Employee benefits 301,700 288,284 257,770 30,514 Debt service Principal 31,626 31,626 31,626 - Interest 6,890 6,890 6,890 - Total Expenditures 1,448,330 1,402,880 1,305,705 97,175 Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures (1,383,920) (1,338,470) (1,252,887) 85,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 1,298,920 1,287,620 1,276,564 (11,056) Total Other Financing Sources 1,298,920 1,253,470 1,242,414 (11,056) Net Change in Fund Balance (85,000) (85,000) (10,473) 74,527 FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 85,000 85,000 111,981 26,981	Total Revenues	64,410	64,410	52,818	(11,592)				
Culture and recreation 1,092,914 1,073,880 1,007,528 66,352 Employee benefits 301,700 288,284 257,770 30,514 Debt service Principal 31,626 31,626 31,626 - Interest 6,890 6,890 6,890 - - Total Expenditures 1,448,330 1,402,880 1,305,705 97,175 Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures (1,383,920) (1,338,470) (1,252,887) 85,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 1,298,920 1,287,620 1,276,564 (11,056) Transfers out - (34,150) (34,150) - Total Other Financing Sources 1,298,920 1,253,470 1,242,414 (11,056) Net Change in Fund Balance (85,000) (85,000) (10,473) 74,527 FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 85,000 85,000 111,981 26,981									
Employee benefits 301,700 288,284 257,770 30,514 Debt service 31,626 31,626 31,626 - Interest 6,890 6,890 6,890 - Total Expenditures 1,448,330 1,402,880 1,305,705 97,175 Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures (1,383,920) (1,338,470) (1,252,887) 85,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 1,298,920 1,287,620 1,276,564 (11,056) Transfers out - (34,150) (34,150) - Total Other Financing Sources 1,298,920 1,253,470 1,242,414 (11,056) Net Change in Fund Balance (85,000) (85,000) (10,473) 74,527 FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 85,000 85,000 111,981 26,981	General government support	15,200	2,200	1,891					
Debt service Principal Interest 31,626 31,626 31,626 - 31,626 - 31,626 - 31,626 31,626 31,626 31,626	Culture and recreation	1,092,914	1,073,880	1,007,528	•				
Principal Interest 31,626 6,890 31,626 6,890 6,890 6,890 - Total Expenditures 1,448,330 1,402,880 1,305,705 97,175 Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures (1,383,920) (1,338,470) (1,252,887) 85,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out 1,298,920 1,287,620 1,276,564 (11,056) Transfers out - (34,150) (34,150) - Total Other Financing Sources 1,298,920 1,253,470 1,242,414 (11,056) Net Change in Fund Balance (85,000) (85,000) (10,473) 74,527 FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 85,000 85,000 111,981 26,981	Employee benefits	301,700	288,284	257,770	30,514				
Interest 6,890 6,890 6,890 - Total Expenditures 1,448,330 1,402,880 1,305,705 97,175 Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures (1,383,920) (1,338,470) (1,252,887) 85,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 3000 1,287,620 1,276,564 (11,056) Transfers in Transfers out Transfers out Transfers out Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources 1,298,920 1,253,470 1,242,414 (11,056) Net Change in Fund Balance (85,000) (85,000) (10,473) 74,527 FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 85,000 85,000 111,981 26,981	Debt service								
Total Expenditures 1,448,330 1,402,880 1,305,705 97,175 Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures (1,383,920) (1,338,470) (1,252,887) 85,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 1,298,920 1,287,620 1,276,564 (11,056) Transfers out - (34,150) (34,150) - Total Other Financing Sources 1,298,920 1,253,470 1,242,414 (11,056) Net Change in Fund Balance (85,000) (85,000) (10,473) 74,527 FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 85,000 85,000 111,981 26,981	Principal	31,626	*	•	•				
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures (1,383,920) (1,338,470) (1,252,887) 85,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 1,298,920 1,287,620 1,276,564 (11,056) Transfers out - (34,150) (34,150) - Total Other Financing Sources 1,298,920 1,253,470 1,242,414 (11,056) Net Change in Fund Balance (85,000) (85,000) (10,473) 74,527 FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 85,000 85,000 111,981 26,981	Interest	6,890	6,890_	6,890					
Expenditures (1,383,920) (1,338,470) (1,252,887) 85,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out 1,298,920 1,287,620 1,276,564 (11,056) Transfers out - (34,150) - - Total Other Financing Sources 1,298,920 1,253,470 1,242,414 (11,056) Net Change in Fund Balance (85,000) (85,000) (10,473) 74,527 FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 85,000 85,000 111,981 26,981	Total Expenditures	1,448,330	1,402,880	1,305,705	97,175				
Expenditures (1,383,920) (1,338,470) (1,252,887) 85,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out 1,298,920 1,287,620 1,276,564 (11,056) Transfers out - (34,150) - - Total Other Financing Sources 1,298,920 1,253,470 1,242,414 (11,056) Net Change in Fund Balance (85,000) (85,000) (10,473) 74,527 FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 85,000 85,000 111,981 26,981	Deficiency of Revenues Over								
SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out 1,298,920 1,287,620 1,276,564 (11,056) Total Other Financing Sources 1,298,920 1,253,470 1,242,414 (11,056) Net Change in Fund Balance (85,000) (85,000) (10,473) 74,527 FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 85,000 85,000 111,981 26,981	· ·	(1,383,920)	(1,338,470)	(1,252,887)	85,583				
Transfers out - (34,150) (34,150) - Total Other Financing Sources 1,298,920 1,253,470 1,242,414 (11,056) Net Change in Fund Balance (85,000) (85,000) (10,473) 74,527 FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 85,000 85,000 111,981 26,981									
Total Other Financing Sources 1,298,920 1,253,470 1,242,414 (11,056) Net Change in Fund Balance (85,000) (85,000) (10,473) 74,527 FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 85,000 85,000 111,981 26,981	Transfers in	1,298,920	1,287,620	1,276,564	(11,056)				
Net Change in Fund Balance (85,000) (85,000) (10,473) 74,527 FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 85,000 85,000 111,981 26,981	Transfers out		(34,150)	(34,150)	· -				
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 85,000 85,000 111,981 26,981	Total Other Financing Sources	1,298,920	1,253,470	1,242,414	(11,056)				
Beginning of Year <u>85,000</u> 85,000 111,981 26,981	Net Change in Fund Balance	(85,000)	(85,000)	(10,473)	74,527				
End of Year <u>\$ - \$ 101,508</u> <u>\$ 101,508</u>		85,000	85,000	111,981	26,981				
	End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 101,508	\$ 101,508				

2018									
	Original Fina Budget Budge				Actual		riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)		
\$	23,000 2,500 2,300 30,500	\$	23,000 2,500 2,300 30,500	\$	15,589 3,761 2,833 16,677	\$	(7,411) 1,261 533 (13,823)		
	58,300		58,300		38,860		(19,440)		
1	11,200 ,066,437 290,500		11,200 1,066,437 290,500		1,863 1,021,880 252,323		9,337 44,557 38,177		
	<u>.</u>	i	30,768 8,102		30,768 8,102		<u>-</u>		
1	,368,137	-	1,407,007	_	1,314,936	_	92,071		
(1	,309,837)		1,348,707)	-	(1,276,076)	_	72,631		
1	,348,707 (38,870)	-	1,348,707 		1,289,366 		(59,341)		
1	,309,837		1,348,707		1,289,366		(59,341)		
	-		-		13,290		13,290		
		>		-	98,691		98,691		
\$		\$		\$	111,981	\$	111,981		

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

	 2019	2018
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Due from other funds	\$ 232,810	\$ 228,834 1,548
Total Assets	\$ 232,810	\$ 230,382
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 32	\$ 14,600
Fund balance Restricted	 232,778	 215,782
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 232,810	\$ 230,382

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended May 31,

DEVENUES.	 2019		2018
REVENUES Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$ 375 34,209	\$	281 55,752
Total Revenues	34,584		56,033
EXPENDITURES			
Current Culture and recreation	 17,588		26,979
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	16,996		29,054
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in		_	6,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	16,996		35,054
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	 215,782	R=	180,728
End of Year	\$ 232,778	\$	215,782