Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended May 31, 2016

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees of the Village of Bronxville, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Bronxville, New York ("Village") as of and for the year ended May 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village, as of May 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 2C, and Note 3E, in the notes to financial statements which disclose the effects of the Village's adoption of the provisions of GASB Statement Nos. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and 71 "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date". Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules included under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York November 16, 2016

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
As of May 31, 2016

Introduction

The management of the Village of Bronxville offers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2016 to readers of the Village's financial statements. This document should be read and considered in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which immediately follow this section, in order to enhance the understanding of the Village's financial performance.

Financial Highlights and Comparative Information

- On the government-wide financial statements, at May 31, 2015 the assets of the Village exceeded the liabilities by \$3,813,982. At the conclusion of the fiscal year ended May 31, 2016, assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,973,715.
- ❖ At May 31, 2015, the Village's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$2,434,064. Of this total, \$228,399 is restricted fund balance for expendable trusts. The general fund unassigned fund balance, \$3,230,838, is available for future use. The general fund assigned fund balance, \$495,000, has been designated for use in the 2015/2016 adopted Village budget. The final portion of the fund balance, \$62,018, is non-spendable and represents funds set aside for prepaid expenses of \$8,307 in the general fund, and \$53,711 in the Village's permanent fund for a non-spendable corpus of a Library Trust.
- At May 31, 2016, the Village's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$12,777,733. Of this total, \$243,925 is restricted fund balance for expendable trusts. The general fund unassigned fund balance, \$6,716,551, is available for future use. The general fund assigned fund balance, \$500,000, has been designated for use in the 2016/2017 adopted Village budget. The final portion of the fund balance, \$54,906, is non-spendable and represents funds set aside for prepaid expenses of \$1,195 in the general fund, and \$53,711 in the Village's permanent fund for a non-spendable corpus of a Library Trust.
- ❖ On the Village's Government-wide financial statements, total net position increased by \$554,899. The main factor for the increase was the Village's gain of \$575,000 on the sale of real estate on Kensington Road. There was also a \$45,648 increase from interest and penalties on late property tax payments. State aid increased by \$60,774. There was a \$41,564 decrease in miscellaneous revenue, a \$28,167 decrease in revenue from the sale of property, and a \$32,662 decrease in gross receipt tax revenue.
- ❖ The Village completed the fiscal year with a General Fund operating surplus of \$3,483,601, increasing the fund balance to \$7,217,746. Of that amount, \$6,716,551 remains available for future use, which represents 42% of the Village's subsequent year's adopted budget. Please see the individual fund financial statement section of our report for further information.

For the year ended May 31, 2016, the Village implemented the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting This pronouncement established new accounting and financial reporting for Pensions". requirements associated with the Village's participation in the cost sharing multiple employer pension plans administered by the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS"). Under the new standards, cost-sharing employers are required to report in their government-wide financial statements a net pension liability (asset), pension expense and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all of the municipalities and school districts in the plan. At May 31, 2016, the Village reported in its Statement of Net Position a liability of \$4,238,659 for its proportionate share of the ERS and PFRS net pension liabilities. More detailed information about the Village's pension plan reporting in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, including amounts reported as pension expense and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, is presented in the notes to financial statements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three sections: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Village's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (ex. uncollected taxes and accrued but unused vacation and compensatory leave).

The governmental activities of the Village include general government support, public safety, transportation, culture and recreation, home and community services and debt service interest.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains six individual governmental funds: the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, the Public Library Fund, the Special Purpose Fund, the Debt Service Fund and the Permanent Fund.

The Village adopts annual budgets for the General Fund, Public Library Fund and Debt Service Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the respective budget.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Village programs. The Village maintains one type of fiduciary fund, the Agency Fund. Resources in the Agency Fund are held by the Village purely in a custodial capacity. The activity in this fund is limited to the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of resources to the appropriate individuals, organizations, or governments.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements and include individual fund financial statements and schedules of budgets to actual comparisons.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, over time net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village of Bronxville, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$3,973,715 for fiscal year ended May 31, 2016. A portion of the Village's net position is its investment in capital assets (land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt outstanding that was used to acquire those assets. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens. Consequently,

these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate the debt. The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

	May 31,				
		2016	2015		
Current Assets Capital Assets, net	\$	13,955,945 17,398,398	\$	8,768,954 19,250,375	
Total Assets		31,354,343		28,019,329	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,441,430		165,982	
Current Liabilities		1,285,573		6,456,108	
Long-term Liabilities		29,851,690		17,915,221	
Total Liabilities		31,137,263		24,371,329	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		684,795			
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted		5,260,357 297,636 (1,584,278)		6,543,183 282,110 (3,011,311)	
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	3,973,715	\$	3,813,982	

Portions of the Village's net position (\$297,636 at May 31, 2016, and \$282,110 at May 31, 2015) represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balances of net position are unrestricted (\$1,584,278) at May 31, 2016, and (\$3,011,311) at May 31, 2015.

Change in Net Position

	May 31,			
	2016	2015		
REVENUES				
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 4,212,243	\$ 3,695,376		
Operating Grants and Contributions	171,128	51,915		
Capital Grants and Contributions	496,941	1,036,914		
General Revenues				
Real Property Taxes	8,991,611	8,620,859		
Other Tax Items	158,383	112,735		
Non-Property Taxes	1,267,793	1,284,293		
Unrestricted Use of Money and Property	6,700	8,996		
Sale of property and compensation for loss	34,969	63,136		
Unrestricted State Aid	409,018	348,244		
Miscellaneous	31,214	72,778		
Gain on sale of land	575,000			
Total Revenues	16,355,000	15,295,246		
PROGRAM EXPENSES				
General Government Support	3,206,963	3,404,590		
Public Safety	6,539,410	5,965,937		
Transportation	2,328,239	2,396,961		
Economic Opportunity & Development	2,000	-		
Culture and Recreation	1,802,005	1,722,581		
Home and Community Services	1,586,585	1,606,355		
Interest	334,899	322,519		
Total Expenses	15,800,101	15,418,943		
Change in Net Position	554,899	(123,697)		
NET POSITION				
Beginning, as reported	3,813,982	3,937,679		
Cumulative Effect of Change in Acct Principle	(395,166)	-		
Beginning, as restated	3,418,816	3,937,679		
Ending	\$ 3,973,715	\$ 3,813,982		

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the Village's net position by \$ 554,899. For the fiscal year ended May 31, 2016, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$16,355,000. Real property tax revenues totaled \$8,991,611. Total tax revenues of \$10,417,787, (comprised of real property taxes, other tax items and non-property taxes), represent the largest revenue source (64%).

The largest components of governmental activities' expenses are public safety \$6,539,410 (41.39%), general government support \$3,206,963 (20.30%) and transportation \$2,328,239 (14.74%). Public Safety includes the following: Police, Parking Commission, Safety Inspection, Traffic Control and Lighting. General Government Support includes the following: Mayor, Village Justice, Administrator, Treasurer, Village Offices, Legal and Professional Fees, Cable Television, Central Garage, Unallocated Insurance, Taxes on Village Property, Judgments and Claims and Contingency. Transportation includes the following: Street Administration, Maintenance, Lighting and Snow Removal.

Financial Analysis of the Village's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Fund Balance Reporting

Before getting into this discussion, it is important to note that this year's financial statements again includes the presentation of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. GASB Statement No. 54 abandons the reserved and unreserved classifications of fund balance and replaces them with five new classifications: non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. An explanation of these classifications follows below.

<u>Non-spendable</u> - consists of assets that are inherently non-spendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact, including prepaid items, inventories, long-term portions of loans receivable, financial assets held for resale and principle of endowments.

<u>Restricted</u> - consists of amounts that are subject to extremely enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority before the end of the fiscal year, and that require the same level of formal action to remove the constraint.

<u>Assigned</u> - consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use, established by the government's highest level of decision-making authority, or, by their designated body or official. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund, and in funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance.

<u>Unassigned</u> - represents the residual classification for the government's General Fund, and could report a surplus or a deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification should be used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

These changes were made to reflect spending constraints on resources, rather than availability for appropriations and to bring greater clarity and consistency to fund balance reporting. This pronouncement should result in an improvement in the usefulness of fund balance information.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$12,777,733. Approximately 53% of the ending fund balance, \$6,716,551, constitutes unassigned fund balance. Of the fund balance, \$500,000 has been classified as Assigned in the General Fund and represents the amount estimated for use in the 2016/2017 budget, and \$46,106 has been classified as Assigned in the Library Fund and represents the amount estimated for use in the 2016/2017 fiscal year. The remainder of fund balance is either Nonspendable \$54,906 to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for expenditures paid in the current period for the subsequent period in the General Fund \$1,195 or the corpus of a nonexpendable Library Trust \$53,711; or Capital Projects Fund balance of \$5,216,245, or for Expendable Trusts \$243,925.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Village. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$6,716,551, representing 93.06% of the total General Fund balance of \$7,217,746. When the fiscal year 2015/2016 General Fund budget was adopted, it anticipated the use of \$495,000 of fund balance. Actual results of operations disclosed an increase in the Fund Balance of \$3,483,601. Revenues and other financing sources were \$19,050,468 which was \$2,595,736 greater than the final budget. Expenditures and other financing uses were \$15,566,867 which was \$1,382,865 less than the final budget.

Actual revenue collections were in excess of budget estimates in several areas, including: Non-property taxes \$42,793, Departmental Income \$166,536, Fines and Forfeitures \$104,231, Sale of Land \$2,124,988 and State Aid \$85,209. Operating expenditures in all categories were less than budget: Employee Benefits \$425,301, Culture and Recreation \$5,126, Home and Community Services \$101,283, General Government Support \$100,600, Public Safety \$97,287 and Transportation \$239,398.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final budget for the General Fund revenues and other financing sources is \$16,454,732. The final appropriations budget for the General Fund also changed to \$16,949,732 with a budgeted use of fund balance of \$495,000.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Village's investment in capital assets for governmental activities at May 31, 2016, net of accumulated depreciation, was \$17,398,398. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and construction-in-progress.

Major capital asset activity during the current fiscal year included the following:

	May 31,			
	2016	2015		
Capital Assets, not being depreciated -				
Land	\$ 1,111,450	\$ 4,386,450		
Construction-in-Progress	1,239,035	833,550		
-	2,350,485	5,220,000		
Capital Assets being depreciated:		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Building and Improvements	12,984,232	12,906,659		
Machinery and Equipment	4,837,387	4,321,353		
Infrastructure	8,629,096	6,917,855		
Total assets being depreciated	26,450,715	24,145,867		
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Building and Improvements	4,864,413	4,473,716		
Machinery and Equipment	2,692,390	2,445,745		
Infrastructure	3,845,999	3,196,031		
Total accumulated depreciation	11,402,802	10,115,492		
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 15,047,913	\$ 14,030,375		
Capital Assets, net	\$ 17,398,398	\$ 19,250,375		

Long-Term Debt/Short-Term Debt

Moody's Investors Services has assigned an Aaa bond rating to the Village's outstanding debt.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had total bonded debt outstanding of \$17,290,000. As required by New York State Law, all bonds issued by the Village are general obligation bonds, backed by the full faith and credit of the Village.

Known as the "constitutional debt limit", and pursuant to New York State Local Finance Law §104, the Village must limit total outstanding long-term and short-term debt to no more than 7% of the five-year average full valuation of real property. At May 31, 2016, the Village's five year average full valuation was \$2,817,878,836, thereby establishing a constitutional debt limit for the year ending May 31, 2016 of \$197,251,519. Total outstanding Village debt of \$17,290,000 at May 31, 2016 leaves a remaining debt margin (available debt capacity) of \$179,961,519 (or 91.23%).

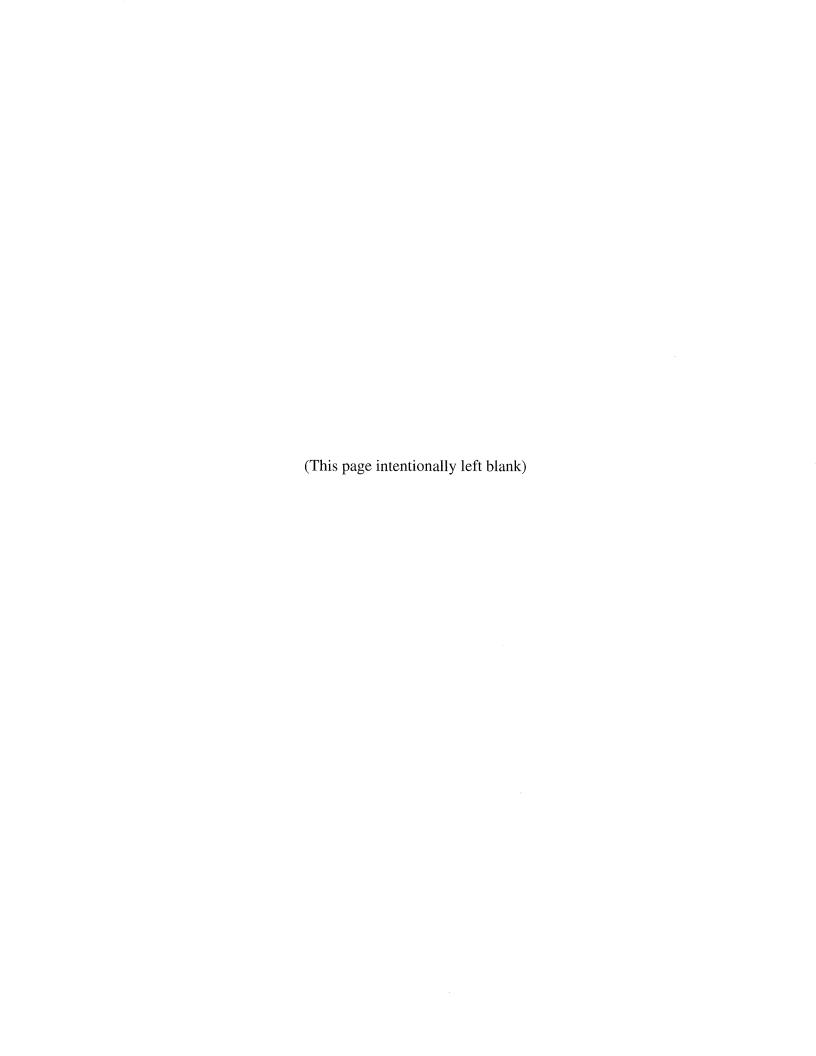
Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Tax Rate

While the stock market and real estate markets are starting to reflect a more stabilized environment, the high unemployment rate continues to put stress on our nation's economy. Despite the foregoing, the Village has seen some continued modest improvements in its revenue sources. As a result, projections for General Fund estimated revenue in the 2016/2017 budget have been adjusted. The Village Administration continues to monitor operating revenues and expenditures to try and identify areas of possible savings.

The Village appropriated \$500,000 of its general fund balance to balance the 2016/2017 adopted budget, representing 7% of total general fund balance at May 31, 2016.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village of Bronxville's finances for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2016. Questions and comments concerning any of the information provided in this report should be addressed to Lori Voss, Village Treasurer, Village of Bronxville, 200 Pondfield Road Bronxville, New York, 10708.



Statement of Net Position May 31, 2016

ASSETS	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 13,276,953
Receivables	
Accounts	75,654
Due from other governments	602,143
Prepaid expenses	1,195
Capital assets	
Not being depreciated	2,350,485
Being depreciated, net	 15,047,913
Total Assets	 31,354,343
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4,441,430
	 1, 11 1, 100
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	563,966
Accrued liabilities	135,749
Due to retirement systems	172,453
Unearned revenues	306,044
Accrued interest payable	107,361
Non-current liabilities	4 = 4 = 400
Due within one year	1,515,000
Due in more than one year	 28,336,690
Total Liabilities	 31,137,263
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	684,795
NET POSITION	
NET POSITION	E 260 257
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	5,260,357
Special purposes	222,757
Permanent Fund	74,879
Unrestricted	(1,584,278)
Total Net Position	\$ 3,973,715

Statement of Activities Year Ended May 31, 2016

			Program Revenues					
				Operating		Capital		
			(Charges for	G	rants and	G	rants and
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions	
Governmental activities			***************************************		***************************************		,	
General government support	\$	3,206,963	\$	1,749,327	\$	25,676	\$	-
Public safety		6,539,410		84,724		-		-
Health		-		51,578				
Transportation		2,328,239		2,194,803		15,415		176,906
Economic opportunity and								
development		2,000		-		_		_
Culture and recreation		1,802,005		96,208		130,037		175,363
Home and community								
services		1,586,585		35,603		_		141,047
Interest		334,899		-		_		3,625
Total Governmental								
Activities	\$	15,800,101	\$	4,212,243	\$	171,128	\$	496,941

General revenues

Real property taxes

Other tax items

Interest and penalties on real property taxes

Non-property taxes

Non-property tax distribution from County

Utilities gross receipts taxes

Unrestricted use of money and property

Sale of property and compensation for loss

Unrestricted State aid

Miscellaneous

Gain on sale of land

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

NET POSITION

Beginning, as reported

Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle

Beginning, as restated

Ending

	et (Expense)
	evenue and
	Changes in
	Net Position
\$	(1,431,960)
·	(6,454,686)
	51,578
	58,885
	(2,000)
	(1,400,397)
	,
	(1,409,935)
	(331,274)
Se ·	
***	(10,919,789)
	8,991,611
	158,383
	920,814
	346,979
	6,700
	34,969
	409,018
	31,214
	575,000
	11,474,688
	554,899
	3,813,982
	(395,166)
	(555, 155)
	3,418,816
\$	3,973,715

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds May 31, 2016

ASSETS	General	Capital Projects
Cash and equivalents	\$ 7,466,715	\$ 5,451,936
Receivables Accounts Due from other governments Due from other funds	75,640 440,194 515,834	161,949 161,949
Prepaid expenditures	1,195	
Total Assets	\$ 7,983,744	\$ 5,613,885
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to retirement systems Unearned revenues Total Liabilities	\$ 200,072 97,019 1,337 172,453 295,117 765,998	\$ 354,793 31,920 - 10,927 397,640
Fund balances Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances	1,195 500,000 6,716,551 7,217,746	5,216,245 - - 5,216,245
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 7,983,744	\$ 5,613,885
	, 1 - 1 - 1	

	Non-Major overnmental	Total Governmental Funds			
\$	358,302	\$	13,276,953		
	14		75,654 602,143		
	1,410		1,410		
	1,424		679,207		
			1,195		
\$	359,726	\$	13,957,355		
\$	9,101 6,810 73 -	\$	563,966 135,749 1,410 172,453 306,044		
	15,984		1,179,622		
	53,711 243,925 46,106		54,906 5,460,170 546,106 6,716,551		
	343,742		12,777,733		
\$	359,726	\$	13,957,355		

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position May 31, 2016

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 12,777,733
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	17,398,398
Governmental funds do not reflect the effect of assets or liabilities related to net pension assets (liabilities) or loss on refunding bonds whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities	
Deferred amounts on refunding bonds	149,384
Deferred amounts on net pension assets (liabilities)	3,607,251
	 3,756,635
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.	
Accrued interest payable	(107,361)
Bonds payable	(17,821,219)
Net pension liability	(4,238,659)
Compensated absences	(450,408)
Other post employment benefit obligations payable	 (7,341,404)
	 (29,959,051)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 3,973,715

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended May 31, 2016

REVENUES		General		Capital Projects	Non-Major Governmental	G	Total overnmental Funds
Real property taxes	\$	8,991,611	\$	-	\$ -	\$	8,991,611
Other tax items	·	158,383	•	-	-	·	158,383
Non-property taxes		1,267,793		-	-		1,267,793
Departmental income		2,442,936		-	22,620		2,465,556
Use of money and property		28,040		-	8,163		36,203
Licenses and permits		756,296		-			756,296
Fines and forfeitures		974,231		-	-		974,231
Sale of property and compensation for loss		19,981		-	-		19,981
Interfund revenues		63,705		-	-		63,705
State aid		450,109		234,879	2,714		687,702
Federal aid		6,361		33,074			39,435
Miscellaneous		26,034		225,363	116,424		367,821
Total Revenues	····	15,185,480	_	493,316	149,921		15,828,717
EXPENDITURES Current							
General government support		2,211,557		-	1,890		2,213,447
Public safety		3,589,397		-	=		3,589,397
Transportation		1,195,571		-	-		1,195,571
Economic opportunity and development		2,000		-	-		2,000
Culture and recreation		118,579		-	1,060,597		1,179,176
Home and community services		784,120		-	-		784,120
Employee benefits		3,359,816		-	259,944		3,619,760
Debt service					4 070 000		4 070 000
Principal		- 42,679		-	1,070,000		1,070,000
Interest		42,679		2 904 622	315,379		358,058
Capital outlay	-	_		2,891,623			2,891,623
Total Expenditures		11,303,719	_	2,891,623	2,707,810		16,903,152
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		0 004 704		(0.000.007)	(0.557.000)		(4.074.405)
Over Expenditures		3,881,761		(2,398,307)	(2,557,889)		(1,074,435)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Bonds issued	-28	-		7,255,000	-		7,255,000
Issuance premium		-		-	298,116		298,116
Sale of land		3,864,988		4 004 744	-		3,864,988
Transfers in		- (4.000.440)		1,961,744	2,345,912		4,307,656
Transfers out		(4,263,148)	_	_	(44,508)		(4,307,656)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(398,160)		9,216,744	2,599,520		11,418,104
Net Change in Fund Balances		3,483,601		6,818,437	41,631		10,343,669
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)							
Beginning of Year		3,734,145		(1,602,192)	302,111		2,434,064
End of Year	\$	7,217,746	<u>\$</u>	5,216,245	\$ 343,742	\$	12,777,733

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended May 31, 2016

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:		
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	10,343,669
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This amount may be less than total capital outlay since capital outlay includes amounts that are under the capitalization threshold.		
Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense		2,821,556 (1,398,533)
		1,423,023
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
* Principal paid on bonds		1,070,000
Issuance premium		(298,116)
Bonds issued		(7,255,000)
Amortization of loss on refunding and issuance premium		9,302
	¥	(6,473,814)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Sale of land		(3,850,000)
Gain on sale of land		575,000
		(3,275,000)
	<u> </u>	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued interest		13,857
Compensated absences		(61,720)
Pension liabilities		(236,242)
Other post employment benefit obligations		(1,178,874)
		(1,462,979)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	554,899

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended May 31, 2016

DEVENUES.		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	•	0.007.007	Φ.	0.007.007	Φ.	0.004.044	Φ.	(0.040)
Real property taxes	\$	8,997,827	\$	8,997,827	\$	8,991,611	\$	(6,216)
Other tax items		105,000		105,000		158,383		53,383
Non-property taxes		1,225,000		1,225,000		1,267,793		42,793
Departmental income		2,276,400		2,276,400		2,442,936		166,536
Use of money and property		31,000		31,000		28,040		(2,960)
Licenses and permits		754,000		754,000		756,296		2,296
Fines and forfeitures		870,000		870,000		974,231		104,231
Sale of property and		40.000		40.000		10.001		2.004
compensation for loss		13,000		13,000		19,981		6,981
Interfund revenues		63,705		63,705		63,705		_
State aid		364,900		364,900		450,109		85,209
Federal aid		1,800		1,800		6,361		4,561
Miscellaneous		12,100		12,100		26,034		13,934
Total Revenues		14,714,732		14,714,732		15,185,480		470,748
EXPENDITURES Current								
General government support		2,334,162		2,312,157		2,211,557		100,600
Public safety		3,664,679		3,686,684		3,589,397		97,287
Transportation		1,434,970		1,434,969		1,195,571		239,398
Economic opportunity and development		2,000		2,000		2,000		-
Culture and recreation		120,565		123,705		118,579		5,126
Home and community services		888,542		885,403		784,120		101,283
Employee benefits		3,778,420		3,785,117		3,359,816		425,301
Debt service								
Interest		42,750		42,750		42,679	•	71
Total Expenditures		12,266,088		12,272,785		11,303,719		969,066
Excess of Revenues		0.440.044		0.444.047		0.004.704		4 400 044
Over Expenditures		2,448,644		2,441,947		3,881,761	-	1,439,814
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of land		-		1,740,000		3,864,988		2,124,988
Transfers out		(2,943,644)		(4,676,947)		(4,263,148)		413,799
Total Other Financing Uses		(2,943,644)		(2,936,947)		(398,160)		2,538,787
Net Change in Fund Balance		(495,000)		(495,000)	,	3,483,601		3,978,601
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		495,000		495,000		3,734,145		3,239,145
End of Year	\$	-	\$		\$	7,217,746	\$	7,217,746

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Fund May 31, 2016

	Agency
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	<u>\$ 149,645</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 15,720
Employee payroll deductions	22,683
Deposits	111,242_
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 149,645</u>

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2016

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Village of Bronxville, New York ("Village") was established in 1898 and operates in accordance with Village Law and the various other applicable laws of the State of New York. The Village Board of Trustees is the legislative body responsible for overall operation. The Village Mayor serves as the chief executive officer and the Village Treasurer serves as the chief financial officer. The Village provides the following services to its residents: public safety, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and general and administrative support.

The accounting policies of the Village conform to generally accepted accounting principles for local governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the Village's more significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the Village, b) organizations for which the Village is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Village are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the Village, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the Village's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the Village as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for the interfund services provided and used.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the Village at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The Village does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Village are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances/net position, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The Village maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The Village's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories. in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the Village's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the Village and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

The Village also reports the following non-major governmental funds.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The non-major special revenue funds of the Village are as follows:

Public Library Fund - The Public Library Fund is used to account for the activities of the Village's Public Library.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the Village in accordance with the terms of trust agreements.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Permanent Fund - The Permanent Fund is used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the Village's Library programs.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest, and for financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for and report assets held by the Village in accordance with the terms of a trust agreement.

b. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not Included in Government-Wide Financial Statements) - Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in an agency capacity on behalf of others. The Village's Agency Fund is primarily utilized to account for various deposits that are payable to other jurisdictions or individuals.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. A ninety day availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Property taxes associated with the current fiscal period as well as charges for services and intergovernmental revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Fees and other similar revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are accrued when the expenditure is made. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, net pension liability and other post employment benefit obligations are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2016

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

Deposits and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit with original maturities of less than three months.

The Village's investment policies are governed by State statutes. The Village has adopted its own written investment policy, which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The Village is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The Village has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40 directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the Village's name. The Village's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at May 31, 2016.

The Village was invested only in the above mentioned obligations and, accordingly, was not exposed to any interest rate or credit risk.

Taxes Receivable - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of June 1st and are levied and payable in two installments due in June and December. The Village has the responsibility for the billing and collection of Village and school district taxes and also has the responsibility for conducting tax lien sales and in-rem foreclosure proceedings.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the Village. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures/expenses are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Due From/To Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the Village has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of May 31, 2016,

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods, and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both the government wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent year's budget and/or will benefit such periods. Reported amounts in governmental funds are equally offset by a reservation of fund balance in the fund financial statements, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Inventory - There are no inventory values presented in the balance sheets of the respective funds of the Village. Purchases of inventoriable items at various locations are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and year-end balances at these locations are not material.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the Village chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. For the initial reporting of these infrastructure assets, the Village used actual historical data.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant, equipment and infrastructure of the Village are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	Life in Years					
Class	III Teals					
Buildings and improvements	5-30					
Machinery and equipment	5-10					
Infrastructure	10-30					

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheet.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2016

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Unearned Revenues - Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. In government-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of amounts received in advance and/or grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Unearned revenues in the fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The Village has reported unearned revenues of \$295,117 for parking permit fees received in advance in the General Fund. The Village has also reported unearned revenues of \$10,927 for funds received in advance in the Capital Projects Fund. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Village reported deferred outflows of resources of \$149,384 for a deferred loss on the Village's refunding bonds in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. This amount results from the difference in the carrying amount of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

The Village also reports deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in relation to its pension obligations. These amounts are detailed in the discussion of the Village's pension plans in Note 3E.

Long-Term Liabilities - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expended as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects or Debt Service fund expenditures.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation leave upon separation of service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the government-wide Statement of Net Position as current and long-term liabilities, as applicable. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Pension Liability - The net pension liability represents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions made Subsequent to the Measurement Date".

Net Position - Net position represent the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Village or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position on the Statement of Net Position includes, net investment in capital assets, restricted special purposes and Permanent Fund. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Village is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification is used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Village Board of Trustees is the highest level of decision making authority for the Village that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the Village removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Village Board of Trustees.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained either by policies of the Village Board of Trustees for amounts assigned for balancing the subsequent year's budget or the Village Treasurer for amounts assigned for encumbrances. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2016

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all funds except the General Fund includes all remaining amounts, except for negative balances, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Village's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Village's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General and Public Library funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are generally reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. The Village has not implemented an encumbrance system.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is November 16, 2016.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The Village generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) On or before March 20th, the budget officer submits to the Board of Trustees a tentative operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following June 1st. The tentative budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing.
- b) The Board of Trustees, on or before March 31st, meets to discuss and review the tentative budget.
- c) The Board of Trustees conducts a public hearing on the tentative budget to obtain taxpayer comments on or before April 15th.
- d) After the public hearing and on or before May 1st, the Trustees meet to consider and adopt the budget.
- e) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for General, Public Library and Debt Service funds.
- f) Budgets for General, Public Library and Debt Service funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. Annual budgets are not adopted by the Board for the Special Purpose or Permanent funds.
- g) The Village Board has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Board of Trustees. Any modifications to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- h) Appropriations in General, Public Library and Debt Service funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Trustees.

B. Property Tax Limitation

The Village is permitted by the Constitution of the State of New York to levy taxes up to 2% of the five year average full valuation of taxable real estate located within the Village, exclusive of the amount raised for the payment of interest on and redemption of long-term debt. In accordance with this definition, the maximum amount of the levy for 2015-2016 was \$55,946,060 which exceeded the actual levy (inclusive of exclusions) by \$46,948,233.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2016

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

On June 24, 2011, the Governor signed Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"). This law applies to all local governments.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law restricts the amount of real property taxes that may be levied by a school district in a particular year. The original legislation that established the Tax levy Limitation Law was set to expire on June 16, 2016. Chapter 20 of the Laws of 2015 extends the Tax Levy Limitation Law through June 2020.

The following is a brief summary of certain relevant provisions of the Tax Levy Limitation Law. The summary is not complete and the full text of the Tax Levy Limitation Law should be read in order to understand the details and implementations thereof.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law imposes a limitation on increases in the real property tax levy, subject to certain exceptions. The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits the Village to increase its overall real property tax levy over the tax levy of the prior year by no more than the "Allowable Levy Growth Factor," which is the lesser of one and two-one hundredths or the sum of one plus the Inflation Factor; provided, however that in no case shall the levy growth factor be less than one. The "Inflation Factor" is the quotient of: (i) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the coming fiscal year minus the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelvemonth period ending six months prior to the start of the prior fiscal year, divided by (ii) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States with the result expressed as a decimal to four places. The Village is required to calculate its tax levy limit for the upcoming year in accordance with the provision above and provide all relevant information to the New York State Comptroller prior to adopting its budget. The Tax Levy Limitation Law sets forth certain exclusions to the real property tax levy limitation of the Village, including exclusions for certain portions of the expenditures for retirement system contributions and tort judgments payable by the Village. The Village Board of Trustees may adopt a budget that exceeds the tax levy limit for the coming fiscal year, only if the Village Board of Trustees first enacts, by a vote of at least sixty percent of the total voting power of the Village Board of Trustees, a local law to override such limit for such coming fiscal year.

C. Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle

For the year ended May 31, 2016, the Village implemented GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date". These statements seek to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions by establishing standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and expenses/expenditures. These statements also require the identification of the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to the periods of employee service. As a result of adopting these standards, the government-wide financial statements reflect a cumulative effect for the change in accounting principle of \$(395,166).

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2016

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

D. Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget

The following functional expenditure categories exceeded budgetary authorization by the amounts indicated:

General Fund
Home and Community Services
Planning \$ 2,458
Employee Benefits
Life Insurance 2,534

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Due From/To Other Funds

The balances reflected as due from/to other funds at May 31, 2016 were as follows:

Fund	Due From		Due To
General Non-Major Governmental	\$ - 1,410	\$	1,337 73
	\$ 1,410	_\$	1,410

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

B. Capital Assets

Changes in the Village's capital assets are as follows:

	Balance June 1, 2015	Additions		Deletions	Balance May 31, 2016
Capital Assets, not being depreciated Land Construction-in-progress	\$ 4,386,450 833,550	\$ 469,172	\$		\$ 1,111,450 1,239,035
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$ 5,220,000	\$ 469,172	<u>\$</u>	3,338,687	\$ 2,350,485

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2016

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	Balance June 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Balance May 31, 2016
Capital Assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 12,906,659	\$ 77,573	\$ -	\$ 12,984,232
Machinery and equipment	4,321,353	627,257	111,223	4,837,387
Infrastructure	6,917,855	1,711,241		8,629,096
Total Capital Assets,				
being depreciated	24,145,867	2,416,071	111,223	26,450,715
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	4,473,716	390,697	-	4,864,413
Machinery and equipment	2,445,745	357,868	111,223	2,692,390
Infrastructure	3,196,031	649,968		3,845,999
Total Accumulated Depreciation	10,115,492	1,398,533	111,223	11,402,802
Total Capital Assets,				
being depreciated, net	\$ 14,030,375	\$ 1,017,538	\$	\$ 15,047,913
Capital Assets, net	\$ 19,250,375	\$ 1,486,710	\$ 3,338,687	\$ 17,398,398

Depreciation expense was charged to the Village's functions and programs as follows:

Governmental Activities		
General Government Support	\$	239,535
Public Safety		118,222
Transportation		378,233
Culture and Recreation		208,535
Home and Community Services		454,008
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$</u>	1,398,533

C. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities at May 31, 2016 were as follows:

	 General Fund	 Capital Fund	Gov	on-Major ernmental Funds	Total	
Payroll and Employee Benefits Other	\$ 89,840 7,179	\$ - 31,920	\$	- 6,810	\$	89,840 45,909
	\$ 97,019	\$ 31,920	\$	6,810	\$	135,749

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2016

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Short-Term Capital Borrowings - Bond Anticipation Notes

The schedule below details the changes in short-term capital borrowings.

Purpose	Year of Original Issue	Balance June 1, 2015	Redemptions	Balance May 31, 2016
Various Public Improvements	2013	\$ 2,127,414	\$ 2,127,414	\$ -
Various Public Improvements	2015	3,444,846_	3,444,846	-
		\$ 5,572,260	\$ 5,572,260	\$ -

Liabilities for bond anticipation notes are generally accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Principal payments on bond anticipation notes must be made annually. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes or judgments be converted to long-term obligations generally within five years after the original issue date. However, bond anticipation notes issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for periods equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made.

Interest expenditures of \$42,679 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund. Interest expense of \$22,375 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

E. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the Village's long-term indebtedness for the year ended May 31, 2016:

	Balance, as Reported June 1, 2015	Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle	Balance, as Restated June 1, 2015	New Issues/ Additions	Maturities and/or Payments	Balance May 31, 2016	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable	\$ 11,105,000	\$ -	\$ 11,105,000	\$ 7,255,000	\$ 1,070,000	\$ 17,290,000	\$ 1,470,000
Plus Unamortized premium on bonds	259,003 11,364,003		259,003 11,364,003	298,116 7,553,116	25,900 1,095,900	531,219 17,821,219	1,470,000
Net pension liability Compensated Absences Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations Payable	388,688 6,162,530_	395,166 - <u>-</u>	395,166 388,688 6,162,530	3,843,493 100,720 1,937,940	39,000 759,066	4,238,659 450,408 7,341,404	45,000 -
	\$ 17,915,221	\$ 395,166	\$ 18,310,387	\$ 13,435,269	\$ 1,893,966	\$ 29,851,690	\$ 1,515,000

Each governmental fund's liability for net pension liability, compensated absences and other post employment benefit obligations payable are liquidated by the General and Library funds. The Village's indebtedness for bonds is satisfied by the Debt Service Fund, which is funded primarily by the General Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2016

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at May 31, 2016 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Purpose	Year of Issue	 Original Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Amount Dutstanding at May 31, 2016
Various Public Improvements Various Public Improvements Refunding Bonds Public Improvements	2008 2012 2014 2015	\$ 4,800,000 3,675,000 4,845,000 7,255,000	November, 2020 September, 2027 June, 2025 November, 2029	4.125 - 4.250 % 2.000 - 2.125 1.500 - 5.000 2.000 - 5.000	\$ 2,335,000 2,950,000 4,750,000 7,255,000
·		, ,	,		\$ 17,290,000

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of May 31, 2016 including interest payments of \$2,606,206 are as follows:

Year Ending May 31,	Pr	incipal	 Interest	 Total
2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022-2026 2027-2030	1 1 1 1 6	,470,000 ,600,000 ,645,000 ,640,000 ,695,000 ,360,000	\$ 573,454 420,708 357,489 291,092 220,998 626,081 116,384	\$ 2,043,454 2,020,708 2,002,489 1,931,092 1,915,998 6,986,081 2,996,384
	<u>\$ 17</u>	,290,000	\$ 2,606,206	\$ 19,896,206

Interest expenditures of \$315,379 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the Debt Service Fund. Interest expense of \$312,524 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities.

Compensated Absences

Pursuant to Village policy, vacation time is credited to an employee on January 1st of each year. All vacation time must be used by December 31st of that same year. The Village does not compensate employees for unused sick time. The Village's liability at May 31, 2016 for vacation time has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Pension Plans

New York State and Local Retirement System

The Village participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS") which are collectively referred to as the New York State and Local Retirement System ("System"). These

are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The Village also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about us/financial statements index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute between 3% and 6% of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the System's fiscal year ending March 31. The employer contribution rates for the plan's year ending in 2016 are as follows:

	<u>Tier/Plan</u>	Rate
ERS	1 75i	25.0 %
	2 75i	22.9
	3 A14	18.6
	4 A15	18.6
	5 A15	15.3
	6 A15	10.4
PFRS	2 384D	24.7
	6 384D*	14.3

At May 31, 2016, the Village reported a liability of \$1,811,451 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of ERS and a liability of \$2,427,208 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of PFRS. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members. At May 31, 2016, the Village's proportion was .0112861% for ERS and .0819785% for PFRS. For this first year of implementation, the System reported no change in the allocation percentage measured as of March 31, 2015.

For the year ended May 31, 2016, the Village recognized pension expense in the government-wide financial statements of (\$3,199) for ERS and \$239,441 for PFRS. Pension expenditures of \$573,701 for ERS and \$555,294 for PFRS were recorded in the fund financial statements and were charged to the following funds:

<u>Fund</u>	 ERS	 PFRS		
General Library	\$ 485,414 88,287	\$ 555,294		
	\$ 573,701	\$ 555,294		

At May 31, 2016, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		ER	S		PFRS			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Outflows Inflows		Deferred Deferred Outflows of Resources of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual	\$	9,154	\$	214,717	\$	21,770	\$	366,965
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Village contributions and proportionate		1,074,652		_		1,360,254		-
share of contributions		123,800		-		543		103,113
Change in assumptions Village contributions subsequent to the		483,059		-		1,046,361		-
measurement date		76,529			_	95,924		_
	\$	1,767,194	\$	214,717	\$	2,524,852	\$	470,078

\$76,529 and \$95,924 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS and PFRS, respectively, resulting from the Village's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended March 31, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS and PFRS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended March 31,	 ERS	 PFRS
2017	\$ 374,495	\$ 464,443
2018	374,495	464,443
2019	374,495	464,443
2020	352,463	445,603
2021	-	119,918

The total pension liability for the March 31, 2016 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2015, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liabilities to March 31, 2016. The total pension liabilities for the March 31, 2015 measurement date were determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2015.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2015 valuation were as follows:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Inflation	2.5%
Salary scale	3.8% in ERS, 4.5% in PFRS indexed by service
Investment rate of return	7.0% compounded annually, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Cost of living adjustments	1.3% annually

Annuitant mortality rates are based on the April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2015 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized below.

Asset Type	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	38 %	7.30 %
International Equity	13	8.55
Private Equity	10	11.00
Real Estate	8	8.25
Absolute Return Strategies	3	6.75
Opportunistic Portfolio	3	8.60
Real Assets	3	8.65
Bonds and Mortgages	18	4.00
Cash	2	2.25
Inflation Indexed Bonds	2	4.00
	<u>100</u> %	

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2016

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrea (6.0%		1% Increase (8.0%)
Village's proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability (asset)	\$ 4,084	,689 \$ 1,811,45	1 \$ (109,339)
Village's proportionate share of the PFRS net pension liability (asset)	<u>\$ 5,421</u>	,424	8 (82,594)

The components of the collective net pension liability as of the March 31, 2016 measurement date were as follows:

	 <u>ERS</u>	 PFRS	_	Total
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$ 172,303,544 (156,253,265)	\$ 30,347,727 (27,386,940)	\$	202,651,271 (183,640,205)
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 16,050,279	\$ 2,960,787	\$	19,011,066
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	 90.7%	 90.2%		90.6%

Employer contributions to ERS and PFRS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of the System's fiscal year, which is March 31st. Retirement contributions as of May 31, 2016 represent the employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2016 through May 31, 2016 based on paid ERS and PFRS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions to ERS and PFRS as of May 31, 2016 were \$76,529 and \$95,924, respectively.

Voluntary Defined Contribution Plan

The Village also offers a defined contribution plan to all non-union employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 and earnings at the annual full-time salary rate of \$75,000 or more. The employee contribution is between 3% and 6% depending on salary and the Village will contribute 8%. Employer contributions vest after 366 days of service. No current employees participated in this program.

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations Payable

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Village provides certain health care benefits for retired employees. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the Village may vary according to length of service. Substantially all of the Village's employee's may become eligible for those benefits if they reach

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2016

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

normal retirement age while working for the Village. The cost of retiree health care benefits is recognized as an expenditure as claims are paid in the fund financial statements.

The Village's annual other post employment benefit ("OPEB") cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. GASB Statement No. 45 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of the expenses and liabilities for retirees' medical insurance. As a result, reporting of expenses and liabilities will no longer be done under the "pay-as-you-go" approach. Instead of expensing the current year premiums paid, a per capita claims cost will be determined, which will be used to determine a "normal cost", an "actuarial accrued liability", and ultimately the ARC. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. These amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. In addition, the assumptions' projections utilized do not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective.

The Village is required to accrue on the government-wide financial statements the amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined, which is equal to the expected rate of return on the Village's general assets. Funding for the Plan has been established on a pay-as-you-go basis. The assumed rates of increase in post retirement benefits are as follows:

Year Ended	Pre-65	Post-65	Prescription				
May 31,	Medical	Medical_	Drug				
2017	7.75 %	6.75 %	11.00 %				
2018	7.50	6.50	10.50				
2019	7.25	6.25	10.00				
2020	7.00	6.00	9.50				
2021	6.72	5.89	8.81				
2022	6.45	5.78	8.11				
2023	6.17	5.67	7.42				
2024	5.89	5.56	6.73				
2025	5.62	5.45	6.03				
2026	5.34	5.34	5.34				

The amortization basis is the level dollar amortization method with an open amortization approach with 23 years remaining in the amortization period. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0% investment rate of return, a 2.25% inflation rate. The Village currently has no assets set aside for the purpose of paying post employment benefits. The actuarial cost method utilized was the projected unit credit method.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2016

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The number of participants as of May 31, 2016 was as follows:

Active Employees Retired Employees	61 63	-	
=	124	=	
Amortization Component Actuarial Accrued Liability as of June 1, 20 Assets at Market Value	15	\$	24,124,367
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UA	AL")	\$	24,124,367
Funded Ratio	=		0.00%
Covered Payroll (Active plan members)	=	\$	5,385,019
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	=		447.99%
Annual Required Contribution Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution		\$	2,047,819 246,501 (356,380)
Annual OPEB Cost			1,937,940
Contributions Made	-		(759,066)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation			1,178,874
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year	-		6,162,530
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	=	\$	7,341,404

The Village's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the current and preceding year is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended May 31,	(Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	 Net OPEB Obligation			
2016 2015 2014	\$	1,937,940 1,675,123 1,630,445	39.17 % 43.42 41.87	\$ 7,341,404 6,162,530 5,214,666			

The schedule of funding progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liability for the benefits over time.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2016

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

F. Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without the equivalent flow of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reflected as transfers.

	Trans				
	Capital	Non-Major			
Transfers Out	 Projects Fund	Governmental Funds	Total		
General Fund Non-Major Governmental	\$ 1,961,744	\$ 2,301,404	\$	4,263,148	
Funds	 	44,508		44,508	
	\$ 1,961,744	\$ 2,345,912	\$	4,307,656	

Transfers are used to 1) move funds from the operating funds to the Debt Service Fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due, 2)) move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for Capital Projects Fund expenditures and 3) move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for other operating fund expenditures.

G. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net investment in capital assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Capital Projects – the component of net position that reports the amounts restricted for capital projects, exclusive of unexpended bond proceeds and unrestricted interest earnings.

Restricted for Special Purposes - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or statute.

Restricted for Permanent Fund - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or statute.

Unrestricted - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net invested in capital assets".

H. Fund Balances

	2016						2015									
		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Gov	on-Major vernmental <u>Funds</u>		Total		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Gov	on-Major ernmental Funds		Total
Nonspendable	\$	4 405	\$		\$		\$	4 405	\$	0.207	\$		\$		\$	9 207
Prepaid expenditures Permanent Fund	-	1,195 	-	<u>-</u>		53,711	-	1,195 <u>53,711</u>	— —	8,307 	-	<u>-</u>	-	53,711	— •	8,307 53,711
Total Nonspendable		1,195		-		53,711		54,906		8,307		***		53,711		62,018
Restricted																
Capital projects		-		5,216,245		-		5,216,245		-		-		-		-
Special purposes		-		-		222,757		222,757		-		-		201,883		201,883
Permanent Fund		_	-			21,168		21,168						26,516		26,516
Total Restricted		_		5,216,245		243,925		5,460,170						228,399		228,399
Assigned Subsequent year's expenditures		500,000		-		-		500,000		495,000		-		-		495,000
Non-major Funds Public Library Fund		_				46,106		46,106		_				20,001		20,001
Total Assigned		500,000				46,106		546,106	_	495,000				20,001		515,001
Unassigned		6,716,551	-					6,716,551		3,230,838		(1,602,192)				1,628,646
Total Fund Balance	\$	7,217,746	\$	5,216,245	\$	343,742	\$	12,777,733	\$	3,734,145	\$	(1,602,192)	\$	302,111	\$	2,434,064

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2016

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Prepaid Expenditures have been provided to account for certain payments made in advance. The amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Subsequent year's expenditures represent that at May 31, 2016, the Village Board has assigned the above amount to be appropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or assigned.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Litigation

The Village, in common with other municipalities, receives numerous notices of claims for money damages arising generally from false arrest, malicious prosecution, false imprisonment or personal injury. Of the claims currently pending, none are expected to have a material effect on the financial position of the Village, if adversely settled.

There are currently pending certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require the payment of future tax refunds by the Village, if existing assessment rolls are modified based on the outcome of the litigation proceedings. However, the amount of the possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. Any payments resulting from adverse decisions will be funded in the year the payment is made.

B. Contingencies

The Village participates in various Federal grant programs. These programs may be subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit Act. Accordingly, the Village's compliance with applicable grant requirements may be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Village anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Risk Management

The Village purchases various conventional insurance coverages to reduce its exposure to loss. The Village maintains general liability insurance coverage with a policy limit of \$3 million. The public officials and law enforcement policies provide coverage up to \$1 million. The Village also maintains an umbrella policy with coverage up to \$10 million. The Village purchases conventional workers' compensation insurance and medical insurance with coverage at statutory limits. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) May 31, 2016

Note 5 - Subsequent Events

The Village, in July 2016, issued a bond anticipation note in the amount of \$4,025,000 to finance the costs of the construction or reconstruction of roads and streets including drainage and flood mitigation. The bond anticipation note is due on July 27, 2017, with interest at 2.0%.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Funding Progress Other Post Employment Benefits Last Three Fiscal Years

	Actuarial Unfu							Unfunded Liability as a	
Valuation Date	Value of Assets	Accrued Liability		Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll		Percentage of Covered Payroll	
June 1, 2015 June 1, 2014 June 1, 2013	\$ - - -	\$ 24,124,367 21,953,708 20,129,684	\$	24,124,367 21,953,708 20,129,684	- % - -	\$	5,385,019 5,213,639 5,405,834	447.99 % 421.08 372.37	

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2016
Village's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0112861%
Village's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability (asset)	<u>\$ 1,811,451</u>
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,215,677
Village's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	56.33%
Plan fiduciary net position as a	
percentage of the total pension liability	97.90%

- Note The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date.
- (1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2016 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	 2016
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 580,801
contractually required contribution	 (580,801)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,236,380
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	17.95%

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2016 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.*

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the Village Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2016
Village's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0819785%
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,427,208
Village's covered-employee payroll Village's proportionate share of the	\$ 2,378,349
net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	102.05%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	99.00%

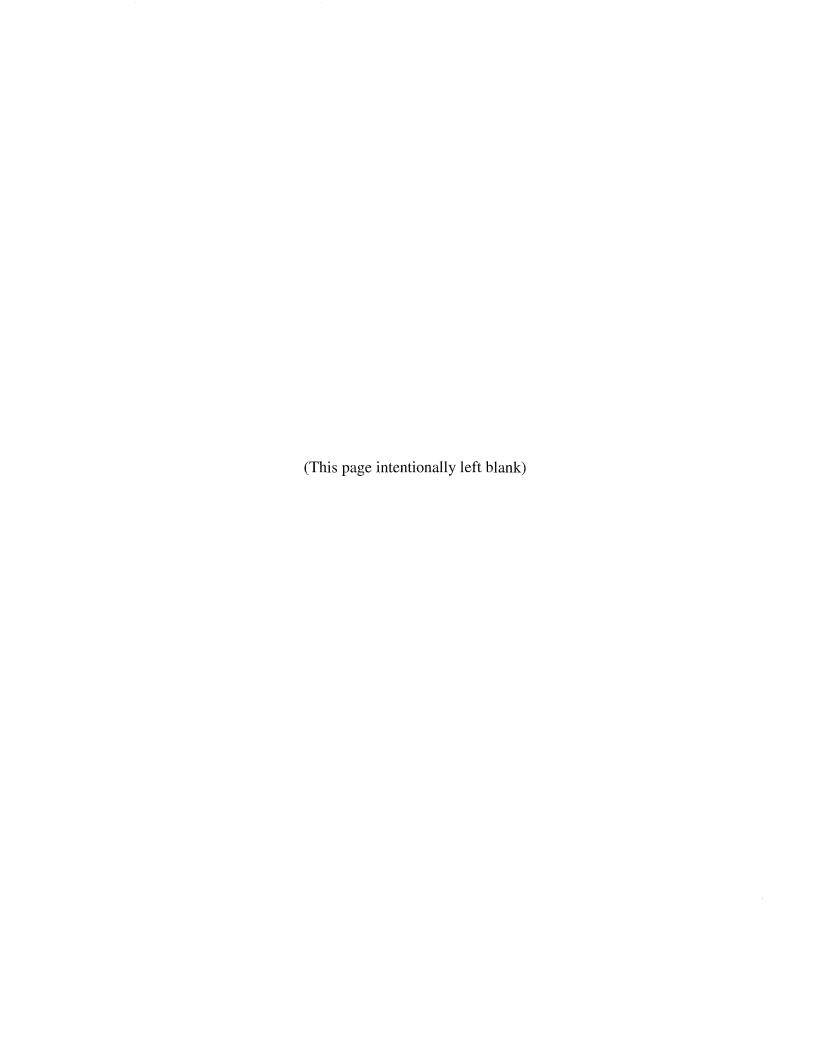
Note - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date.

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2016 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

		2016
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	550,832
contractually required contribution		(550,832)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	
Village's covered-employee payroll	<u>\$</u>	2,680,994
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		20.55%

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2016 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.*



General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

		2016	 2015
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	7,466,715	\$ 3,810,465
Receivables			
Accounts		75,640	80,679
Due from other governments		440,194	419,382
Due from other funds			 12,000
	<u></u>	515,834	 512,061
Prepaid expenditures		1,195	 8,307
Total Assets	\$	7,983,744	\$ 4,330,833
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$	200,072	\$ 230,541
Accrued liabilities		97,019	146,582
Due to other funds		1,337	-
Due to retirement systems		172,453	175,091
Unearned revenues		295,117	 44,474
Total Liabilities		765,998	 596,688
Fund balance			
Nonspendable		1,195	8,307
Assigned		500,000	495,000
Unassigned		6,716,551	 3,230,838
Total Fund Balance		7,217,746	 3,734,145
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	7,983,744	\$ 4,330,833

General Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended May 31,

	2016					
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	¢ 0.007.007	A 0.007.007	.	ф (C 04C)		
Real property taxes	\$ 8,997,827	\$ 8,997,827	\$ 8,991,611	\$ (6,216)		
Other tax items	105,000	105,000	158,383	53,383		
Non-property taxes	1,225,000	1,225,000	1,267,793	42,793		
Departmental income	2,276,400	2,276,400	2,442,936	166,536		
Use of money and property Licenses and permits	31,000 754,000	31,000 754,000	28,040 756,296	(2,960) 2,296		
Fines and forfeitures	870,000	870,000	974,231	2,290 104,231		
Sale of property and compensation	670,000	670,000	974,231	104,231		
for loss	13,000	13,000	19,981	6,981		
Interfund revenues	63,705	63,705	63,705			
State aid	364,900	364,900	450,109	85,209		
Federal aid	1,800	1,800	6,361	4,561		
Miscellaneous	12,100	12,100	26,034	13,934		
Total Revenues	14,714,732	14,714,732	15,185,480	470,748		
EXPENDITURES						
Current	0.004.400	0.040.457	0.044.557	400.000		
General government support	2,334,162	2,312,157	2,211,557	100,600		
Public safety	3,664,679	3,686,684	3,589,397	97,287		
Transportation Economic opportunity and	1,434,970	1,434,969	1,195,571	239,398		
development	2,000	2,000	2,000			
Culture and recreation	120,565	123,705	2,000 118,579	5,126		
Home and community services	888,542	885,403	784,120	101,283		
Employee benefits	3,778,420	3,785,117	3,359,816	425,301		
Debt service	0,770,-120	0,700,117	0,000,010	420,001		
Interest	42,750	42,750	42,679	71		
Total Expenditures	12,266,088	12,272,785	11,303,719	969,066		
Excess of Revenues	0.440.04	.				
Over Expenditures	2,448,644	2,441,947	3,881,761	1,439,814		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of land	_	1,740,000	3,864,988	2,124,988		
Transfers out	(2,943,644)	(4,676,947)	(4,263,148)	413,799		
Total Other Financing Uses	(2,943,644)	(2,936,947)	(398,160)	2,538,787		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(495,000)	(495,000)	3,483,601	3,978,601		
FUND BALANCE						
Beginning of Year	495,000	495,000	3,734,145	3,239,145		
End of Year	\$	\$ -	\$ 7,217,746	\$ 7,217,746		

_	_		_
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(Original	Final				Fi	nal Budget Positive
	Budget		Budget	Actual		(Negative)
φ.	0.000.404	Φ.	0.600.404	ው	9 630 950	œ	(4 EGO)
\$	8,622,421 145,000	\$	8,622,421 145,000	\$	8,620,859 112,735	\$	(1,562) (32,265)
	1,220,000		1,220,000		1,284,293		64,293
			2,085,450		2,213,076		127,626
	2,085,450 32,400		32,400		27,161		(5,239)
	677,700		677,700		573,953		(103,747)
	820,000		820,000		865,021		45,021
	020,000		020,000		805,021		45,021
	27,000		27,000		63,136		36,136
	63,705		63,705		63,705		-
	332,953		336,946		363,558		26,612
	-		_		18,352		18,352
	1,500		1,500		73,238		71,738
	14,028,129		14,032,122		14,279,087		246,965
	2,375,303		2,295,078		2,291,952		3,126
	3,473,705		3,509,598		3,503,637		5,961
	1,447,772		1,377,562		1,376,720		842
	-		_		-		_
	145,473		157,470		154,472		2,998
	682,570		787,560		787,161		399
	3,839,969		3,842,107		3,508,442		333,665
	18,000		18,000		17,870		130
	11,982,792		11,987,375		11,640,254		347,121
	······································						···
	2,045,337		2,044,747		2,638,833		594,086
	-		-		-		-
	(2,717,620)		(2,717,030)		(2,608,928)		108,102
	(2,717,620)		(2,717,030)		(2,608,928)		108,102
	(672,283)		(672,283)		29,905		702,188
	(0, 2,200)		(3. 4,200)		20,000		, 5, 100
	672,283		672,283		3,704,240		3,031,957
Φ.	0,2,200		012,200				
\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,734,145	\$	3,734,145

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Village of Bronxville, New York

General Fund
Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget
Year Ended May 31, 2016
(With Comparative Actuals for 2015)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2015 Actual
REAL PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 8,997,827	\$ 8,997,827	\$ 8,991,611	\$ (6,216)	\$ 8,620,859
OTHER TAX ITEMS Interest and penalties on real property taxes	105,000	105,000	158,383	53,383	112,735
NON-PROPERTY TAXES Non-property tax distribution from County Utilities gross receipts taxes	885,000	885,000	920,814	35,814	904,652
	340,000	340,000	346,979	6,979	379,641
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME Treasurer fees Police fees Safety inspection fees	1,225,000	1,225,000	1,267,793	42,793	1,284,293
	4,200	4,200	2,770	(1,430)	3,663
	1,700	1,700	2,778	1,078	5,987
	30,000	30,000	37,271	7,271	31,650
Police alarm fees Health fees Parking lots and fees Parking meter fees	37,500	37,500	44,675	7,175	35,175
	48,000	48,000	51,578	3,578	50,990
	755,000	755,000	736,247	(18,753)	712,071
	1,323,000	1,323,000	1,458,556	135,556	1,286,927
Tennis fees Paddle tennis fees Zoning board fees Planning board fees Refuse charges	27,500	27,500	41,191	13,691	35,909
	30,000	30,000	32,397	2,397	24,894
	4,000	4,000	7,800	3,800	4,358
	4,500	4,500	14,453	9,953	9,217
	11,000	11,000	13,220	2,220	12,235
	2,276,400	2,276,400	2,442,936	166,536	2,213,076
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY Earnings on investments Rental of real property	10,000	10,000	6,700	(3,300)	8,996
	21,000	21,000	21,340	340	18,165
	31,000	31,000	28,040	(2,960)	27,161

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LICENSES AND PERMITS					
Business and occupational licenses	4,000	4,000	2,310	(1,690)	4,460
Permit fees	750,000	750,000	753,986	3,986	569,493
	754.000	754.000	750.000		570.050
FINES AND CODESTUDES	754,000_	754,000	756,296	2,296_	573,953
FINES AND FORFEITURES Fines and forfeited bail	070 000	070.000	000 004	00.004	005 004
rifies and fortelled ball	870,000	870,000	968,921	98,921	865,021
SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS					
Minor sales	10,000	10,000	271	(9,729)	2,134
Insurance recoveries	2,500	2,500	1,000	(1,500)	40,861
Other	500	500	18,710	18,210	6,291
	13,000	13,000	19,981	6,981	49,286
INTERFUND REVENUES	63,705	63,705	63,705	_	63,705
STATE AID					
Per capita	69,700	69,700	64,713	(4,987)	71,435
Mortgage tax	275,000	275,000	331,850	56,850	266,394
Consolidated Highway Improvement Program	15,200	15,200	- 	(15,200)	-
Snow removal	5,000	5,000	15,415	10,415	14,369
Emergency Management Assistance	-	-	25,676	25,676	945
Other		<u>-</u>	12,455	12,455	10,415
	204.000	204.000	450 400	05.000	202 550
FEDERAL AID	364,900	364,900	450,109	85,209	363,558
Emergency Management Assistance	1,800	1,800	6 261	4,561	18,352
Emergency Management Assistance		1,000	6,361	4,561	10,332
MISCELLANEOUS					
Sales of recycling bins	_	_	130	130	460
Gifts and donations	-	_	-	-	1,378
Medicare part D reimbursement	10,000	10,000	_	(10,000)	513
Other	2,100	2,100	31,214	29,114	70,887
					<u> </u>
	12,100	12,100	31,344	19,244	73,238
TOTAL REVENUES	14,714,732	14,714,732	15,185,480	470,748	14,265,237
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Sale of land	-	1,740,000	3,864,988	2,124,988	13,850
		<u> </u>			,-
TOTAL REVENUES AND					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	<u>\$ 14,714,732</u>	\$ 16,454,732	\$ 19,050,468	\$ 2,595,736	\$ 14,279,087

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget Year Ended May 31, 2016 (With Comparative Actuals for 2015)

	Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)	 2015 Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT						
Mayor	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 6,000	\$	1,000	\$ 2,515
Justice	280,476	280,476	269,738		10,738	256,814
Treasurer	466,313	458,785	442,862		15,923	422,316
Assessor	237,250	237,249	228,677		8,572	172,062
Administrator	282,475	270,738	257,395		13,343	296,050
Elections	3,200	3,200	1,093		2,107	1,908
Village Hall	133,930	122,139	111,750		10,389	120,424
Cable television	19,700	19,700	14,797		4,903	15,470
Central garage	348,817	320,147	290,211		29,936	349,311
Legal	130,000	237,762	237,762		-	276,268
Auditing	37,500	37,500	34,000		3,500	34,000
Engineer	18,000	20,698	20,698		-	25,106
Bond issue costs	2,500	2,500	2,500		-	5,550
Unallocated insurance	250,000	250,010	250,010		_	246,414
Municipal association dues	-	_	-		-	5,022
Judgments and claims	_	38,255	38,255		_	16,310
Taxes and assessments	-	· -	-		_	38,455
Memorial day	_	-	-		-	2,400
Miscellaneous	6,000	5,998	5,809		189	5,557
Contingency	 111,001	 _	 -			 -
	 2,334,162	 2,312,157	 2,211,557		100,600	 2,291,952
PUBLIC SAFETY						
Police	2,873,347	2,867,524	2,808,106		59,418	2,769,083
Traffic control	84,100	89,924	86,432		3,492	89,242
Parking Commission	429,600	437,130	411,354		25,776	385,628
Safety inspection	 277,632	 292,106	 283,505		8,601	 259,684
	 3,664,679	 3,686,684	 3,589,397		97,287	 3,503,637

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TRANSPORTATION					
Street administration	268,925	268,924	195,851	73,073	235,845
Street maintenance	813,475	813,475	735,936	77,539	785,771
Snow removal	115,000	115,000	66,807	48,193	130,663
Street lighting	237,570	237,570	196,977	40,593	224,441
	1,434,970	1,434,969	1,195,571	239,398	1,376,720
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY AND DEVELOPMENT					.,,
Senior citizens	2,000	2,000	2,000	-	-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
CULTURE AND RECREATION					
Tennis	37,215	34,444	29,318	5,126	63,838
Paddle tennis	21,750	24,523	24,523	-	21,024
Other programs	6,500	6,665	6,665	-	11,500
Parks	41,100	49,216	49,216	-	57,610
Memorial Day	13,500	7,917	7,917	-	-
Historian	500	940	940		500
	120,565	123,705	118,579	5,126	154,472
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES					
Zoning	3,200	5,963	5,963	-	5,095
Planning	12,250	3,328	5,786	(2,458)	14,941
Sanitary sewers	152,650	155,670	117,922	37,748	21,907
Storm sewers	10,500	10,500	7,666	2,834	12,002
Refuse and garbage	578,242	578,242	571,298	6,944	561,958
Street cleaning	1,700	1,700	-	1,700	-
Shade trees	130,000	130,000	75,485	54,515	171,258
	888,542	885,403	784,120	101,283	787,161
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS					
State retirement	625,000	625,000	485,414	139,586	455,253
Police retirement	645,000	645,000	555,294	89,706	692,462
Social security	485,000	485,000	427,813	57,187	438,067
Workers' compensation benefits	228,420	228,420	210,629	17,791	240,692
Life insurance	17,000	15,733	18,267	(2,534)	15,486
Unemployment benefits	20,000	21,467	9,296	12,171	6,547
Hospital and medical insurance	1,667,400	1,667,400	1,574,299	93,101	1,579,097
Dental insurance	90,600	90,400	78,804	11,596	80,838
	3,778,420	3,778,420	3,359,816	418,604	3,508,442

(Continued)

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended May 31, 2016

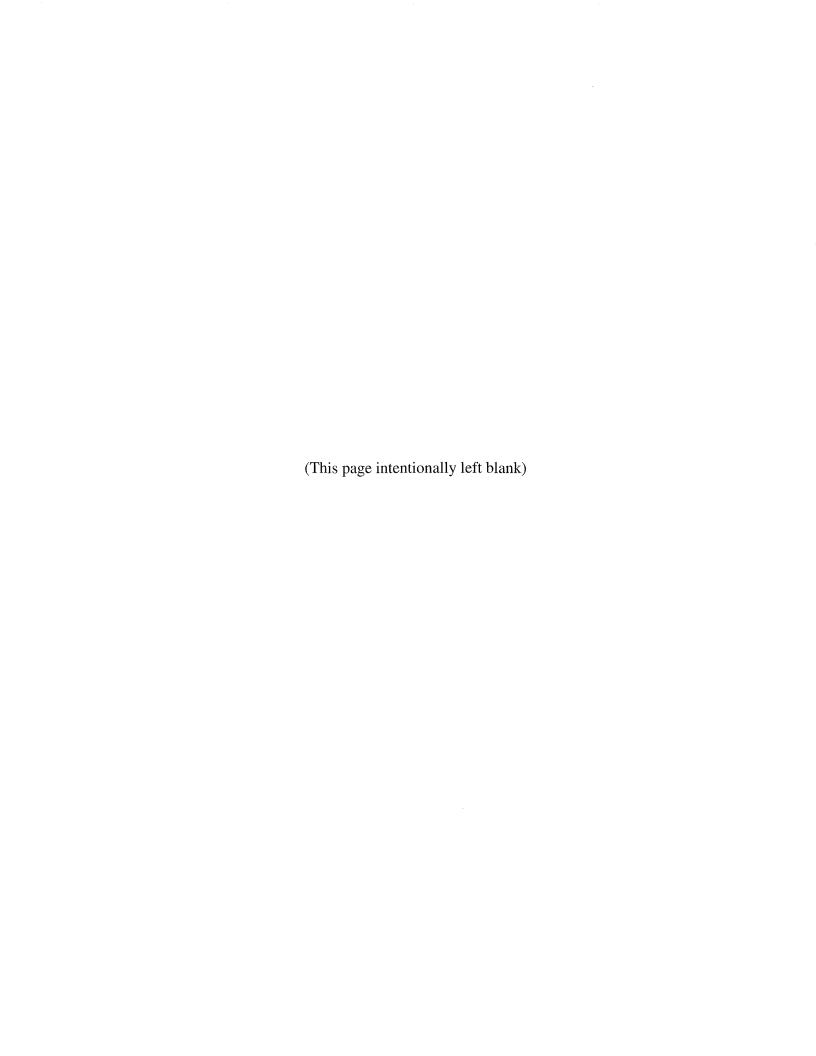
(With Comparative Actuals for 2015)

Village of Bronxville, New York

		Original Budget	Final Budget Actual		F	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		2015 Actual		
DEBT SERVICE										
Interest	œ	40.750	¢	42.750	ø	42.670	¢	74	æ	47 970
Bond anticipation notes	\$	42,750	<u>\$</u>	42,750	<u>\$</u>	42,679	<u>\$</u>	71_	\$	17,870
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1	2,266,088		12,266,088		11,303,719		962,369		11,640,254
OTHER FINANCING USES										
Transfers out										
Public Library Fund		1,356,801		1,356,801		1,244,741		112,060		1,255,173
Capital Projects Fund		228,441		1,968,441		1,961,744		6,697		-
Debt Service Fund		1,358,402		1,358,402		1,056,663	_	301,739		1,353,755
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES		2,943,644		4,683,644		4,263,148		420,496		2,608,928
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ 1	5,209,732	\$	16,949,732	\$	15,566,867	<u>\$</u>	1,382,865	\$	14,249,182

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

		2016		2015
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$_	5,451,936	\$	4,060,282
Receivables				
Accounts		-		6,443
Due from other governments		161,949		50,369
		161,949		56,812
Total Assets	\$	5,613,885	\$	4,117,094
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	354,793	\$	134,524
Accrued liabilities		31,920		-
Bond anticipation notes payable		-		5,572,260
Due to other funds		-		1,575
Unearned revenues		10,927		10,927
Total Liabilities		397,640		5,719,286
Fund balance (deficit)				
Restricted		5,216,245		_
Unassigned				(1,602,192)
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		5,216,245		(1,602,192)
Total Liabilities and Fund Deficit	\$	5,613,885	\$	4,117,094



Capital Projects Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Years	Ended	May	31
: Caro		14104	\sim ,

		2016	2015
REVENUES State aid	\$	234,879	\$ 576,116
Federal aid		33,074	313,023
Miscellaneous		225,363	 139,508
Total Revenues		493,316	1,028,647
EXPENDITURES			
Capital outlay		2,891,623	2,279,762
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(2,398,307)	 (1,251,115)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Bonds issued		7,255,000	-
Transfers in		1,961,744	-
Transfers out		-	 (95)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		9,216,744	 (95)
Net Change in Fund Balance		6,818,437	(1,251,210)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)			
Beginning of Year	<u></u>	(1,602,192)	 (350,982)
End of Year	\$	5,216,245	\$ (1,602,192)

PROJECT	Appropriation	Expenditures and Transfers	Unexpended Balance	Revenues and Transfers	Fund Balance (Deficit) at May 31, 2016
ADMINISTRATIVE DOIS	\$ 7,000	¢.	¢ 7,000	e 7,000	e 7,000
ADMINISTRATIVE PC'S AVALON LOT IMPROVEMENTS	113,800	\$ -	\$ 7,000 113,800	\$ 7,000 113,800	\$ 7,000
GENERAL GOVERNMENT IMPROVEMENTS	67,546	30,200	37,346	67,546	113,800 37,346
BUILDING DEPARTMENT COMPUTER	17,000	5,809	11,191	17,000	11,191
BUILDING DEPARTMENT HANDHELD HARDWARE ANDSOFTWARE	27,000	3,003	27,000	27,000	27,000
BUILDING DEPARTMENT HD FILE CABINET/STORAGE UNITS	15,000	_	15,000	15,000	15,000
BUILDING DEPARTMENT- LARGE SCALE PLOTTER/SCAN	18,000	_	18,000	18,000	18,000
BUILDING DEPARTMENT RECORDS ARCHIVE/STORAGE	145,000	63,348	81,652	145,000	81,652
BUILDING DEPARTMENT SCANNER/COPIER	12,000	-	12,000	12,000	12,000
BUILDING DEPARTMENT-IT CONST SERVICES	2,670	-	2,670	2,670	2,670
CABLE SYSTEM UPGRADE-FIOS	115,000	74,610	40,390	115,000	40,390
DOGWOOD PARK (TENNIS COURT AREA) IMPROVEMENTS	5,700	75	5,625	5,700	5,625
DPW - CENTRAL GARAGE ROOF REPAIR	75,000	-	75,000	75,000	75,000
DPW AND POLICE DEPARTMENT EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT	15,000	4,856	10,144	15,000	10,144
DPW COMPUTERS-GARAGE/OFFICE	10,500	174	10,326	10,500	10,326
DPW FACILITY CONSTRUCTION	377,722	56,683	321,039	377,722	321,039
PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT	5,000	360	4,640	5,000	4,640
DPW RADIOS	20,000	11,738	8,262	20,000	8,262
DPW TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT	25,000	5,250	19,750	25,000	19,750
DPW VEHICLES DPW HIGHWAY VEHICLE	263,747 96,949	-	263,747	263,747	263,747
TINK CLAW	12,860	-	96,949 12,860	96,949 12,860	96,949 12,860
BOBCAT WITH ATTACHMENTS	71,644	69,665	1,979	71,644	1,979
DUMP TRUCK 2015-2016	210,000	09,005	210,000	210,000	210,000
BACKHOE WITH ATTACHMENTS	91,000	90,790	210	91,000	210,000
DPW PICK UP TRUCK 2015-16	35,000	-	35,000	35,000	35,000
FENCE AND GUARDRAIL	11,000	400	10,600	11,000	10,600
FLOOD MITIGATION PROJECT	8,409,104	1,099,136	7,309,968	3,282,562	2,183,426
FUEL MASTER UPGRADE	15,000	-	15,000	15,000	15,000
GPS EQUIPMENT/SOFTWARE	6,000	-	6,000	6,000	6,000
IRRIGATION SYSTEMS	22,500	18,987	3,513	22,500	3,513
COURTROOM AND HALLWAY SECURITY CAMERAS	7,603	7,029	574	7,603	574
JUSTICE COURT COMP HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE	9,700	-	9,700	9,700	9,700
JUSTICE COURT SECURITY EQUIPMENT	15,584	12,458	3,126	15,584	3,126
LEAF VACCUUM PARTS	15,000	4,548	10,452	15,000	10,452
LEAF VACUUM LIBRARY COMPUTERS	48,000 13,173	553	48,000	48,000	48,000
LIBRARY CHILD ROOM FURNITURE	24,475	3,475	12,620 21,000	5,380 13,200	4,827 9,725
LIBRARY FURNITURE RESTORATION	16,556	4,844	11,712	16,556	11,712
LIBRARY INTERIOR PAINTING	30,700	12,652	18,048	30,700	18,048
LIBRARY ROOF REPAIR	15,000	4,135	10,865	15,000	10,865
LIBRARY-YEAGER ROOM A/V IMPROVEMENTS	30,000	12,405	17,595	25,454	13,049
LIBRARY - LIBRARY SECURITY SYSTEMS	53,269	53,269	· -	8,840	(44,429)
LOT LIGHTING	16,100	=	16,100	16,100	16,100
PARKWAY ROAD BRIDGE	511,870	511,870	-	260,000	(251,870)
METER TRAX EQUIPMENT	24,000	6,080	17,920	24,000	17,920
PARKING - ORACLE DB SOFTWARE	8,055	_	8,055	8,055	8,055
PARKING STUDY - DOLPH ROTFELD	25,000	23,250	1,750	2,000	(21,250)
PAY STATIONS WITH CANOPIES	93,068		93,068	93,068	93,068
PARKING LOT LIGHTING PARKING METERS AND CASES	1,000	- 04 500	1,000	1,000	1,000
PARKING METERS AND CASES PARKING PERMIT SOFTWARE	34,000 15,000	21,530	12,470	34,000	12,470
PARKING TICKET SOFTWARE ENHANCEMENT	25,000		15,000 25,000	15,000 25,000	15,000 25,000
DEFIBRILATORS/BATTERIES	8,500	4,170	4,330	8,500	4,330
POLICE DEPT OFFICE FURNITURE	5,000	2,826	2,174	5,000	2,174
POLICE DEPT - TRACS	44,022	41,643	2,379	44,022	2,379
POLICE DEPT COMPUTERS	13,314	11,379	1,935	13,314	1,935
POLICE DEPT VEHICLES	82,931	80,027	2,904	81,891	1,864
PLATE READERS/SECURITY CAMERAS	325,000	1,130	323,870	324,055	322,925
RECYCLING BINS	5,000	4,818	182	5,000	182
REPAIR MILBURN STAIR RAILING	5,000	4,030	970	5,000	970
REPAIRS TO AVON ROAD PILLARS	11,593	-	11,593	11,593	11,593
SANITARY STORM SEWER REPAIRS	450,000	342,575	107,425	450,000	107,425
STORM DRAINAGE REPAIR 2015-16	36,254		36,254	36,254	36,254
SNOW MELTER	100,000	89,134	10,866	100,000	10,866

(Continued)

Capital Projects Fund Project-Length Schedule (Continued) Inception of Project Through May 31, 2016

PROJECT	Appropriation	Expenditures and Transfers	Unexpended Balance	Revenues and Transfers	Fund Balance (Deficit) at May 31, 2016
STREET AND CURB RESTORATION 2015/2016	\$ 350,000	\$ 302,305	\$ 47.695	\$ 338,609	\$ 36,304
STREET AND CURB RESTORATION 2013/2014	398,436		118,093	398,436	118,093
STREET LIGHTING	440,000	,	248,286	440,000	248,286
STREET NAME SIGN RESTORATION	21,181	,	11,758	21,181	11,758
TENNIS COURT REHABILITATION	75,000	55,483	19,517	75,000	19,517
TRAFFIC LIGHT INSTALLATION MIDLAND/PONDFIELD	135,000	22,686	112,314	135,000	112,314
TRAFFIC SIGN RESTORATION	13,000	-	13,000	13,000	13,000
TREASURER DEPARTMENT BACK-UP FILE CONVERSION	20,000	-	20,000	20,000	20,000
TREASURER SERVER; LASER-RPS AND EXCHANGE	48,000	24,517	23,483	48,000	23,483
TREASURER/ADMIN - FURNITURE	2,467	-	2,467	2,467	2,467
TREASURER COMPUTER SOFTWARE	92,330	27,044	65,286	92,330	65,286
TREASURER MAINFRAME COMPUTERS	64,325	28,864	35,461	64,325	35,461
VILLAGE HALL CIRCULAR WINDOW REPLACEMENT	106,000	20,125	85,875	106,000	85,875
VILLAGE HALL ELEVATOR EMERGENCY RECALL	5,000	-	5,000	5,000	5,000
VILLAGE HALL FRONT WALKWAY REPAIR	226,200		182,898	226,200	182,898
VILLAGE HALL HEAT PUMP REPLACEMENT	10,000		1,665	10,000	1,665
VILLAGE HALL INTERIOR PAINTING	20,000		20,000	20,000	20,000
VILLAGE HALL LOWER LEVEL CONFERENCE ROOM FURNITURE	7,000		4,329	7,000	4,329
VILLAGE HALL RAIL RPAINTING	4,000		4,000	4,000	4,000
VILLAGE REVALUATION	65,000	,	13,063	65,000	13,063
VILLAGE WEBSITE UPGRADE-COMMUNICATIONS	10,000		4,288	10,000	4,288
EAST ALLEY SIDEWALK REPAIRS	15,000		15,000	15,000	15,000
Totals	\$ 14,565,448	\$ 3,866,372	\$ 10,699,076	\$ 9,082,617	\$ 5,216,245

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds May 31, 2016 (With Comparative Totals for 2015)

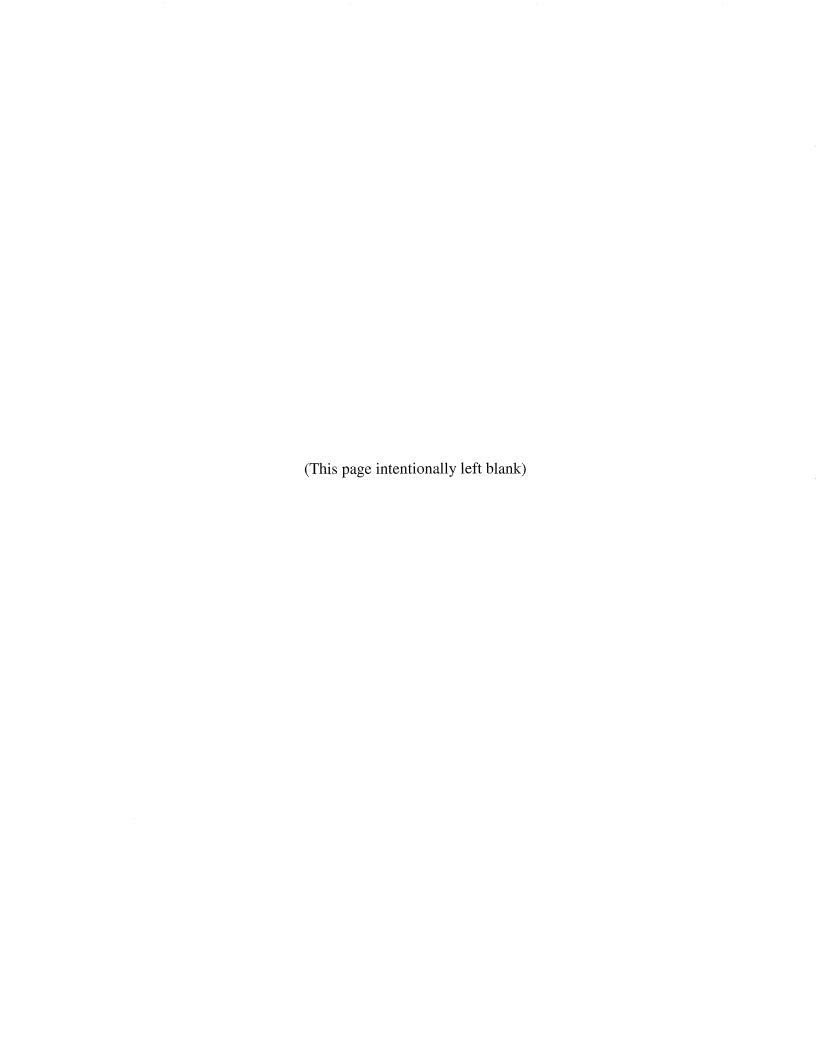
400570	Public Library Fund	Special Purpose Fund	Permanent Fund
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds	\$ 52,989 - -	\$ 230,434 14 1,410	\$ 74,879 - -
Total Assets	\$ 52,989	\$ 231,858	\$ 74,879
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 9,101	\$ -
Accrued liabilities	6,810	-	-
Due to other funds	73	_	_
Total Liabilities	6,883	9,101	
Fund balances			
Nonspendable	-	-	53,711
Restricted	-	222,757	21,168
Assigned	46,106		
Total Fund Balances	46,106	222,757	74,879
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 52,989	\$ 231,858	\$ 74,879

Totals									
	2016			2015					
\$	358,302 14 1,410		\$	332,951 76 -					
\$	359,726		\$	333,027					
\$	9,101 6,810		\$	20,491					
	73			10,425					
	15,984			30,916					
	53,711			53,711					
	243,925 46,106			228,399 20,001					
	40, 100			20,001					
	343,742			302,111					
\$	359,726		\$_	333,027					

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended May 31, 2016
(With Comparative Totals for 2015)

REVENUES		Public Special Library Purpose Fund Fund		Purpose	Debt Service Fund		P:	ermanent Fund	
Sale of money and property		•	00.000	•		•		•	
Sale of property and compensation for loss 2,714 -<	•	\$		\$	- 440	\$	- 0.005	\$	47
State aid 2,714 -			4,351		140		3,625		47
State aid 2,714 -									
Federal aid			- 2744		-		-		-
Miscellaneous 30,174 86,250 - - - Total Revenues 59,859 86,390 3,625 47 EXPENDITURES			2,714		-		-		-
Total Revenues 59,859 86,390 3,625 47			- 20 174		96 250		-		-
EXPENDITURES Current General government support Culture and recreation 1,004,685 55,912	Wiscenaneous		30,174		00,200				
Current General government support 1,890 -	Total Revenues		59,859		86,390		3,625		47
General government support 1,890 - <t< td=""><td>EXPENDITURES</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	EXPENDITURES								
Culture and recreation 1,004,685 55,912 - - Employee benefits 259,944 - - - Debt service - - 1,070,000 - Interest - - 315,379 - Bond issuance costs - - - - Total Expenditures 1,266,519 55,912 1,385,379 - Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (1,206,660) 30,478 (1,381,754) 47 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (USES) (1,206,660) 30,478 (1,381,754) 47 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (USES) 298,116 - - - - - Refunding bonds issued - - 298,116 - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>									
Employee benefits 259,944 - - - Debt service Principal - - 1,070,000 - Interest - - 315,379 - - Bond issuance costs - - - - - Total Expenditures 1,266,519 55,912 1,385,379 2 - Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (1,206,660) 30,478 (1,381,754) 47 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (USES) Refunding bonds issued - - - - Issuance premium - - 298,116 - Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - - - Transfers in 1,259,741 - 1,083,638 2,533 Transfers out (26,976) (9,604) 1,381,754 (5,395) Net Change in Fund Balances 26,105 20,874 - (5,348) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 20,001 201,883 <	, ,		•		-		-		-
Debt service Principal - - 1,070,000 - Interest - - 315,379 - Bond issuance costs - - - - - Total Expenditures 1,266,519 55,912 1,385,379 - - Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (1,206,660) 30,478 (1,381,754) 47 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (USES) Refunding bonds issued - - - - Refunding bonds issued - - - - - - Issuance premium -					55,912		-		-
Principal - - 1,070,000 - Interest - - 315,379 - Bond issuance costs - - - - - Total Expenditures 1,266,519 55,912 1,385,379 - - Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (1,206,660) 30,478 (1,381,754) 47 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Refunding bonds issued -	•		259,944		-		-		-
Interest 315,379									
Total Expenditures	•		-		-				-
Total Expenditures 1,266,519 55,912 1,385,379			-		-		315,379		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures (1,206,660) (1,206,660) (1,381,754) 47 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Refunding bonds issued Issuance premium Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Transfers in 1,259,741 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balances 1,232,765	Bond issuance costs		-						
Over Expenditures (1,206,660) 30,478 (1,381,754) 47 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Refunding bonds issued -	Total Expenditures		1,266,519		55,912		1,385,379	Ø.	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Refunding bonds issued -	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
(USES) Refunding bonds issued - </td <td>Over Expenditures</td> <td></td> <td>(1,206,660)</td> <td>•</td> <td>30,478</td> <td>-</td> <td>(1,381,754)</td> <td></td> <td>47</td>	Over Expenditures		(1,206,660)	•	30,478	-	(1,381,754)		47
Issuance premium - - 298,116 - Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - - - - Transfers in 1,259,741 - 1,083,638 2,533 Transfers out (26,976) (9,604) - (7,928) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,232,765 (9,604) 1,381,754 (5,395) Net Change in Fund Balances 26,105 20,874 - (5,348) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 20,001 201,883 - 80,227	(USES)								
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent escrow agent - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></td<>			-		-		-		-
escrow agent - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>298,116</td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>			-		-		298,116		-
Transfers in Transfers out 1,259,741 - 1,083,638 2,533 Transfers out (26,976) (9,604) - (7,928) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balances 1,232,765 (9,604) 1,381,754 (5,395) Net Change in Fund Balances 26,105 20,874 - (5,348) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 20,001 201,883 - 80,227	,								
Transfers out (26,976) (9,604) - (7,928) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,232,765 (9,604) 1,381,754 (5,395) Net Change in Fund Balances 26,105 20,874 - (5,348) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 20,001 201,883 - 80,227			4 050 744		-		-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,232,765 (9,604) 1,381,754 (5,395) Net Change in Fund Balances 26,105 20,874 - (5,348) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 20,001 201,883 - 80,227					(0.004)		1,083,638		
Sources (Uses) 1,232,765 (9,604) 1,381,754 (5,395) Net Change in Fund Balances 26,105 20,874 - (5,348) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 20,001 201,883 - 80,227	ransiers out		(26,976)		(9,604)				(7,928)
Net Change in Fund Balances 26,105 20,874 - (5,348) FUND BALANCES Seginning of Year 20,001 201,883 - 80,227	Total Other Financing								
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 20,001 201,883 - 80,227	Sources (Uses)		1,232,765		(9,604)		1,381,754		(5,395)
Beginning of Year <u>20,001</u> 201,883 - 80,227	Net Change in Fund Balances		26,105		20,874		-		(5,348)
Beginning of Year <u>20,001</u> 201,883 - 80,227	FUND BALANCES								
			20,001		201,883				80,227
	End of Year	\$	46,106	\$	222,757	\$	-	\$	

Totals								
	2016	2015						
\$	22,620 8,163	\$ 24,411 4,934						
	2,714 -	750 5,065 35						
	116,424 149,921	<u>16,022</u> 51,217						
	149,921	31,217						
	1,890 1,060,597 259,944	1,996 1,019,779 254,962						
	1,070,000 315,379	1,050,000 337,381 92,323						
	2,707,810	2,756,441						
	(2,557,889)	(2,705,224)						
	- 298,116	4,845,000 284,903						
	2,345,912 (44,508)	(5,037,580) 2,650,858 (41,835)						
	2,599,520	2,701,346						
	41,631	(3,878)						
	302,111	305,989						
\$	343,742	\$ 302,111						



Public Library Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

		2016		2015		
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	52,989	\$	49,631 62		
Total Assets	\$	52,989	\$	49,693		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities						
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	- 6,810	\$	19,267 -		
Due to other funds		73		10,425		
Total Liabilities		6,883		29,692		
Fund balance						
Assigned	·	46,106		20,001		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	52,989	\$	49,693		

Public Library Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended May 31,

	2016							
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES	•	22.000	Φ.	22.000	Φ.	22.222	Φ.	(200)
Departmental income	\$	23,000 2,000	\$	23,000 2,000	\$	22,620 4,351	\$	(380) 2,351
Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation		2,000		2,000		4,301		2,351
for loss		_		_		_		_
State aid		2,300		2,300		2,714		414
Federal aid		2,500		2,300		2,717		- TI-
Miscellaneous		5,500		5,500		30,174		24,674
Miscellaneous		3,300		3,300		30,174		24,074
Total Revenues		32,800		32,800		59,859		27,059
EXPENDITURES Current								
General government support		16,100		2,200		1,890		310
Culture and recreation		1,078,530		1,090,430		1,004,685		85,745
Employee benefits		282,995		284,995		259,944		25,051
Total Expenditures		1,377,625	,	1,377,625		1,266,519		111,106
Deficiency of Revenues Over								
Expenditures		(1,344,825)		(1,344,825)		(1,206,660)		138,165
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		1,371,801		1,371,801		1,259,741		(112,060)
Transfers out		(26,976)		(26,976)		(26,976)		
Total Other Financing Sources		1,344,825		1,344,825	-	1,232,765		(112,060)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		26,105		26,105
FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of Year		_				20,001		20,001
End of Year	\$	_	\$		\$	46,106	\$	46,106

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Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$ 29,500 3,500	\$ 24,411 3,029	\$ 24,411 3,029	\$ - -
750 2,200 - 21,450	750 5,065 35 7,476	750 5,065 35 7,476	- - -
57,400	40,766	40,766	
9,692 1,082,179 291,895	1,996 1,008,716 254,962	1,996 1,008,715 254,962	- 1
1,383,766	1,265,674	1,265,673	1
(1,326,366)	(1,224,908)	(1,224,907)	1
1,352,832 (26,466)	1,250,172 (25,264)	1,270,172 (25,264)	20,000
1,326,366	1,224,908	1,244,908	20,000
-	-	20,001	20,001
\$	_\$	\$ 20,001	\$ 20,001

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

	2016	 2015
ASSETS		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 230,434	\$ 203,093
Accounts receivable	14	14
Due from other funds	1,410	 -
Total Assets	\$ 231,858	\$ 203,107
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 9,101	\$ 1,224
Fund balance		
Restricted	222,757	 201,883
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 231,858	\$ 203,107

Special Purpose Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
Years Ended May 31,

	2016		2015	
REVENUES Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$	140 86,250	\$	238 1,854
Total Revenues		86,390		2,092
EXPENDITURES				
Current Culture and recreation		55,912		11,064
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		30,478		(8,972)
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out		(9,604)		(8,874)
Net Change in Fund Balance		20,874		(17,846)
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		201,883		219,729
End of Year	\$	222,757	\$	201,883

Debt Service Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended May 31,

	2016			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	. 050		Φ 0005	A 0.775
Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$ 850 	\$ 850 	\$ 3,625	\$ 2,775
Total Revenues	850	850	3,625	2,775
EXPENDITURES Debt service Serial bonds				
Principal	1,070,000	1,070,000	1,070,000	-
Interest	315,379	315,379	315,379	_
Bond issuance costs	850	850		850
Total Expenditures	1,386,229	1,386,229	1,385,379	850
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,385,379)	(1,385,379)	(1,381,754)	3,625
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Refunding bonds issued Issuance premium Payment to refunded bond	-	-	- 298,116	- 298,116
escrow agent	_	-	-	-
Transfers in	1,385,379	1,385,379	1,083,638	(301,741)
Total Other Financing Sources	1,385,379	1,385,379	1,381,754	(3,625)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	<u>.</u>	-
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year				
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$

4	20)15			
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$ 750 	\$ 750 	\$ 1,575 6,692	\$ 825 6,692		
750	750	8,267	7,517		
1,030,000 401,604 -	1,030,000 401,604 92,323	1,050,000 337,381 92,323	(20,000) 64,223		
1,431,604	1,523,927	1,479,704	44,223		
(1,430,854)	(1,523,177)	(1,471,437)	51,740		
· -	4,845,000 284,903	4,845,000 284,903	-		
1,430,854	(5,037,580) 1,430,854	(5,037,580) 1,379,114	- (51,740)		
1,430,854	1,523,177	1,471,437	(51,740)		
-	-	-	-		
\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

Permanent Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

	-	2016		2015	
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	74,879	\$	80,227	
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Restricted	\$	53,711 21,168	\$	53,711 26,516	
Total Fund Balance	\$	74,879	\$	80,227	

Permanent Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance
Years Ended May 31,

DEVENUE O	2016		2015	
REVENUES Use of money and property	\$	47	\$	92
EXPENDITURES				-
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		47		92
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in		2,533		1,572
Transfers out		(7,928)		(7,697)
Total Other Financing Uses	·····	(5,395)		(6,125)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(5,348)		(6,033)
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of Year		80,227		86,260
End of Year	\$	74,879	\$	80,227